

# living planet | BONN symposium | 23–27 May 2022

TAKING THE PULSE  
OF OUR PLANET FROM SPACE



## Simultaneous hyperspectral PRISMA and AVIRIS-NG images

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<sup>1</sup>: National Research Council of Italy, Institute for Bioeconomy (CNR-IBE)

<sup>2</sup>: National Research Council of Italy, Institute for Electromagnetic Sensing of the Environment (CNR-IREA)

<sup>3</sup>: National Research Council of Italy, Institute of Marine Sciences (CNR-ISMAR)

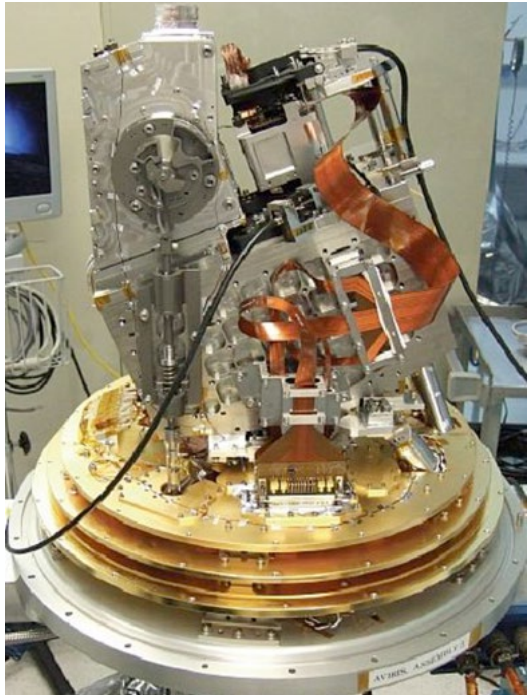
<sup>4</sup>: University of Milan Bicocca, Italy

<sup>5</sup>: Italian Space Agency (ASI)



## PRISCAV

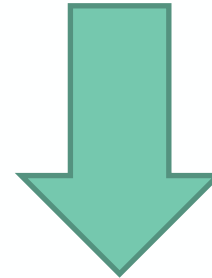
- PRISMA Calibration/Validation project
- Co-operation between ASI, CNR, ENEA and University of Milan
- 12 Italian fiducial reference sites with different land-uses and orography



<https://avirisng.jpl.nasa.gov/instrument1.html>

## CHIME

- ESA Copernicus Hyperspectral Imaging Mission for the Environment
- Co-operation between ESA, ASI, DLR and NASA
- Future satellite aimed to provide routine hyperspectral measurements in support of EU



- AVIRIS-NG
- >400 bands, 380 – 2510 nm, 5 nm sampling,  $\pm 0.5$  nm FWHM
- FOV:  $36 \pm 2^\circ$
- Low distortion (smile and keystone) with uniformity >97%
- 640 cross track pixels
- Operated by NASA JPL

# Flight Sites and Acquisitions

- Braccagni: agricultural site in the province of Grosseto, Italy.
- Jolanda di Savoia: agricultural site in the province of Ferrara, Italy
- Trasimeno Lake: inland water site in the province of Perugia, Italy
- Venice Lagoon: coastal water site

Site	Flight Date	PRISMA Overpass
Braccagni	4 June 2021	4 June 2021
Jolanda di Savoia	22 June 2021	21 June 2021
Trasimeno Lake	4 June 2021	3 June 2021
Venice Lagoon	4 June 2021	9 June 2021





- Braccagni: PRISMA L2D vs. AVIRIS-NG (Atmospheric Correction by ARES Observatory).  
**SIMULTANEOUS ACQUISITION**
- Jolanda di Savoia: PRISMA L2D corrected following Tagliabue et al. (2022)<sup>1</sup> vs. AVIRIS-NG (Atmospheric Correction by ARES Observatory + smoothing via Savitsky-Golay filter)
- Trasimeno Lake : in-situ vs. PRISMA L1+ATCOR, vs. DESIS+ATCOR, vs. Sentinel-2 and Sentinel-3+6Sv vs. AVIRIS+SNAP De-glint processing (Sen2coral plugin)
- Venice Lagoon: in-situ vs. PRISMA L2D, vs. Sentinel-2+ACOLITE vs. Sentinel-3 vs. AVIRIS (Atmospheric Correction by ARES Observatory)

<sup>1</sup>:Tagliabue, G., Boschetti, M., Bramati, G., Candiani, G., Colombo, R., Nutini, F., Pompilio, L., Rivera-Caicedo, J. P., Rossi, M., Rossini, M., Verrelst, J., & Panigada, C. (2022). Hybrid retrieval of crop traits from multi-temporal PRISMA hyperspectral imagery. ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing, Volume 187, 2022, Pages 362-377, ISSN 0924-2716, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isprsjprs.2022.03.014>



## BRACCAGNI

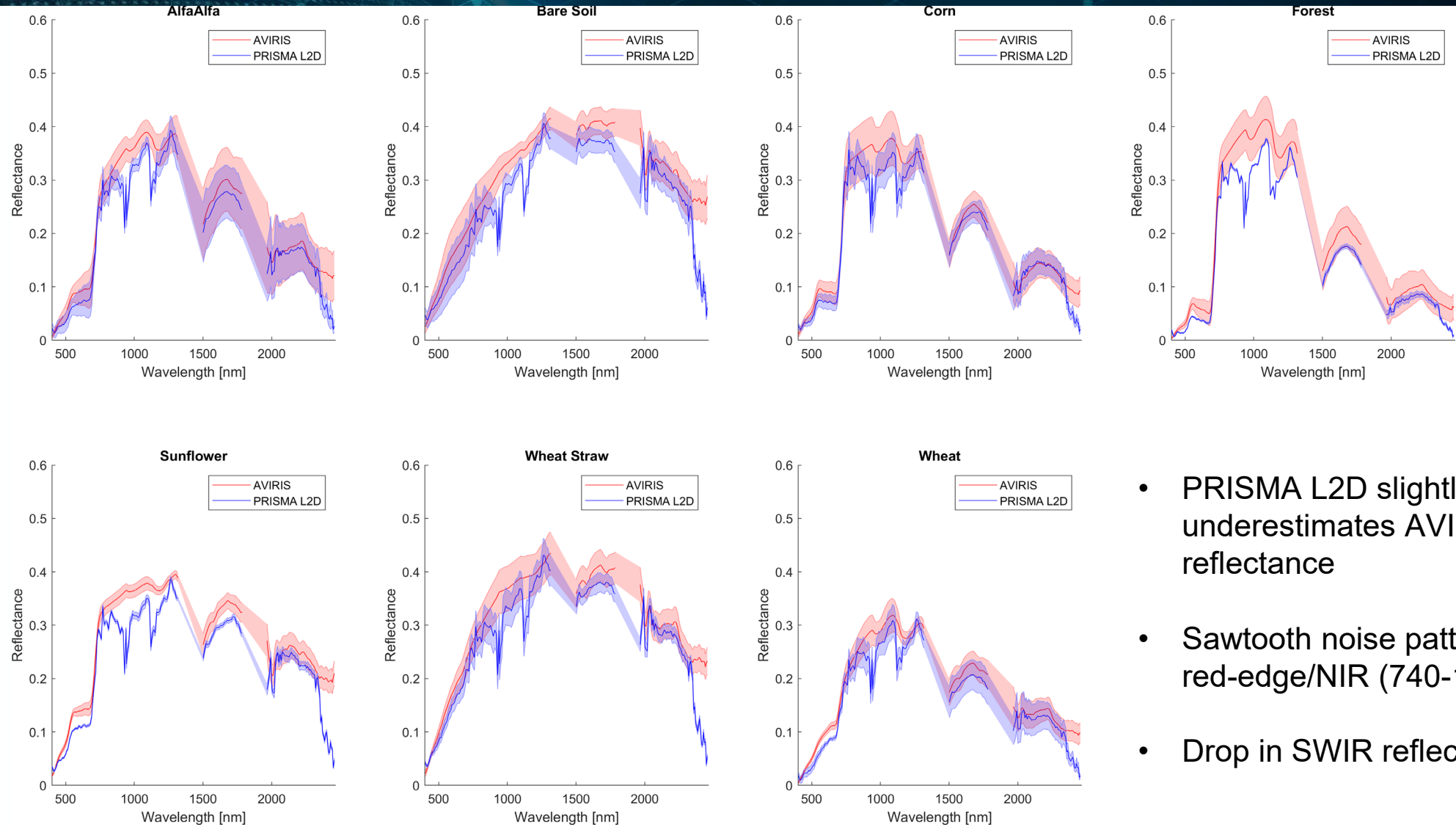
- AlfaAlfa
- Wheat
- Corn
- Forest
- Sunflower
- Wheat Straw
- Bare Soil
- ...

## JOLANDA DI SAVOIA

- AlfaAlfa
- Wheat
- Corn
- Orchard
- Grassland
- Rice
- Soy
- ...



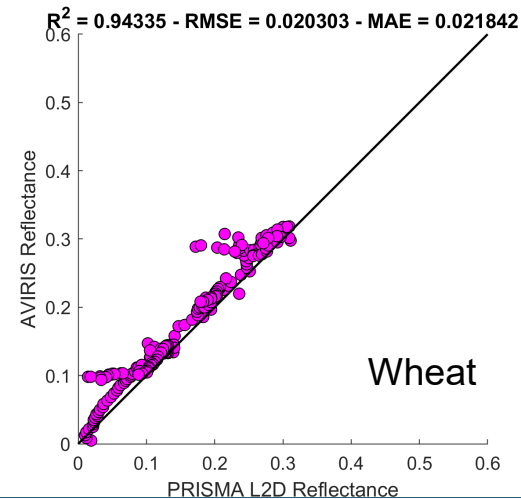
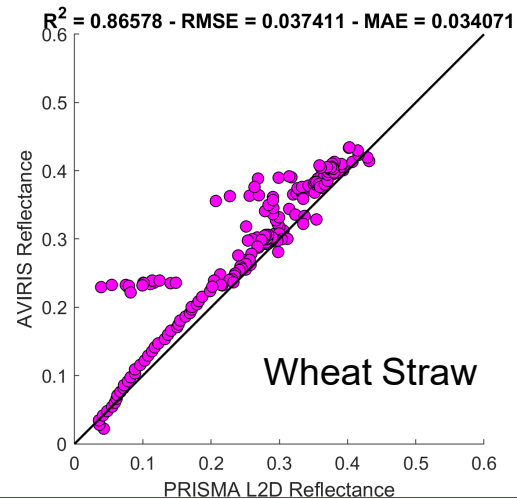
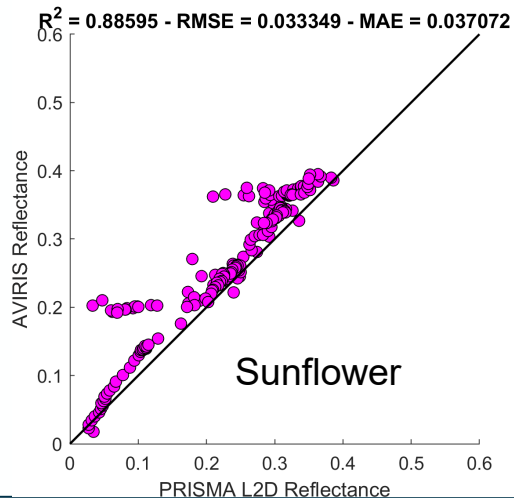
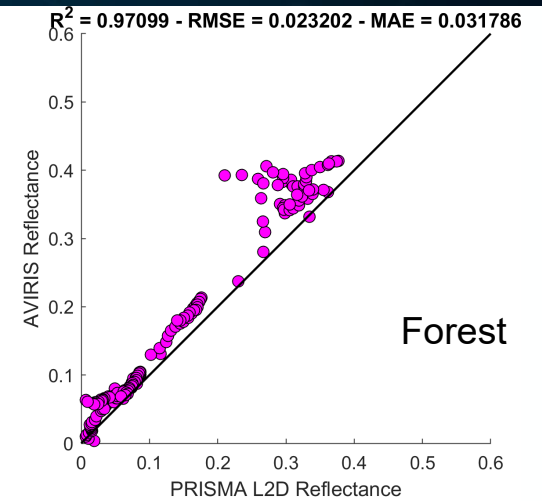
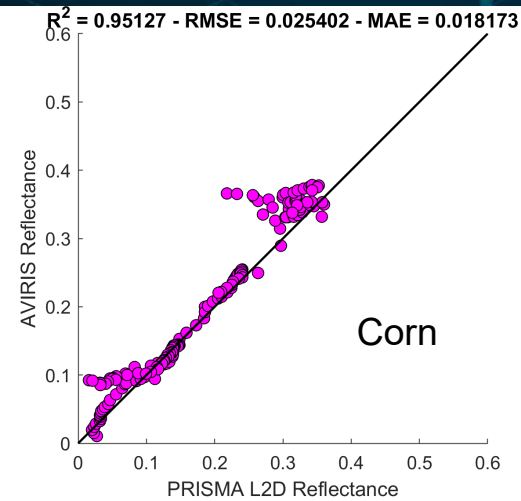
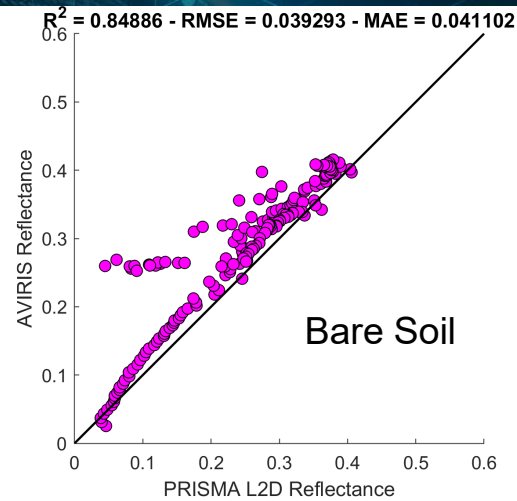
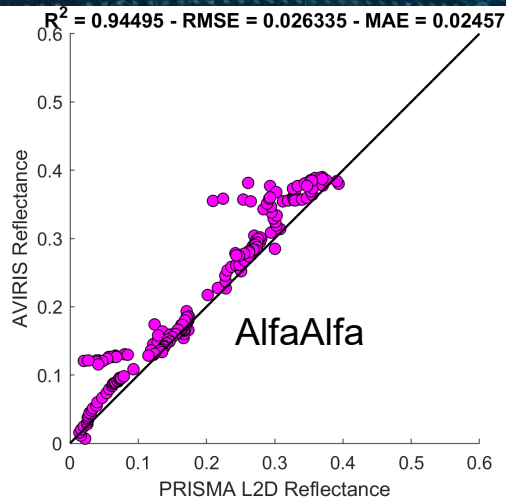
# BRACCAGNI: PRISMA vs. AVIRIS Reflectance Trends



- PRISMA L2D slightly underestimates AVIRIS reflectance
- Sawtooth noise patterns in the red-edge/NIR (740-1320 nm)
- Drop in SWIR reflectance



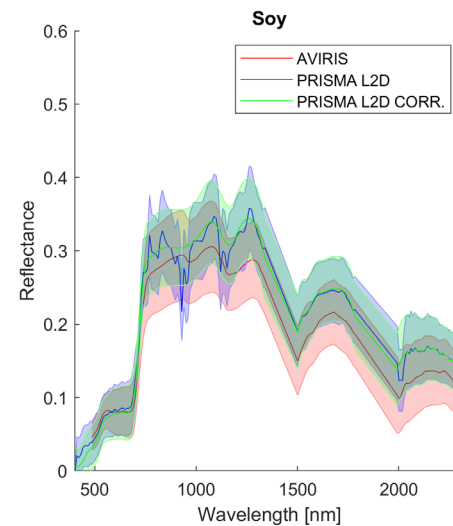
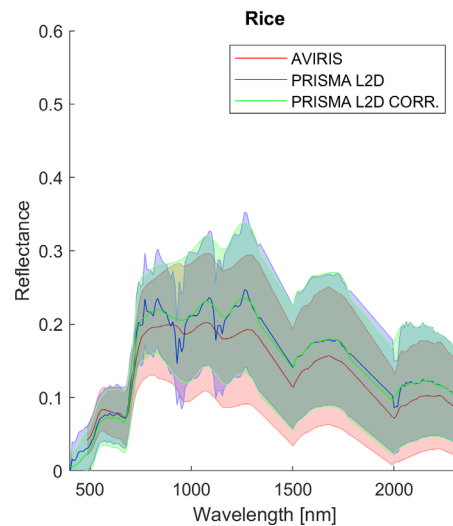
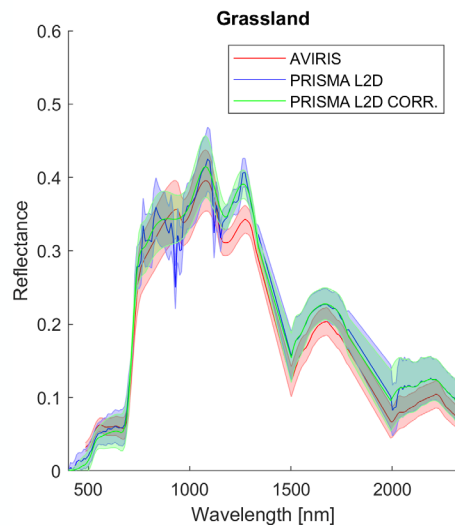
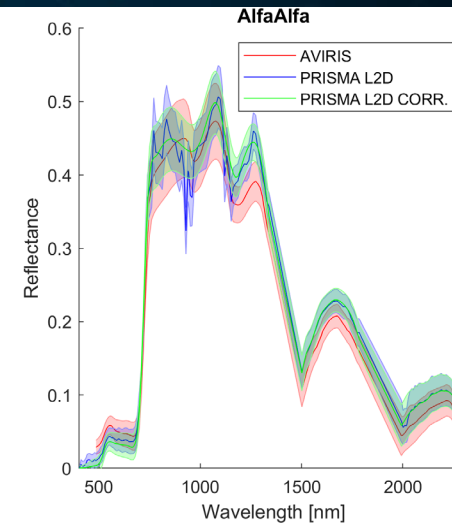
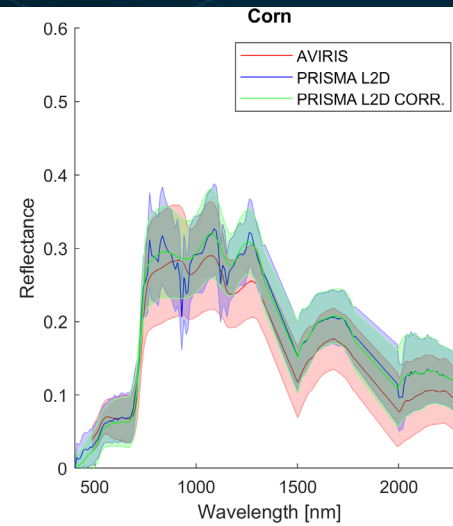
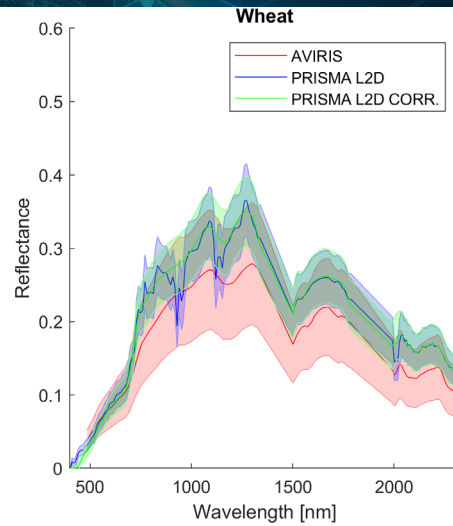
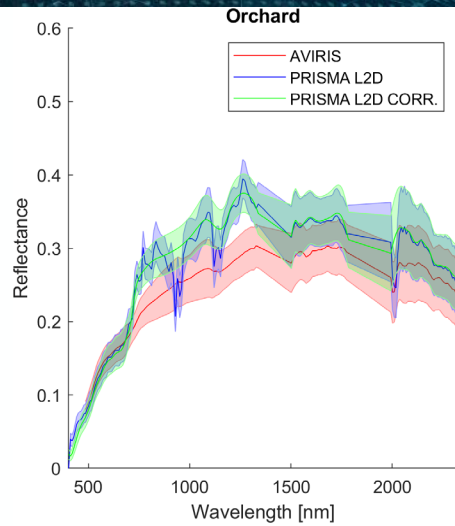
# BRACCAGNI: PRISMA vs. AVIRIS Correlations



- Good correlation between spaceborne and airborne data ( $R^2 > 0.8$ ) for all surfaces
- Low errors in respect of reflectance magnitude



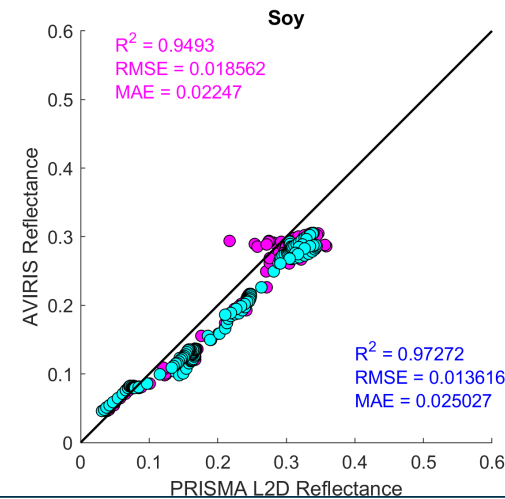
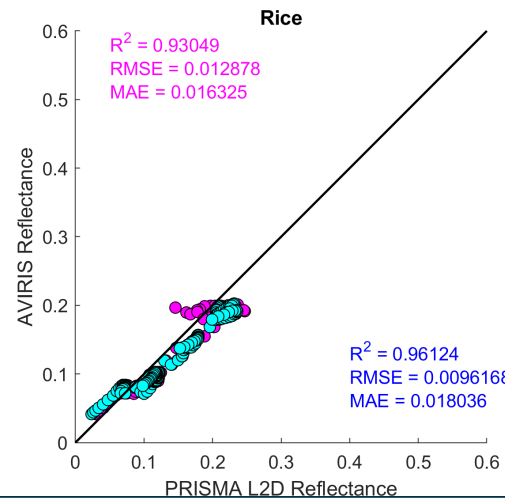
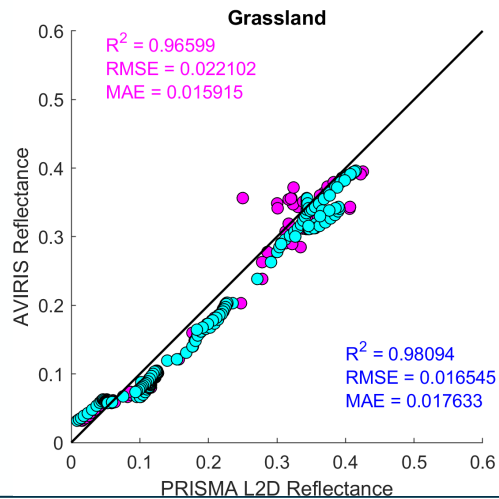
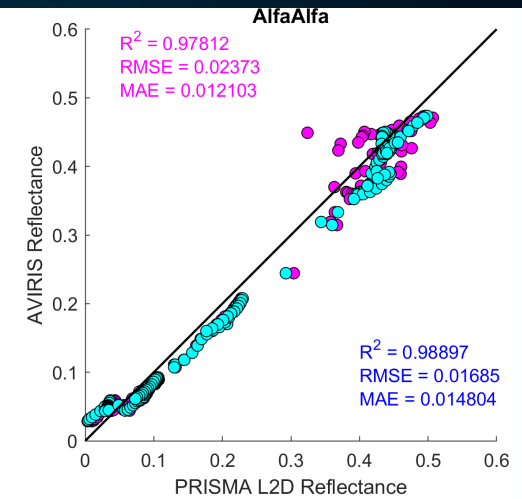
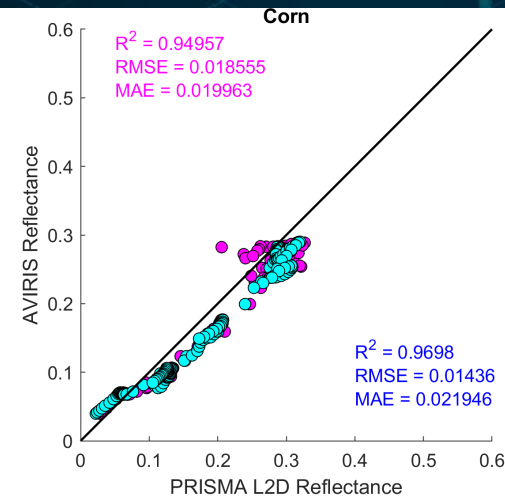
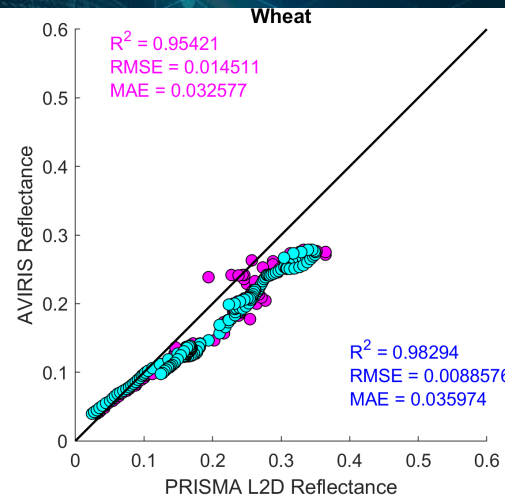
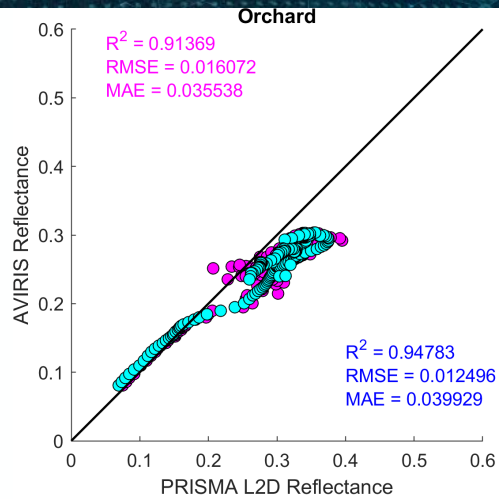
# JOLANDA: PRISMA vs. AVIRIS Reflectance Trends



- Inversion of the underestimation trend (PRISMA > AVIRIS)
- Sawtooth noise patterns removed by PRISMA L2D elaboration

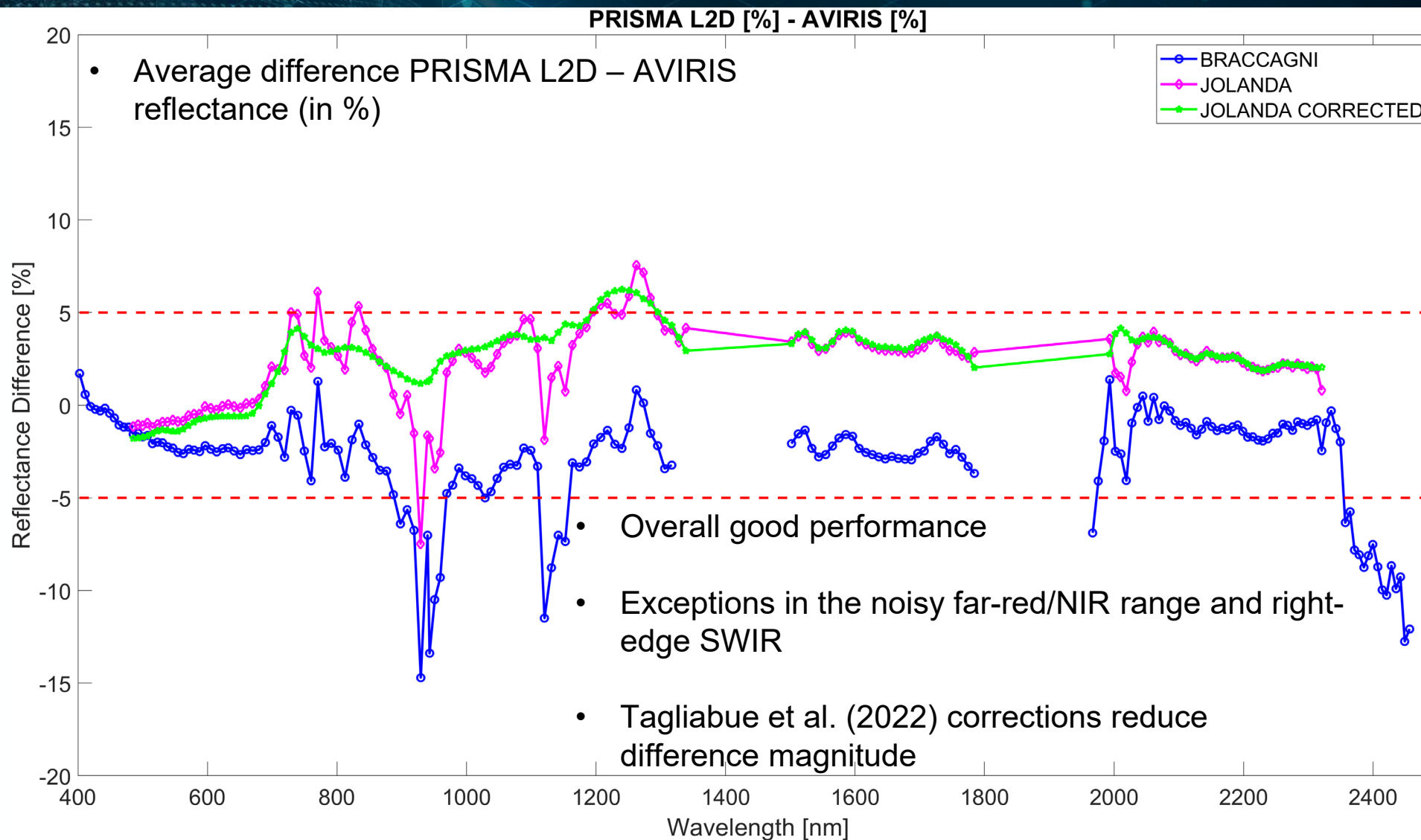


# JOLANDA: PRISMA vs. AVIRIS Correlations



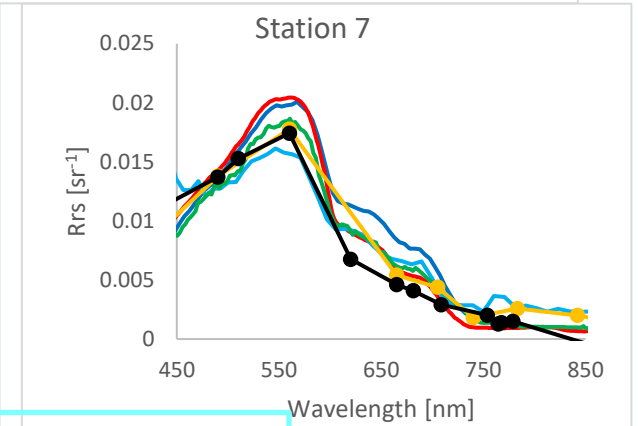
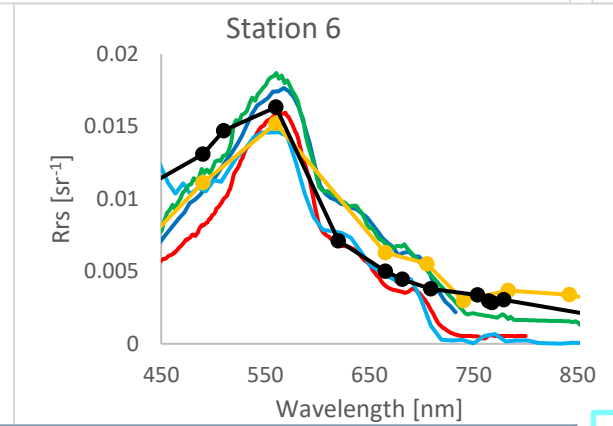
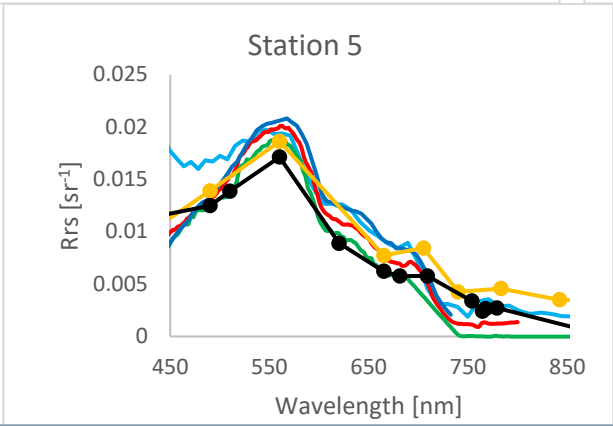
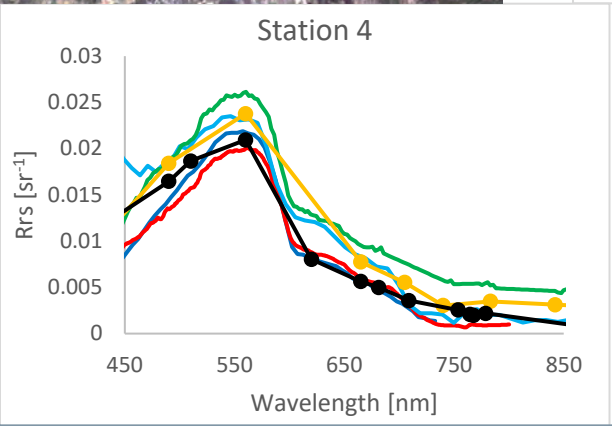
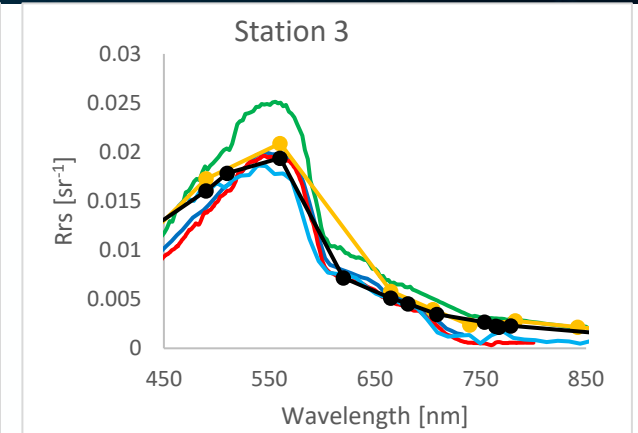
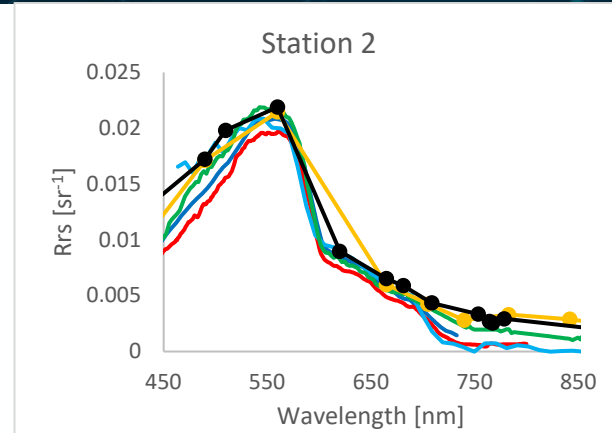
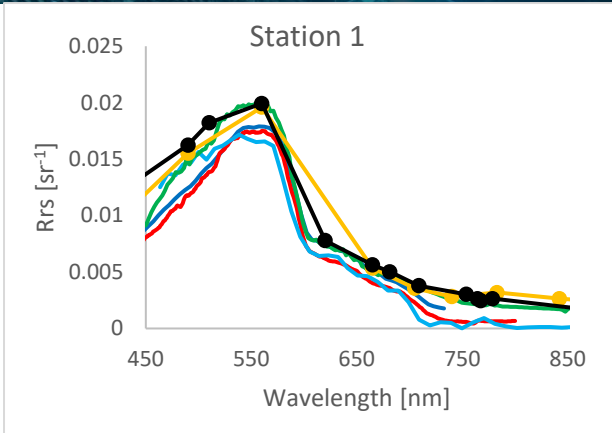
- PRISMA L2D correction increases  $R^2$  and reduces RMSE
- Correction introduces a negligible increases in MAE
- Errors low compared with reflectance magnitude

# LAND SITES: Reflectance Differences





# TRASIMENO LAKE: Reflectance Trends



Sensors data VS *In-situ* data

Statistic	PRISMA	DESIS	AVIRIS DEGLINT	Sentinel-2	Sentinel-3
R <sup>2</sup>	0.79	0.85	0.86	0.95	0.68
RMSE	0.0034	0.0032	0.0024	0.0024	0.0043
SA	15.17	13.66	10.41	10.61	22.18

Legend:

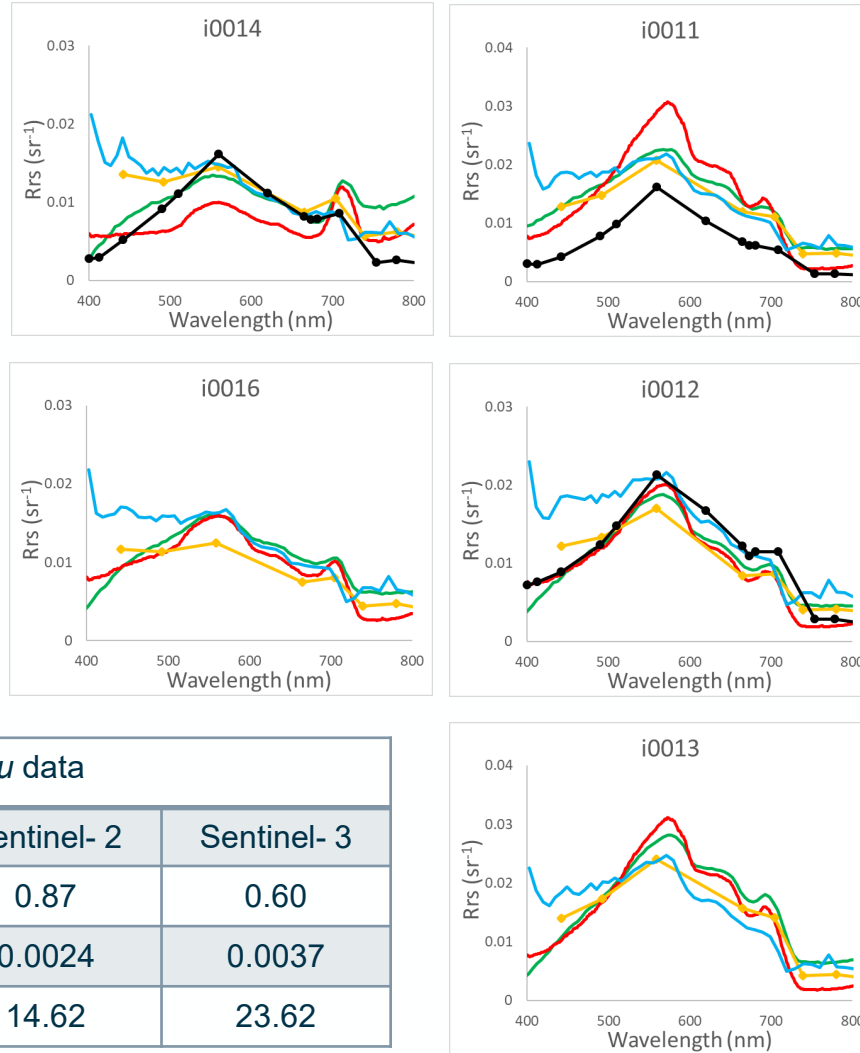
- *In-situ*
- DESIS L1C + ATCOR
- PRISMA L1 + ATCOR
- AVIRIS DEGLINT
- SENTINEL-2
- SENTINEL-3



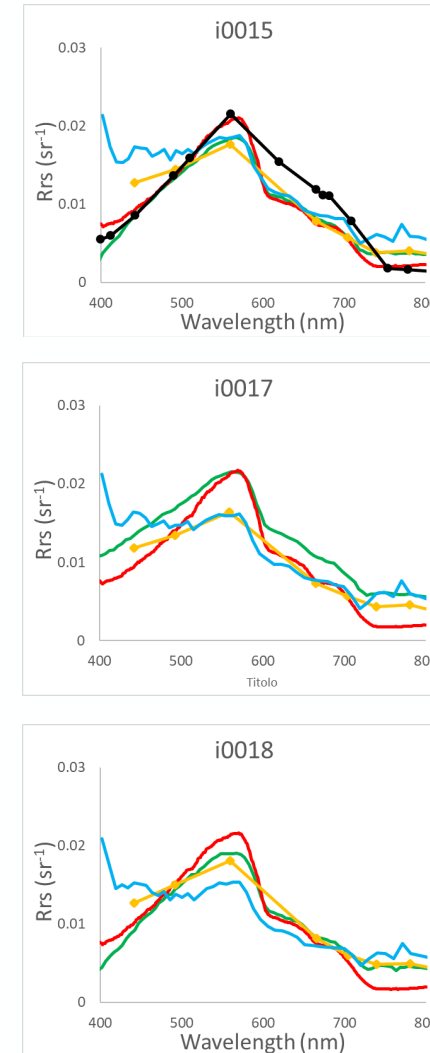
# VENICE LAGOON: Reflectance Trends



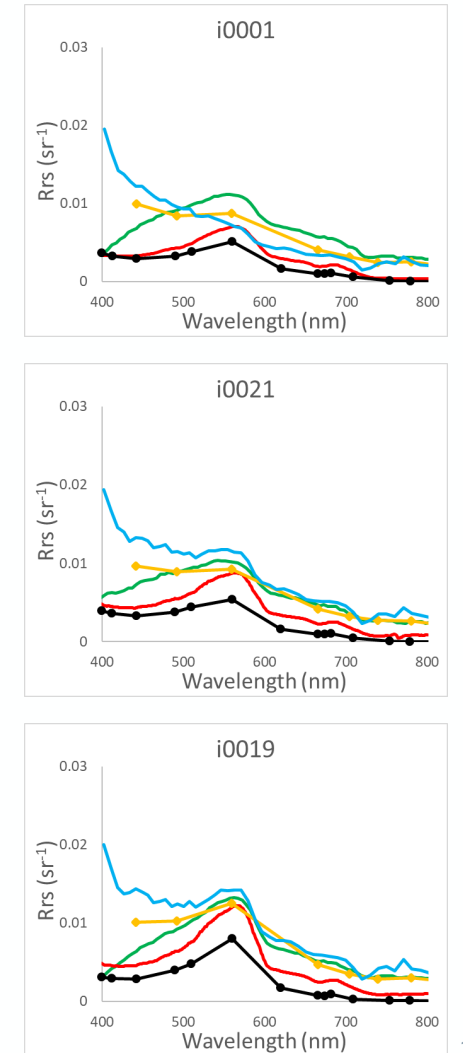
## TIDAL FLATS



## DEEP CHANNELS



## COASTAL WATERS



Sensors data VS *in-situ* data

Statistics	PRISMA	AVIRIS	Sentinel- 2	Sentinel- 3
R <sup>2</sup>	0.52	0.83	0.87	0.60
RMSE	0.0053	0.0033	0.0024	0.0037
SA	22.61	14.87	14.62	23.62

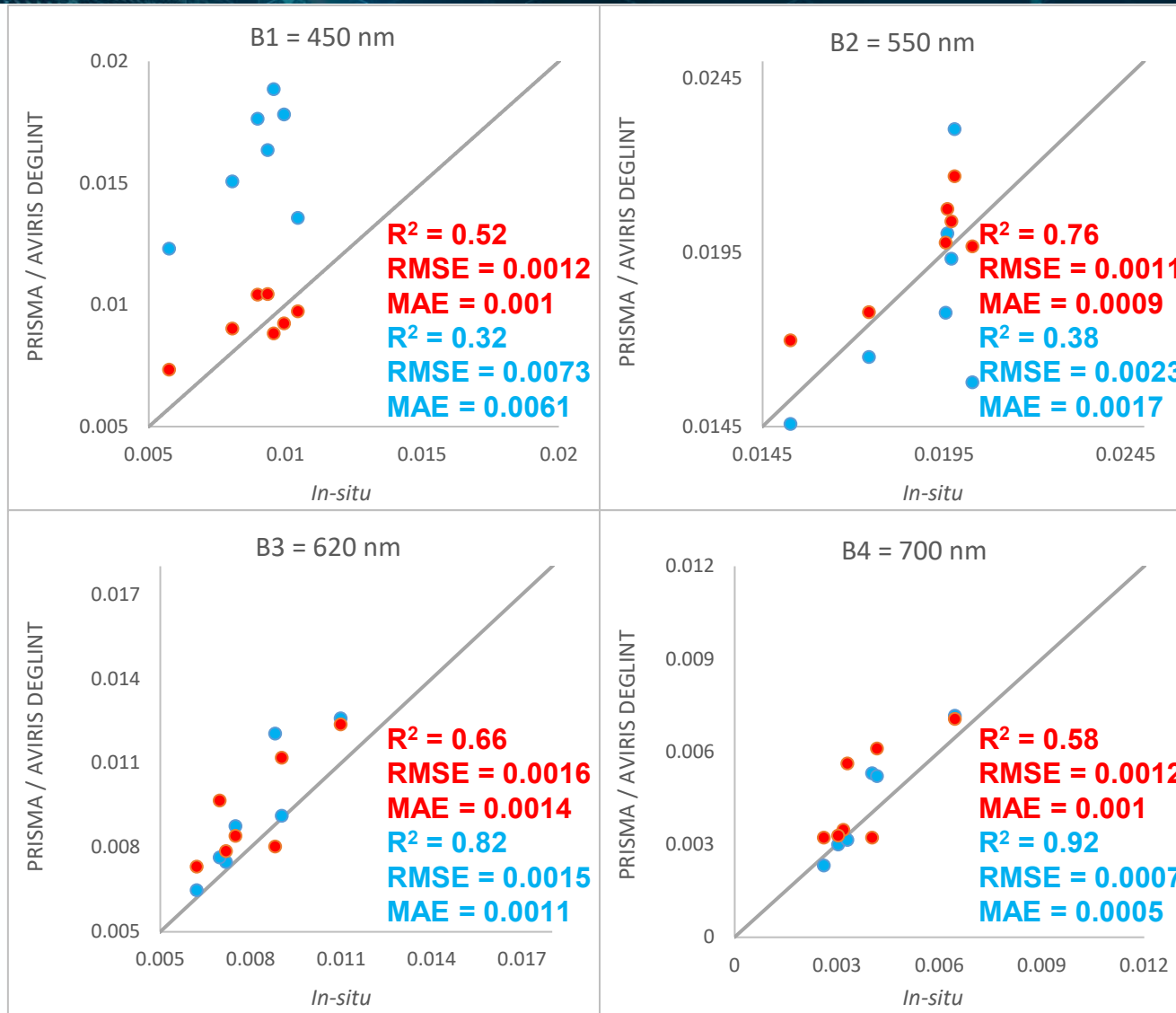


- Good overall performances between PRISMA L2D and AVIRIS airborne sensor
- PRISMA L2D red-edge/SWIR sawtooth noise visible in L2D data. Removable following Tagliabue et al. 2022
- For complex surfaces, such as the aquatic environment, where signal strength is low, good atmospheric correction is crucial for good reflectance retrieval





# TRASIMENO LAKE: Reflectance Correlations



● AVIRIS DEGLINT  
● PRISMA L1 + ATCOR

# VENICE LAGOON: Reflectance Correlations

