

living planet symposium BONN 23-27 May 2022

TAKING THE PULSE OF OUR PLANET FROM SPACE

EUMETSAT CECMWF



Detecting coastal change from space: a demonstration case based on the analysis of time series for the Mediterranean coast of Spain

> Noelia Abascal Zorrilla (Argans Ltd) on behalf of Paula Gomes da Silva and Jara Martinez Sanchez (IH Cantabria)

> > 24/05/2022

ESA UNCLASSIFIED – For ESA Official Use Only







- 2 Requirements of the end-users
- Satellite-derived Products: new developments
- Validation of the products in Spain
- 5 Evaluation of the products and conclusions







- 2 Requirements of the end-users
- Satellite-derived Products: new developments
- Validation of the products in Spain
- 5 Evaluation of the products and conclusions



▬ ▬ ▮ !! = ▬ + !! !! !! !! !! = !! !! !! ... !! !! !! !! !! !! !! !!!



General objective: monitoring for adequate coastal management.

Opportunity: satellites provide images with **high frequency** and **global coverage** (S1 and S2: 5 days as revisiting time).

Necessity: **automation** of the procedure to extract the information (massive number of images ~ 3500 km in total).



Challenge: **Detection of coastal processes** at different temporal and spatial scales, considering the actual limitations of satellite data, giving answers to the **needs of the end-user**.









💳 📰 📲 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 🔚 📰 📲 🔚 📰 🛻 🚳 🛌 📲 🛨 📰 📾 🏜 🙌 🔸 The European space Agency

The Project Coastal Erosion from Space: Stakeholders @esa



The Project Coastal Erosion from Space: Stakeholders @esa

Coastal Erosion = Beach Erosion

Soft and hard coastal engineering measures







Tourism: 12% of Spanish GDP

Beach fill numbers, rates and volumes

Country	Total	Number	Number
(year started)	volume	of fills	of sites
	(10^{6} m^{3})		
FR (1962)	12	115	26
IT (1969)	15	36	36
DE (1951)	50	130	60
NL (1970)	110	150	30
ES (1985)	110	600	400
UK (1954)	20	35	32
DK (1974)	31	118	13



📕 🚍 🚃 🖛 📲 🔚 📕 🔚 📕 📲 🚍 🛻 🚺 🜬 📕 💥 📲 🛨 📰 📾 🕍 👘 → THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

The Project Coastal Erosion from Space: Stakeholders @esa







(champion end-user and broader community)



💻 📰 📲 🚍 💳 🕂 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 📰 🔚 📲 🔚 🚛 🚱 🛌 🚺 📲 🚼 🖬 🖬 👘 → THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY



User Requirements Document (champion end-user and broader community) Requirement Baseline Document

ARGANS CHCantabria Intrusted of CHIMAN

💻 📰 📲 📰 💳 🛶 🛯 🖉 🔚 🖉 📰 📲 📰 🛻 🚳 🖿 📲 📰 🖛 🖉



User Requirements Document (champion end-user and broader community) Requirement Baseline Document Satellite-derived products



esa

🔚 📲 🚍 🚥 📥 🛯 🗮 🊍 🖉 🖉 🖉 📲 🚍 🛻 🚳 🛌 📲 🗶 🖬 🛃 🐜 🖉





→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Hcantabria

ARGANS



esa





2 Requirements of the end-users

3 Satellite-derived Products: new developments

4 Validation of the products in Spain

5 Evaluation of the products and conclusions



Requirements of the end-users





Requirements of the Champion Spanish End-User



Satellite-derived Products:

- Satellites: Landsat 5, Landsat 8, Sentinel 2
- Types of products: 1D (shoreline) and 3D (bathymetry)

Waterline:

Snapshot of the tide position as the satellite passes over.



Shoreline:

Corrected waterline corresponding to a Tidal Datum.



Bathy-morphology Bathymetry of the coastal area.

R



→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Requirements of the Champion Spanish End-User





→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY





2 Requirements of the end-users

3 Satellite-derived Products: new developments

4 Validation of the products in Spain

Evaluation of the products and conclusions



■ ____ 81 82 ___ = + 88 ½ ___ 81 88 ___ 82 2 ... 0 b. 88 3% 88 59 2 ... 10

Satellite-derived Products: new developments



💻 📰 📲 🚍 💳 🕂 📲 🔚 📰 📰 📲 📰 📲 📰 🛶 👰 🛌 📲 🚼 💶 📾 🙀 👘 → THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Satellite-derived Products: new developments





💳 📰 🛃 🚍 💳 🕂 📲 🔚 📰 📰 📲 🔚 📲 💳 🛻 👰 🍉 📲 🚼 💶 📾 🔤 🛶 🛊 🔸 🛨 🗮

Satellite-derived Products: new developments





💻 🔜 📕 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 📕 🔜 📲 🚍 🛻 🚳 🛌 📲 🗮 📥 🖬 👫 📮 🛨 📰 📾 🏣 🛊 → The European space agency





- 2 Requirements of the end-users
- Satellite-derived Products: new developments
- 4 Validation of the products in Spain

5 Evaluation of the products and conclusions



▬ 〓 ▋▋ ▋▋ 〓 ━ ┿ ▋▋ 〓 ▋▌ ▋▌ 〓 ₦▌ 〓 ▅ ◙ ▶ ▋▌ ▓ ▋▌ ▋▌ 〓 ▅ \♥|



Validation methodology:





💳 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 📰 📲 🔚 🚛 👘 💿 🛶 🚳 🛌 📲 🛨 📰 📾 🏣 🛶 🛊 → The European Space Agency



Validation methodology:



→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY



Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales Detection of chronic erosion in Malgrat de Mar (Tordera)







💳 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 🕂 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔤 🛻 🚳 🛌 📲 🖿 🖬 📲 🖿 🖬 👘 🖬 👘 → THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Local

LONG-TERM



→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales Detection of chronic erosion in Malgrat de Mar (Tordera)



Identification of critical erosion points in the coast of the Gulf of Cádiz









Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales

Detection of beach rotation due to seasonal changes in wave in the coast of Castellón







SHORT-TERM

Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales

Detection of sand filled accretion and erosion due to a storm in Malgrat de Mar (Tordera)



SAND FILLED





💻 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔤 🛻 🚳 🕨 👫 📲 🖬 📾 📾 🛶 🛊 → The European space agency





Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales

Detection of sand filled accretion and erosion due to a storm in Malgrat de Mar (Tordera)





SAND FILLED



STORM







💻 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 📥 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 📰 📲 🔚 🔤 🛻 🔯 🍉 📲 🚼 🖬 🖬 🔤 🖛 🍁 🔸 THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY





SHORT-TERN

Capacity to represent coastal erosion at different temporal and spatial scales

Detection of bedforms in the beaches at the South of Barcelona



Limitations to quantify changes in the bathymetry



→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

■ _ ■ ■ + ■ + ■ + ■ = _ ■ + ■ |+|





- 2 Requirements of the end-users
- Satellite-derived Products: new developments
- Validation of the products in Spain

5 Evaluation of the products and conclusions



Evaluation of the products and conclusions

eesa

Evaluation – applicability of the products in current practices

- Participation of the general community of the broader end-users community (other institutions, academies, companies)
- Workshop Nov/2020:

Availability of auxiliary data to develop the products





- Satellite-derived products were developed according to the **requirements of the End-Users**.
- The available products are already valid to be applied in many of the monitoring practices done nowadays.



💳 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 📥 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 📲 🔚 🔚 🔚 🔤 🛻 🚳 🍉 📲 🚼 🛨 📰 📾 🏣 🝁 🔹 The European space agency



- Satellite-derived products were developed according to the requirements of the End-Users.
- The available products are already valid to be applied in many of the monitoring practices done nowadays.
- Products were validated at various spatial scales and under different hydro-morphological conditions.
- The analysed products presented an **error less than the resolution** of the images.



💳 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 🔚 🔜 📲 🚍 🛶 🚳 🛌 📲 🚼 🖬 📾 🍁 🖬 → THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY



- Satellite-derived products were developed according to the requirements of the End-Users.
- The available products are already valid to be applied in many of the monitoring practices done nowadays.
- Products were validated at various spatial scales and under different hydro-morphological conditions.
- The analysed products presented an **error less than the resolution** of the images.
- Shorelines allowed the verification of morphodynamical processes at **diverse temporal scales** and the identification of **critical erosion hotspots**.
- Even under high sediment concentrations, it was possible to produce quality bathymetry under the specific conditions. However, the available 3D products today do not allow the monitoring required by the final End Users.



💳 🔜 📲 🚍 💳 🛶 📲 🔚 🔚 🔜 📲 🚍 🛻 🚳 🛌 📲 🗮 🕳 🖬 🖬 🗮 🗰 🚱



- Satellite-derived products were developed according to the requirements of the End-Users.
- The available products are already valid to be applied in many of the monitoring practices done nowadays.
- Products were validated at various spatial scales and under different hydro-morphological conditions.
- The analysed products presented an error less than the resolution of the images.
- Shorelines allowed the verification of morphodynamical processes at **diverse temporal scales** and the identification of **critical erosion hotspots**.
- Even under high sediment concentrations, it was possible to produce quality bathymetry under the specific conditions. However, the available 3D products today do not allow the monitoring required by the final End Users.

Phase 2 of the Project is under development to complete the validation and evaluation of other products (e.g. beach width) and in other pilot sites (e.g. beaches in the north of Spain).

Available information in:

PROJECT WEBSITE

coastalerosion.argans.co.uk



VIDEOS OF THE SPANISH WORKSHOP

Morning session: <u>https://vimeo.com/480714920</u>

Afternoon session: https://vimeo.com/480717649



WORKSHOP VIDEO END OF PHASE 1

BOOK CHAPTER

https://coastalerosionwebinar2021.esa.int/



CONFERENCE PAPER:



PAPER (PRE-PRINT):

Preprint • Open Access • You are viewing the latest version by default [v1]

On the use of satellite information to detect coastal change: Demonstration case on the coast of Spain

Authors

Paula Gomes da Silva 💿 🕿 🖺 , Jara Martínez Sánchez, Raul Medina, Anne-Laure Beck 💿, Mohamed Amine Taji 💿

Published Online: Fri, 8 Apr 2022 https://doi.org/10.1002/essoar.10511027.1



Advances on coastal erosion assessment from satellite earth observations: exploring the use of Sentinel products along with very high resolution sensors

Paula Gomes da Silva Anne-Laure Beck Jara Martinez Sanchez Raúl Medina Santanmaria Martin Jones Amine Taji

→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY







Detecting coastal change from space: a demonstration case based on the analysis of time series for the Mediterranean coast of Spain

