



Sentinel-1 radial velocity VS. HF radar currents in a coastal environment; A multi-year assessment

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ESA LPS22 Bonn



Motivation

- Sentinel-1 data from 2014
- S1 Level-2 RVL products suffer from significant uncorrected platform and instrument effects
 - It prevents direct exploitation of the data for science and applications



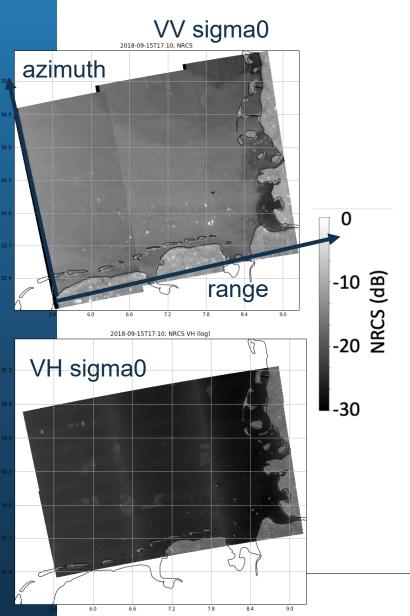
Outlines

- Simple correction of S1 L2 operational RVL products based on data acquired over land
- Use 78 snapshots over 2.5 years of S1A asc. data
- Assessment again HF radar: German Bight

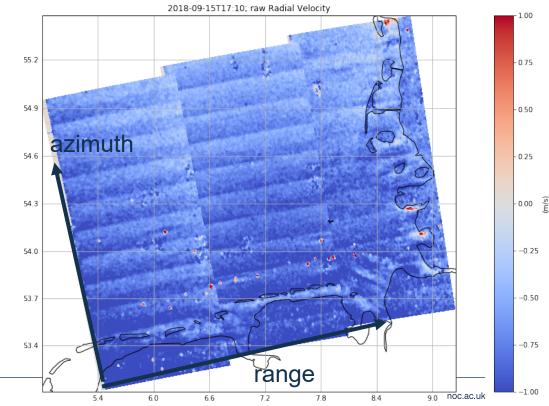


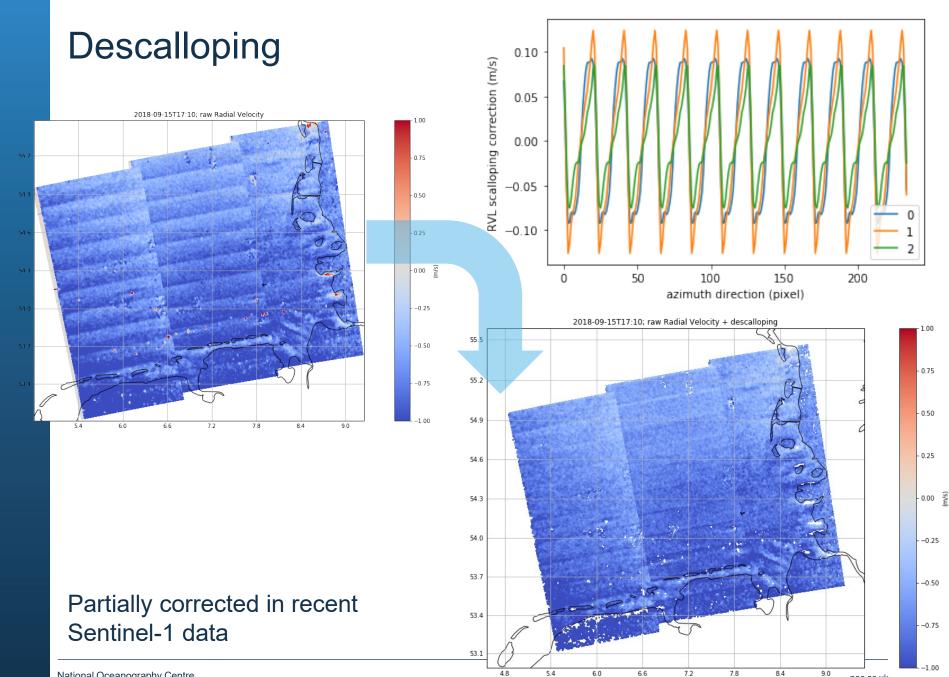
A. Martin, C. Gommenginger, B. Jacob, and J. Staneva, "First multi-year assessment of Sentinel-1 radial velocity products using HF radar currents in a coastal environment", *Remote Sensing of Environment*, 2022, doi:10.1016/j.rse.2021.112758.

Sentinel-1 IW L2 OCN



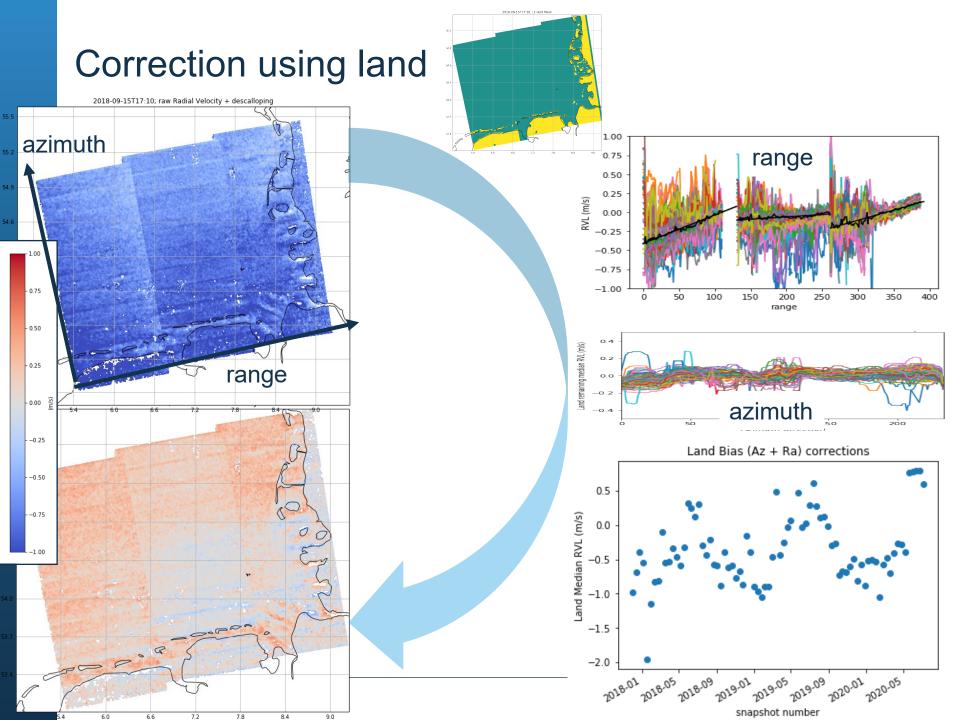


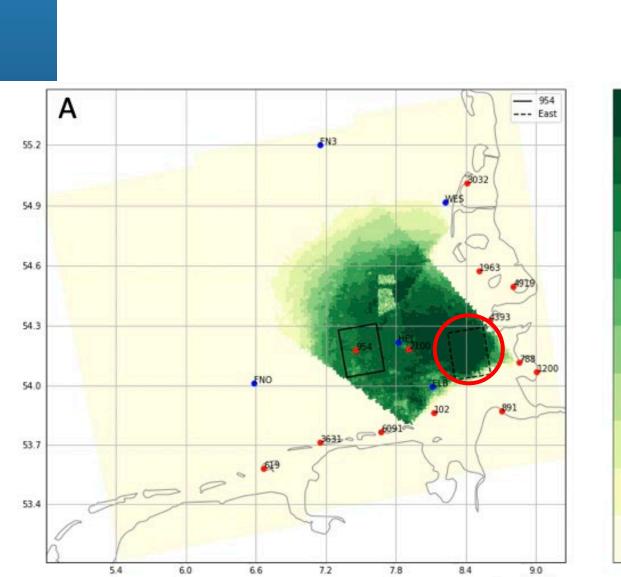




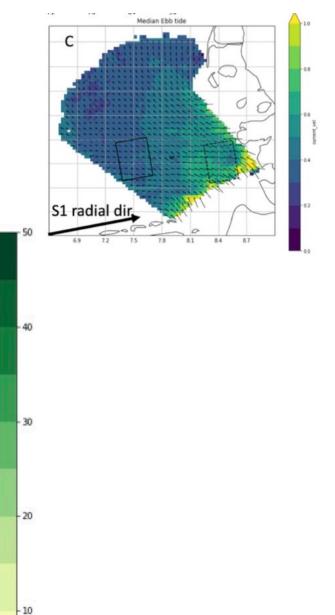
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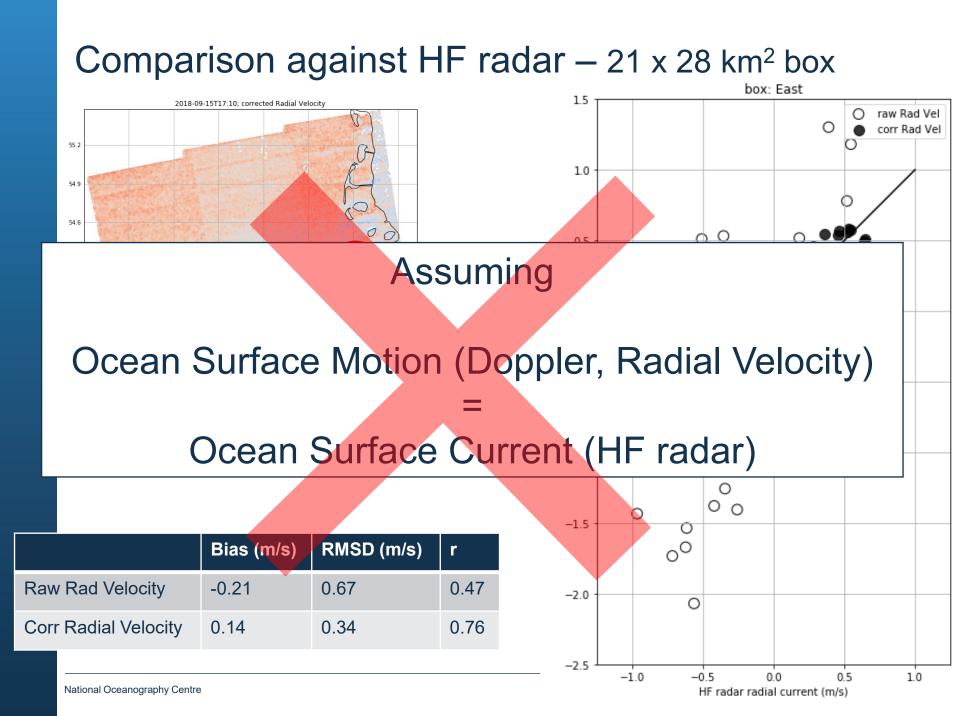




Comparison against HF radar

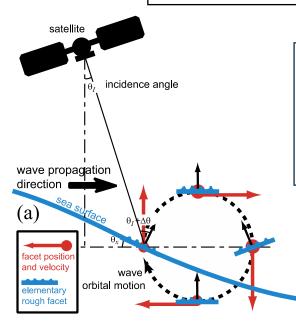


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Ocean Surface Motion (Doppler or Radial Velocity)

Ocean Surface Motion (OSM)	=	Ocean Surface Current (OSC)	\langle	Wind-wave Artefact Surface Velocity (WASV)
Direct instrument Doppler measurement of the sea surface projected on the ground		Total effective mass transport, includes: - geostrophic current - tidal current - wind driven current (Ekman) - wave driven current (Stokes drift)		Measurement bias due to. - Bragg phase velocity (~20 cm/s) - NRCS weighted orbital velocity (~1 m/s)



[Chapron et al., 2005]

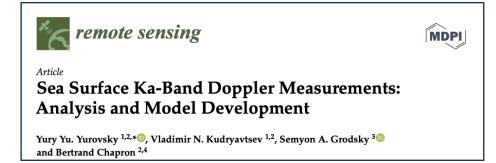
[M12 wind]

IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON GEOSCIENCE AND REMOTE SENSING, VOL. 50, NO. 7, JULY 2012

On the Use of Doppler Shift for Sea Surface Wind Retrieval From SAR

Alexis A. Mouche, Fabrice Collard, Bertrand Chapron, Knut-Frode Dagestad, Gilles Guitton, Johnny A. Johannessen, Vincent Kerbaol, and Morten Wergeland Hansen

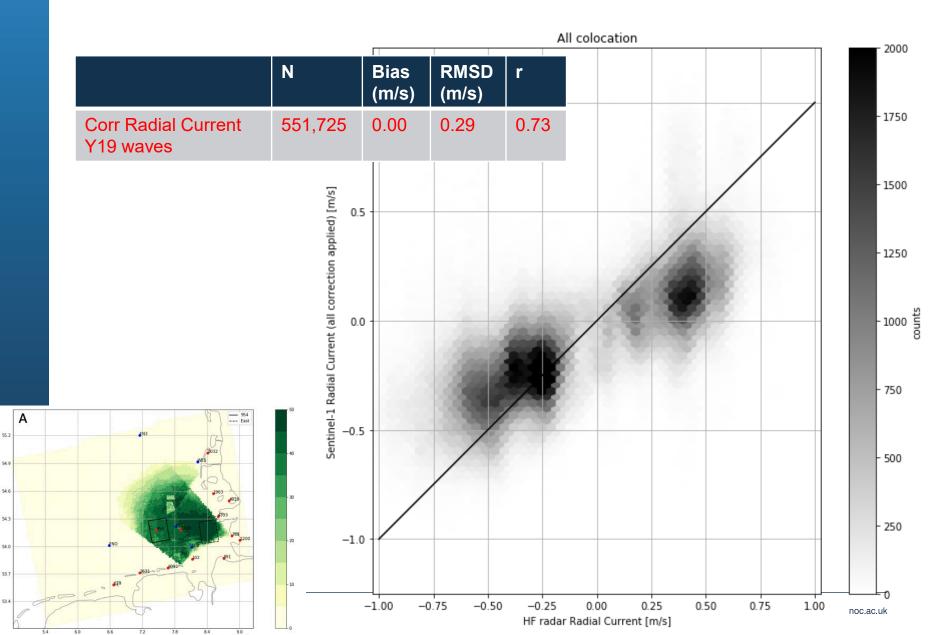
[Y19 wind] [Y19 waves]



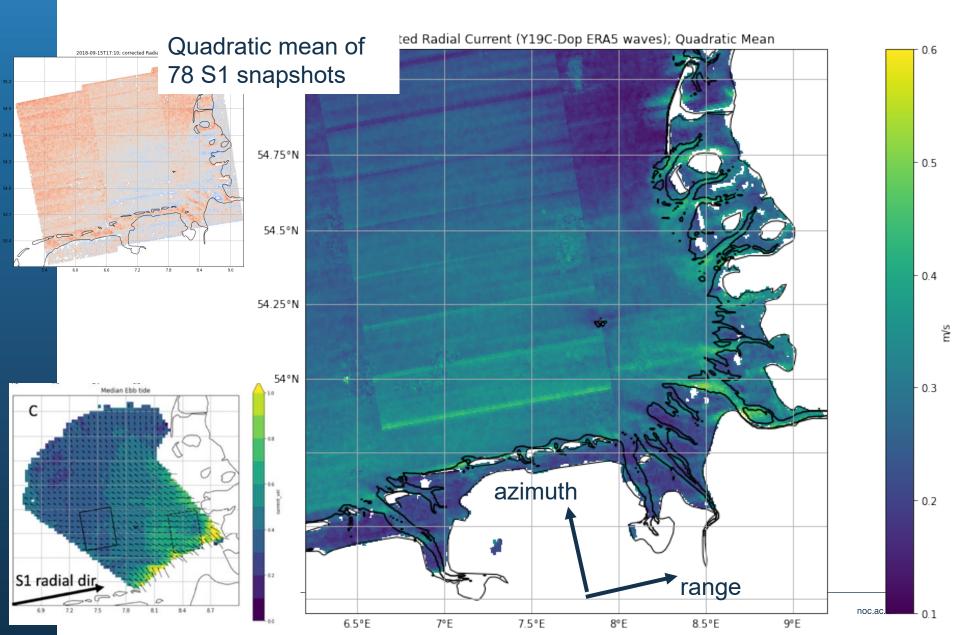
Comparison against HF radar box: East with WASV correction raw Rad Vel 0 corr Rad Vel corr Rad Cur (M12C-Dop wind) RMSD (m/s) Bias (m/s) r corr Rad Cur (Y19C-Dop wind) 10 corr Rad Cur (Y19C-Dop waves) -0.21 0.47 **Raw Rad Velocity** 0.67 0.76 **Corr Radial Velocity** 0.14 0.34 0.5 **Corr Radial Current** 0.14 0.38 0.68 (M12 wind) 0.0 **Corr Radial Current** 0.05 0.32 0.78 radial values (m/s) (Y19 wind) **Corr Radial Current** 0.26 0.09 0.93 -0.5 Y19 waves \cap Ο Wind Speed: 8 m/s; 39° incidence angle 0 1.00 -1.0 --- M12C-Dop wind Y19C-Dop wind 0.75 Ο 00 0.50 -1.5 0⁰ 0.25 WASV (m/s) 0.00 -2.0 0 -0.25-0.50Strong up/downwind -2.5 -0.75 -1.0-0.5 0.0 05 10 asýmmetry in M12 HF radar radial current (m/s) -1.00135 -180-135 -90 -45 90 180

Wind dir. relative to the radar (°)

Comparison against HF radar at 1km resolution



Coastal current jets revealed by S1 radial current



Summary

- Sentinel-1 radial velocity (RVL) data versus HF radar in the German Bight over a 2.5 years period (December 2017–July 2020)
- Uncorrected S1 RVL lead to error higher than 2 m/s preventing direct exploitation
- [Yurovsky et al., 2019] with ERA5 full sea state knowledge bring best results with RMSD against HF radar of 0.3m/s @1km and 0.26m/s 21x27km² box
- Demonstrate meaningful Doppler SAR measurements up to the coast at fine spatial
- Results relevant for EE10 Harmony and EE11 SEASTAR

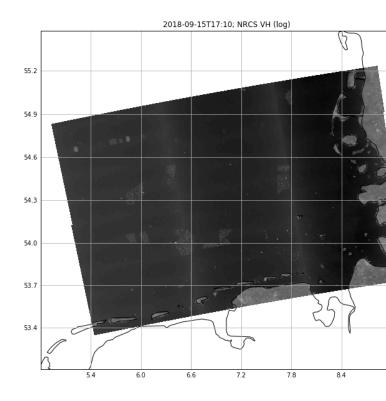


Making Sense of Changing Seas



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- Uncorrected jumped without flag
- Proposed correction applicable if land visible in only a single sub-swath



Outlines

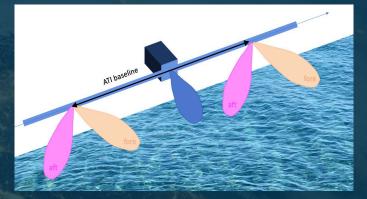
- Motivation/Aims/Obje
- Sentinel-1 Data & Ins



SEASTAR Summary



A mission with a solid science case to address the urgent needs for new ocean observing capability of a large and growing community of ocean, atmosphere, cryosphere and climate scientists and operators.



A 'quantum leap in knowledge' for Earth Observation and Earth Science

The first mission of its kind, with some ambitious elements, that builds on high levels of scientific and technological readiness

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SEASTAR measurement principle

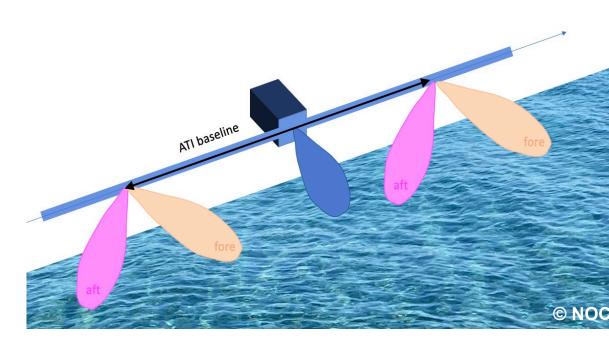


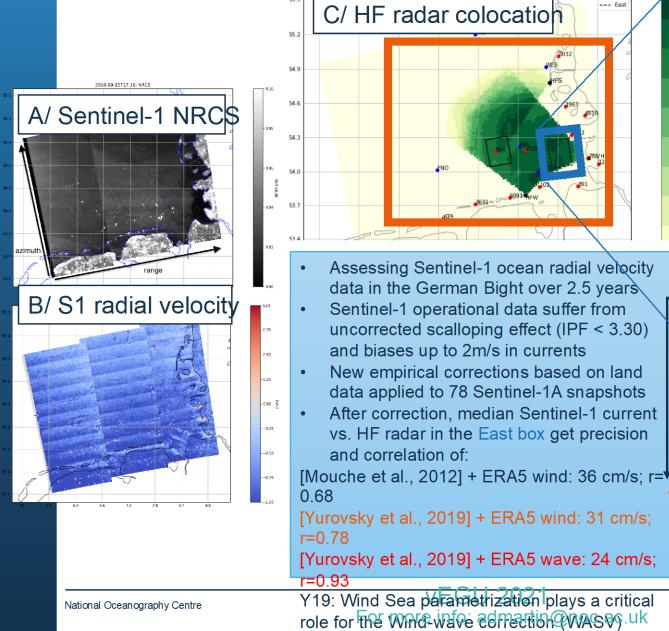
Squinted Along-track Interferometry

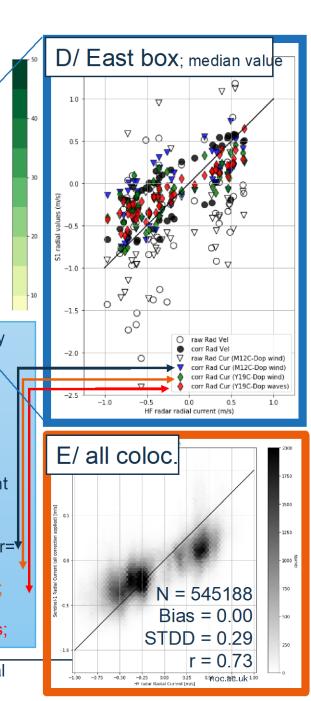
Innovative three-look configuration to unambiguously retrieve total current and wind vectors

> one pair looking forward (+45°)(VV) one pair looking backward (-45°)(VV) one broadside DCA or ATI (VV, HH)

Heritage from two-look Dual-Beam Interferometer and Wavemill concepts







- 954

--- East

6091