

# living planet | BONN symposium | 23-27 May 2022

TAKING THE PULSE  
OF OUR PLANET FROM SPACE



## Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images using (on-board) machine learning

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May 24, 2022

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# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images

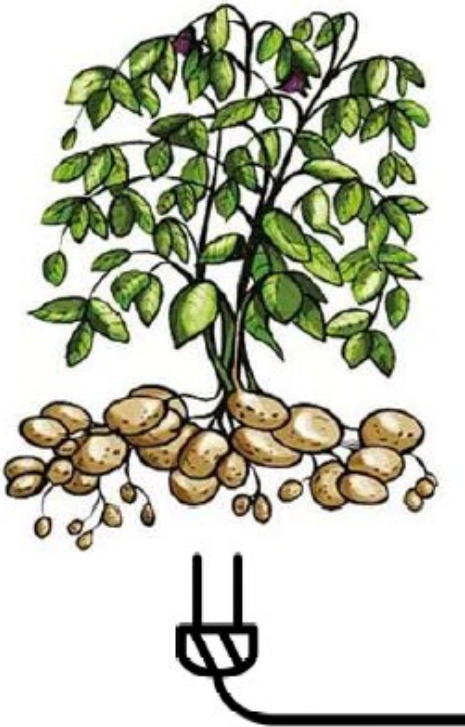


# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images





# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images



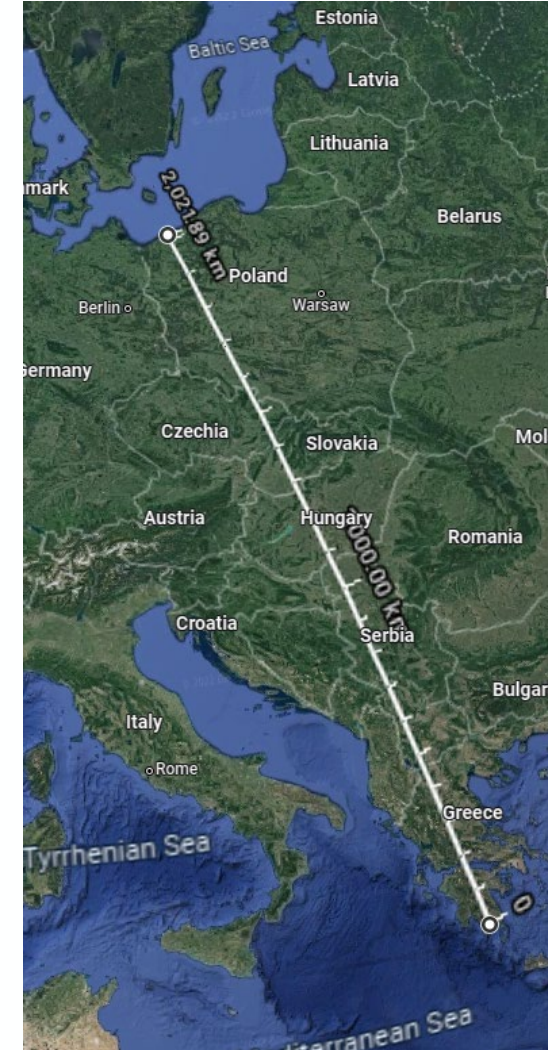


# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images



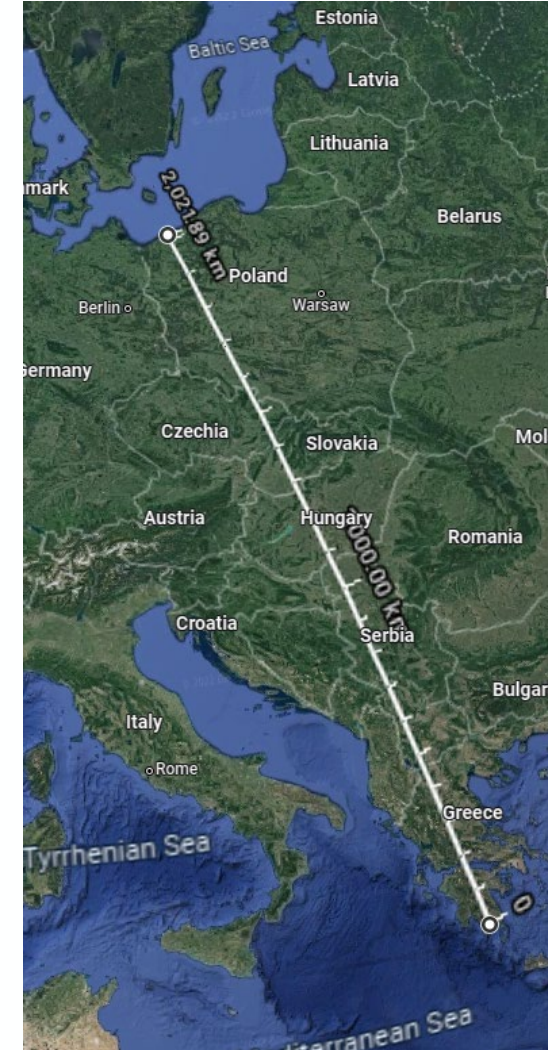


# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images





# Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images





# Estimating soil moisture from HSI: data acquisition



**Zebra X1 (Ximea sensor):**  
150 bands (VIS-NIR: 470-900 [nm])  
2.2 cm GSD  
24 fields, 5.25 m<sup>2</sup>



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)



# Estimating soil moisture from HSI: data acquisition



## Zebra X1 (Ximea sensor):

150 bands (VIS-NIR: 470-900 [nm])

2.2 cm GSD

24 fields, 5.25 m<sup>2</sup>

Two different potato varieties

Two soil profiles (light clay sand, heavy clay sand)

Diverse irrigation scenarios: simulating drought, various irrigation (to keep 100%, 75% or 50% of estimated needs)

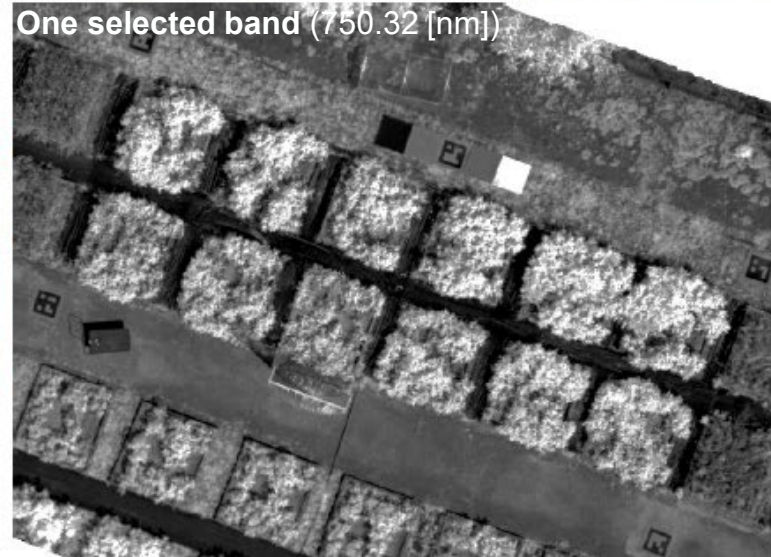
Gravimetric in-situ measurements (ratio of the mass of water in soil to its mass after drying up)



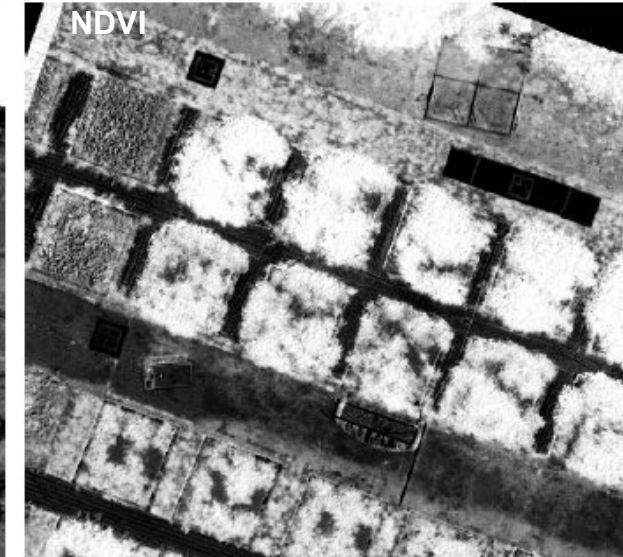
RGB (R: 639.49 [nm],  
G: 551.61 [nm], B: 468.83 [nm])



One selected band (750.32 [nm])



NDVI





# Estimating soil moisture from HSI: data acquisition



## Zebra X1 (Ximea sensor):

150 bands (VIS-NIR: 470-900 [nm])

2.2 cm GSD

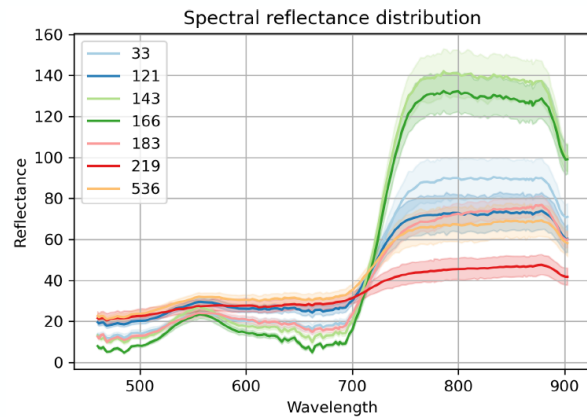
24 fields, 5.25 m<sup>2</sup>

Two different potato varieties

Two soil profiles (light clay sand, heavy clay sand)

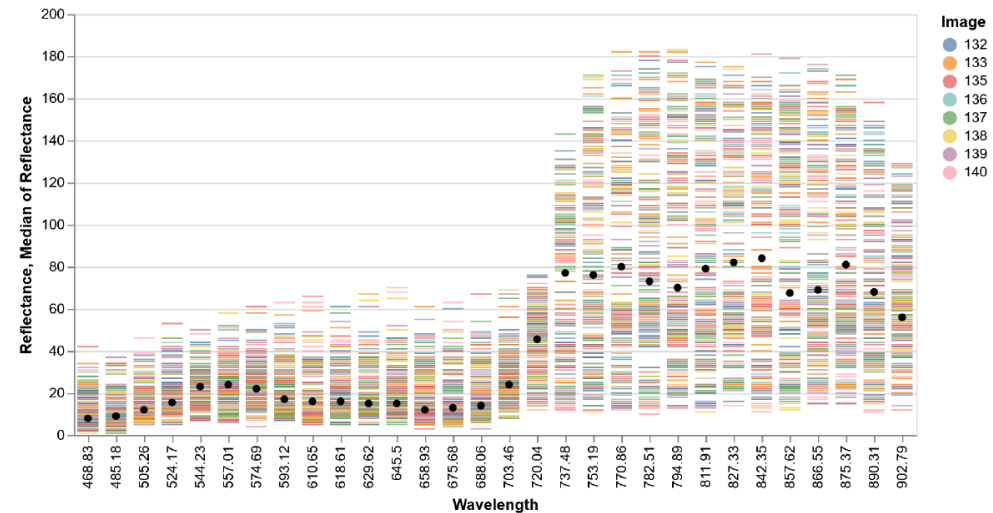
Diverse irrigation scenarios: simulating drought, various irrigation (to keep 100%, 75% or 50% of estimated needs)

Gravimetric in-situ measurements (ratio of the mass of water in soil to its mass after drying up)



### The reflectance distribution for different images:

- 33: 2020-06-16, moisture: 10.10,
- 121: 2020-06-09, moisture: 10.93,
- 143: 2020-07-01, moisture: 10.70,
- 166: 2020-07-21, moisture: 10.14,
- 183: 2020-08-13, moisture: 10.15,
- 219: 2020-06-04, moisture: 10.83,
- 536: 2020-06-09, moisture: 10.96



- Image**
- 132
  - 133
  - 135
  - 136
  - 137
  - 138
  - 139
  - 140

The reflectance distribution for images collected on one day with the same moisture measured (9.4) on the root level on 2020-06-16:

- 132: 10:21 (time),
- 133: 10:24,
- 135: 10:29,
- 136: 11:42,
- 137: 11:48,
- 138: 12:32,
- 139: 12:35,
- 140: 13:37.

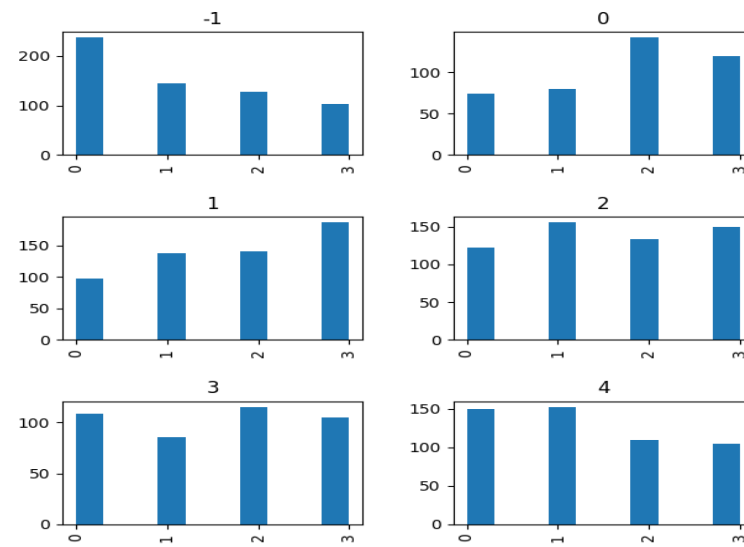


# Estimating soil moisture as classification and regression tasks



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)

Class	Moisture	
	from	to
0	0.21	4.77
1	4.77	8.18
2	8.18	10.70
3	10.70	22.13



Class distribution in six non-overlapping folds

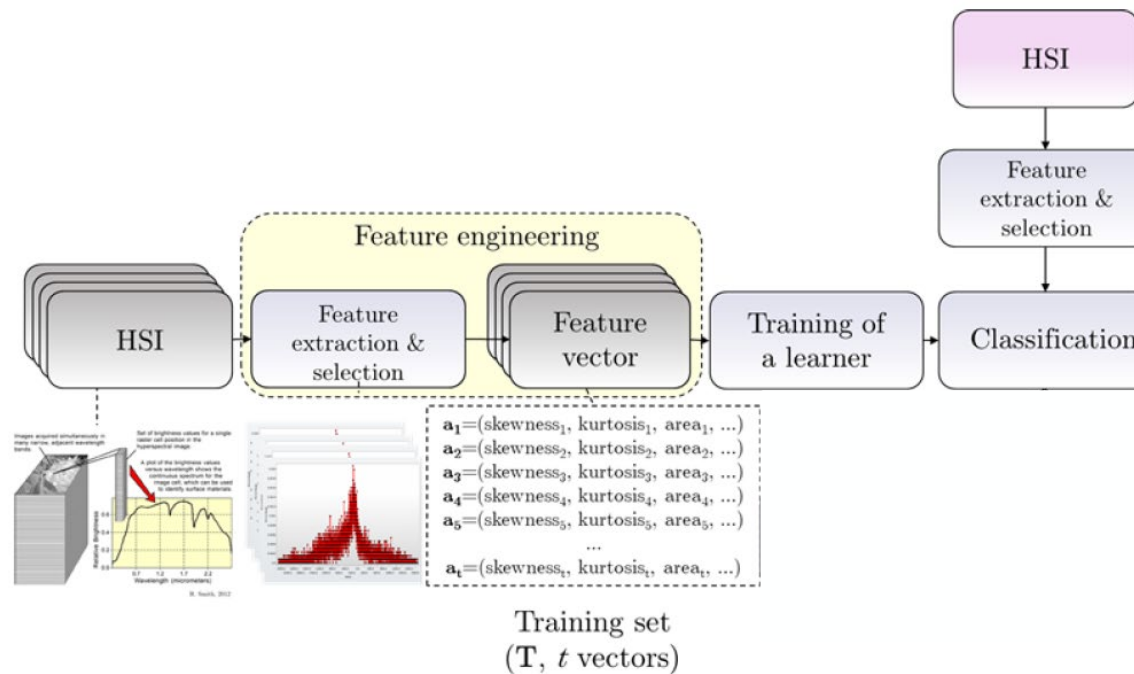
Fold	Number of samples (in each class)			
	0	1	2	3
-1	237	145	128	102
0	74	80	142	120
1	97	138	141	187
2	122	156	134	150
3	109	86	115	105
4	149	152	109	104



# Estimating soil moisture using classical machine learning



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)





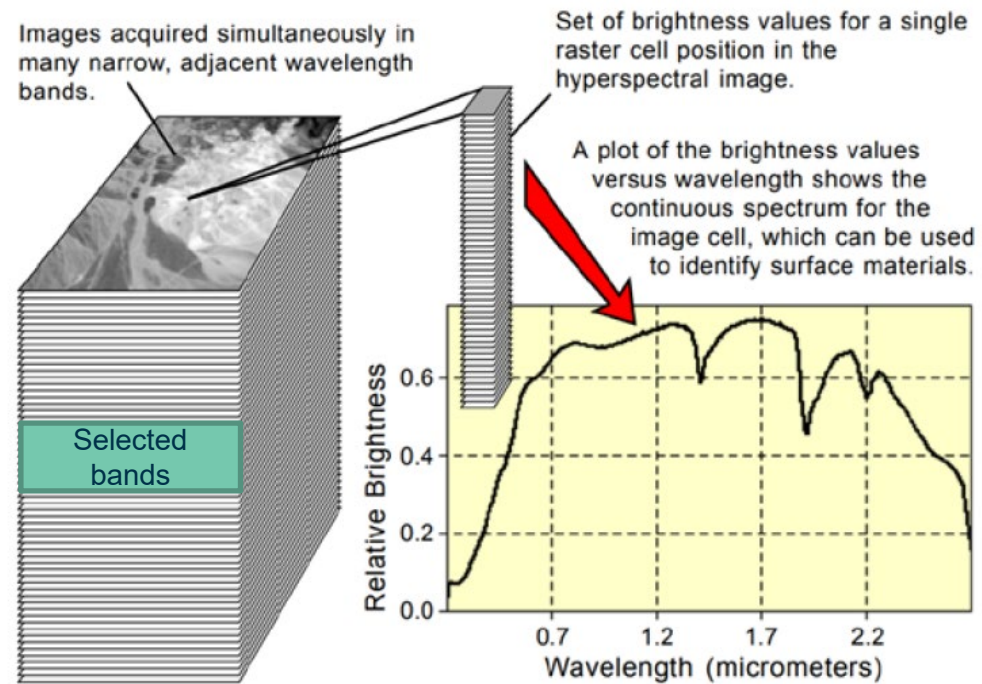




# Estimating soil moisture: dimensionality reduction



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)



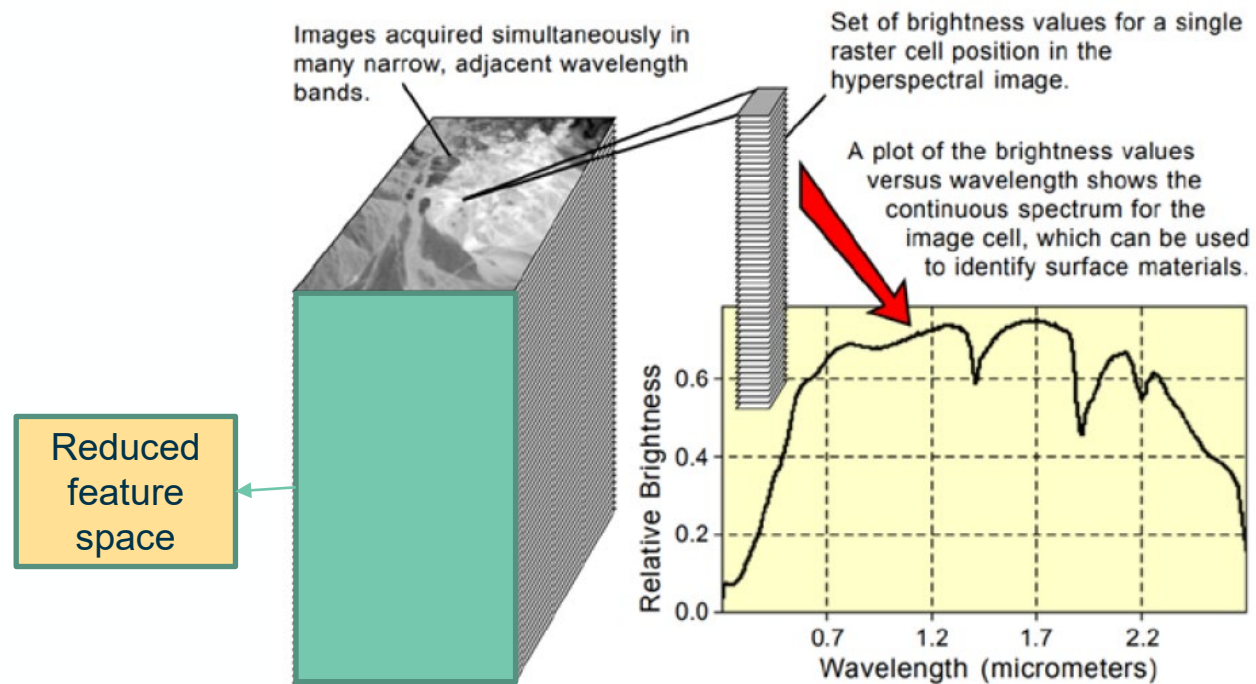
R. Smith, 2012



# Estimating soil moisture: dimensionality reduction



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)



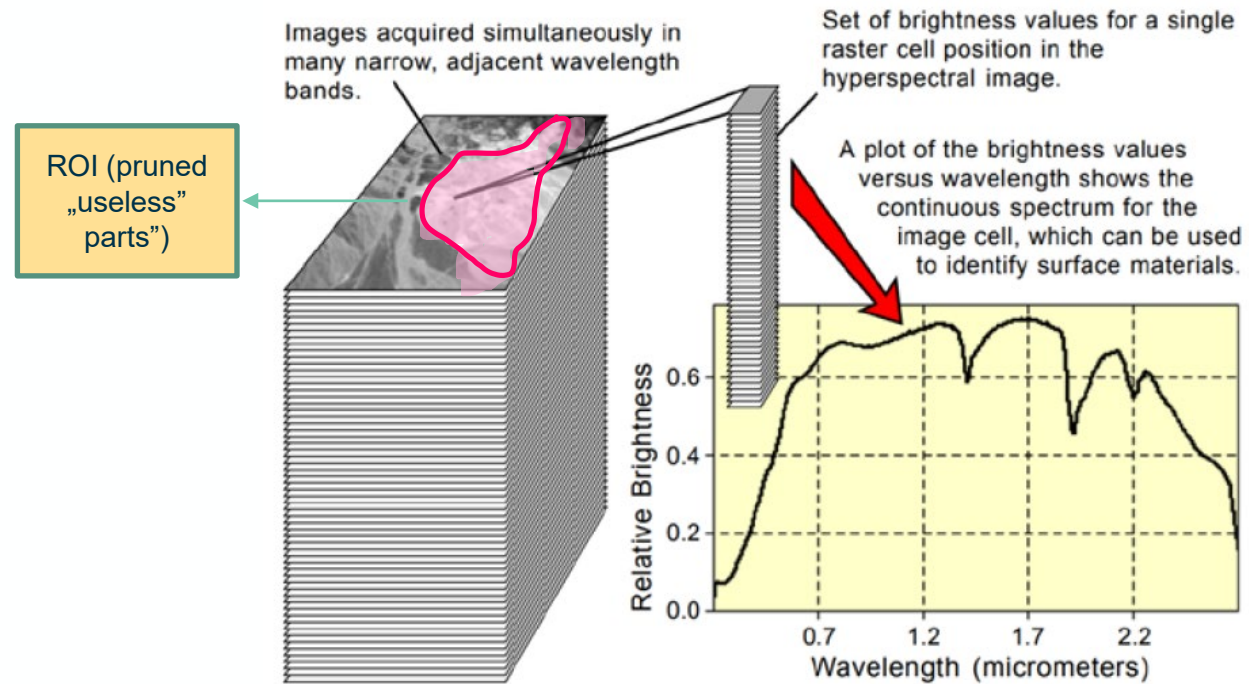
R. Smith, 2012



# Estimating soil moisture: dimensionality reduction



More than 3,000 labeled samples (hyperspectral image and in-situ measurements)



R. Smith, 2012



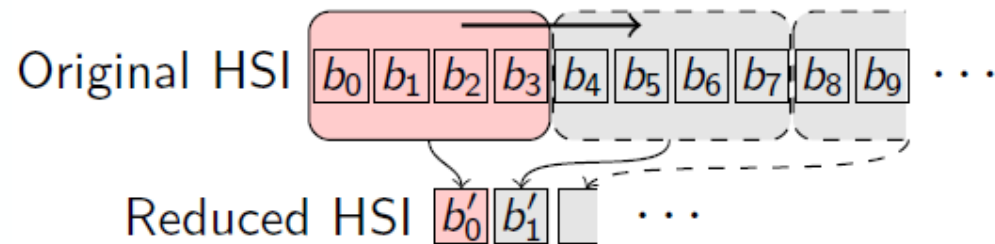
# Estimating soil moisture: the results (classification: TOP 5)

	Fold 0			Fold 1			Fold 2			Fold 3			Fold 4			Fold -1		
Type of model	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1
<b>1D-CNN (NDVI)</b>	0.601	0.594	0.590	0.508	0.503	0.500	0.582	0.594	0.587	0.553	0.565	0.551	<b>0.654</b>	<b>0.653</b>	<b>0.654</b>	<b>0.631</b>	<b>0.621</b>	<b>0.624</b>
<b>Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features</b>	0.632	<b>0.624</b>	0.615	<b>0.591</b>	<b>0.596</b>	<b>0.580</b>	<b>0.626</b>	<b>0.645</b>	<b>0.630</b>	0.578	<b>0.602</b>	0.567	0.611	0.623	0.622	0.482	0.509	0.490
<b>Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features</b>	<b>0.637</b>	0.622	<b>0.620</b>	0.572	0.569	0.561	0.623	0.641	0.625	<b>0.581</b>	0.596	<b>0.575</b>	0.605	0.612	0.615	0.475	0.487	0.479
<b>Random forest, statistical (median)</b>	0.587	0.561	0.563	0.551	0.545	0.541	0.559	0.578	0.559	0.564	0.564	0.546	0.623	0.618	0.624	0.479	0.486	0.478
<b>Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean)</b>	0.625	0.607	0.610	0.561	0.565	0.553	0.617	0.637	0.620	0.561	0.574	0.559	0.617	0.628	0.626	0.475	0.481	0.473



# Estimating soil moisture: the results (classification: TOP 5)

	Fold 0			Fold 1			Fold 2			Fold 3			Fold 4			Fold -1		
Type of model	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1	Acc	Pre	F1
<b>1D-CNN</b> (NDVI)	0.601	0.594	0.590	0.508	0.503	0.500	0.582	0.594	0.587	0.553	0.565	0.551	<b>0.654</b>	<b>0.653</b>	<b>0.654</b>	<b>0.631</b>	<b>0.621</b>	<b>0.624</b>
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features	0.632	<b>0.624</b>	0.615	<b>0.591</b>	<b>0.596</b>	<b>0.580</b>	<b>0.626</b>	<b>0.645</b>	<b>0.630</b>	0.578	<b>0.602</b>	0.567	0.611	0.623	0.622	0.482	0.509	0.490
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features	<b>0.637</b>	0.622	<b>0.620</b>	0.572	0.569	0.561	0.623	0.641	0.625	<b>0.581</b>	0.596	<b>0.575</b>	0.605	0.612	0.615	0.475	0.487	0.479
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J. Nalepa, M. Myller, M. Kawulok: Transfer Learning for Segmenting Dimensionally Reduced Hyperspectral Images. IEEE Geosci. Remote. Sens. Lett. 17(7): 1228-1232 (2020)



# Estimating soil moisture: the results (regression: TOP 5)

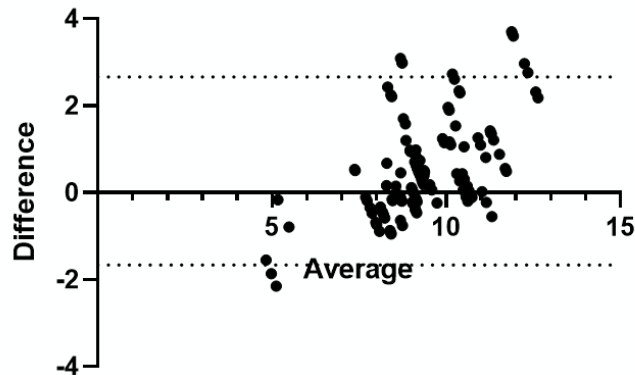
	Fold 0			Fold 1			Fold 2			Fold 3			Fold 4			Fold -1		
Type of model	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features	2.078	7.524	0.476	<b>2.072</b>	9.230	0.365	1.828	9.574	0.490	2.329	10.940	0.482	1.680	<b>5.127</b>	<b>0.673</b>	<b>2.411</b>	<b>10.270</b>	<b>0.428</b>
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features	2.062	8.154	0.433	2.127	<b>8.839</b>	<b>0.392</b>	1.830	9.357	0.501	2.390	11.800	0.441	<b>1.669</b>	5.239	0.665	2.599	11.350	0.368
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median)	1.890	6.824	0.525	2.323	10.270	0.294	1.866	9.844	0.476	<b>2.237</b>	<b>10.240</b>	<b>0.515</b>	1.715	5.314	0.661	2.586	11.520	0.358
<b>Random forest</b> statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features	<b>1.833</b>	<b>6.666</b>	<b>0.536</b>	2.198	10.000	0.312	<b>1.726</b>	<b>9.116</b>	<b>0.514</b>	2.367	10.920	0.482	1.799	5.941	0.621	2.614	11.560	0.356
<b>Random forest</b> (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features	2.158	9.146	0.364	2.22	9.505	0.347	1.904	10.410	0.446	2.487	12.890	0.389	1.762	5.696	0.636	2.692	12.020	0.330



# Estimating soil moisture: the results (regression: TOP 5)

	Fold 0			Fold 1			Fold 2			Fold 3			Fold 4			Fold -1		
Type of model	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>
Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features	2.078	7.524	0.476	<b>2.072</b>	9.230	0.365	1.828	9.574	0.490	2.329	10.940	0.482	1.680	<b>5.127</b>	<b>0.673</b>	<b>2.411</b>	<b>10.270</b>	<b>0.428</b>
Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features	2.062	8.154	0.433	2.127	<b>8.839</b>	<b>0.392</b>	1.830	9.357	0.501	2.390	11.800	0.441	<b>1.669</b>	5.239	0.665	2.599	11.350	0.368
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R<sup>2</sup>=0.546 (Timeframe 1)

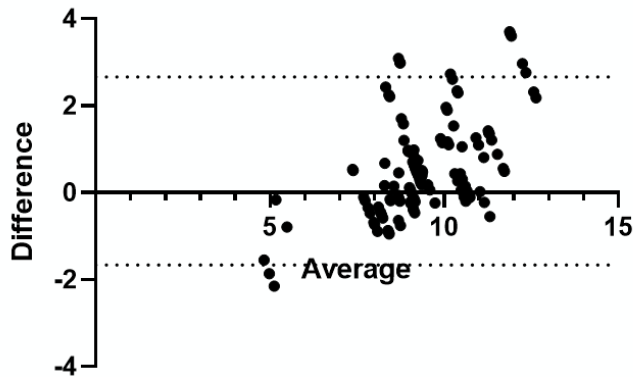




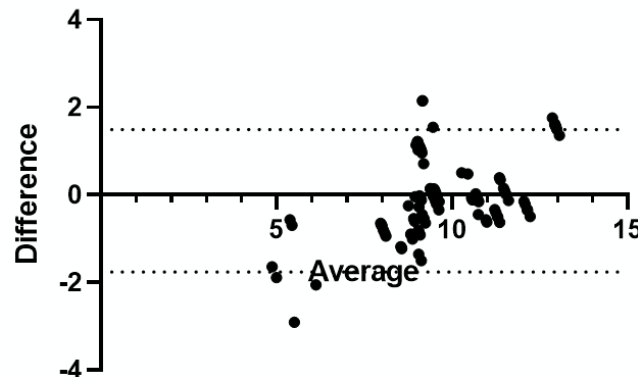
# Estimating soil moisture: the results (regression: TOP 5)

	Fold 0			Fold 1			Fold 2			Fold 3			Fold 4			Fold -1		
Type of model	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>	MAE	MSE	R <sup>2</sup>
<b>Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median), histogram features</b>	2.078	7.524	0.476	<b>2.072</b>	9.230	0.365	1.828	9.574	0.490	2.329	10.940	0.482	1.680	<b>5.127</b>	<b>0.673</b>	<b>2.411</b>	<b>10.270</b>	<b>0.428</b>
Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean), histogram features	2.062	8.154	0.433	2.127	<b>8.839</b>	<b>0.392</b>	1.830	9.357	0.501	2.390	11.800	0.441	<b>1.669</b>	5.239	0.665	2.599	11.350	0.368
Random forest (S-MSI), statistical (mean, std, median)	1.890	6.824	0.525	2.323	10.270	0.294	1.866	9.844	0.476	<b>2.237</b>	<b>10.240</b>	<b>0.515</b>	1.715	5.314	0.661	2.586	11.520	0.358

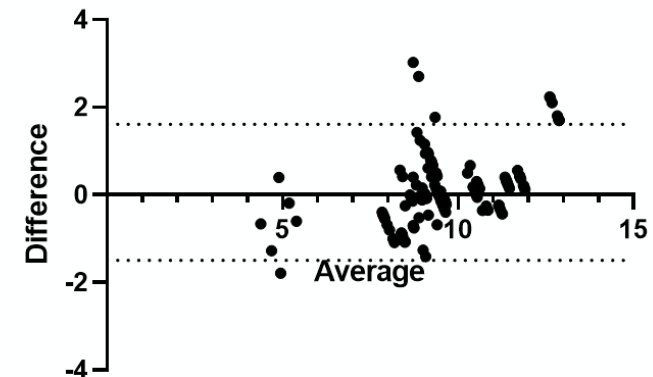
R<sup>2</sup>=0.546 (Timeframe 1)



R<sup>2</sup>=0.783 (Timeframe 1)



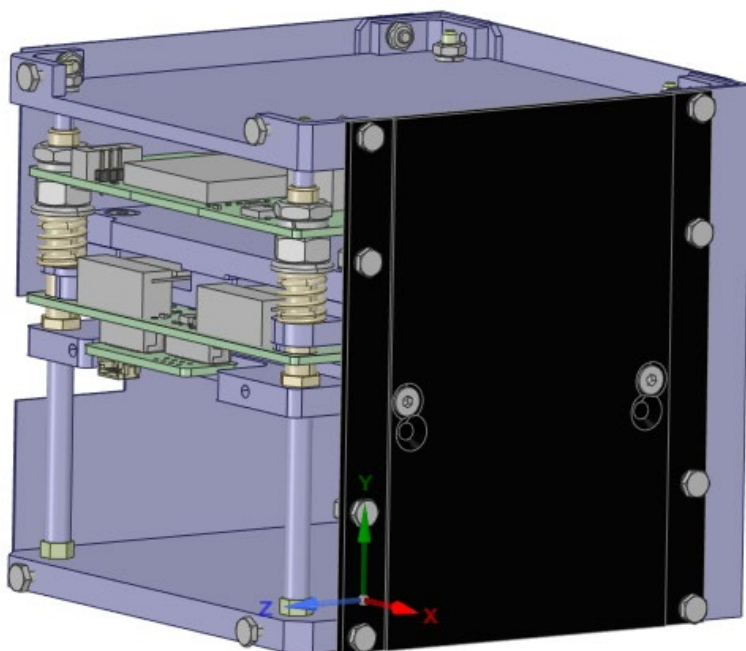
R<sup>2</sup>=0.807 (Timeframe 1)



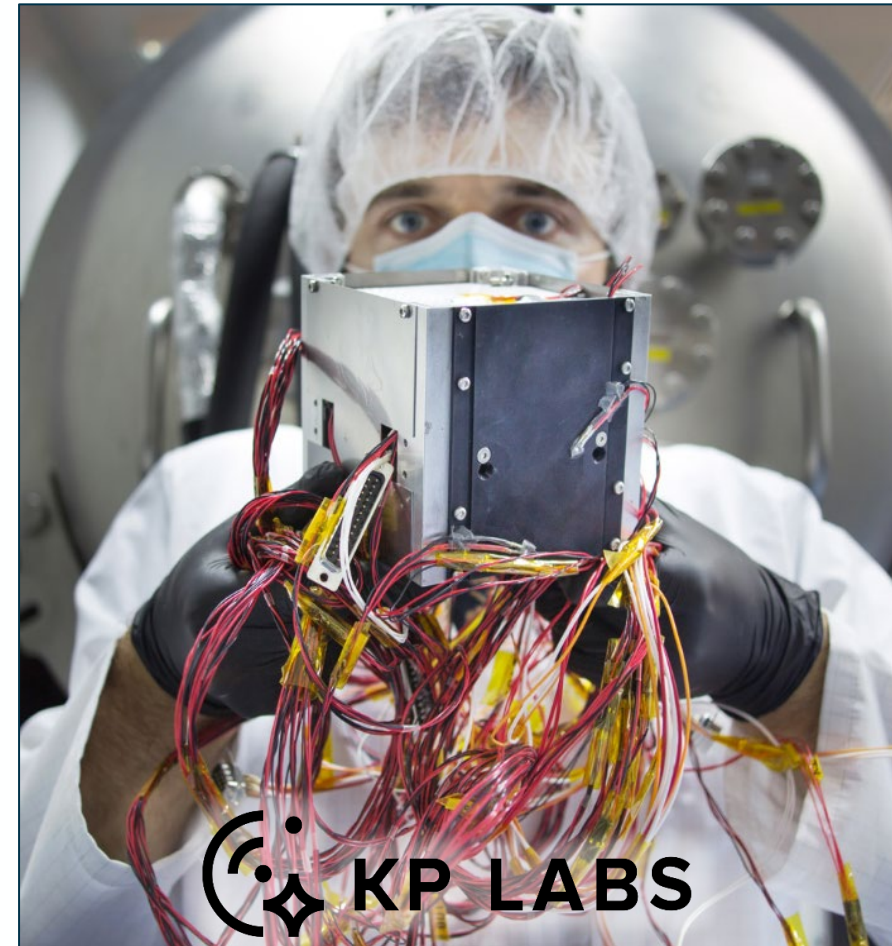
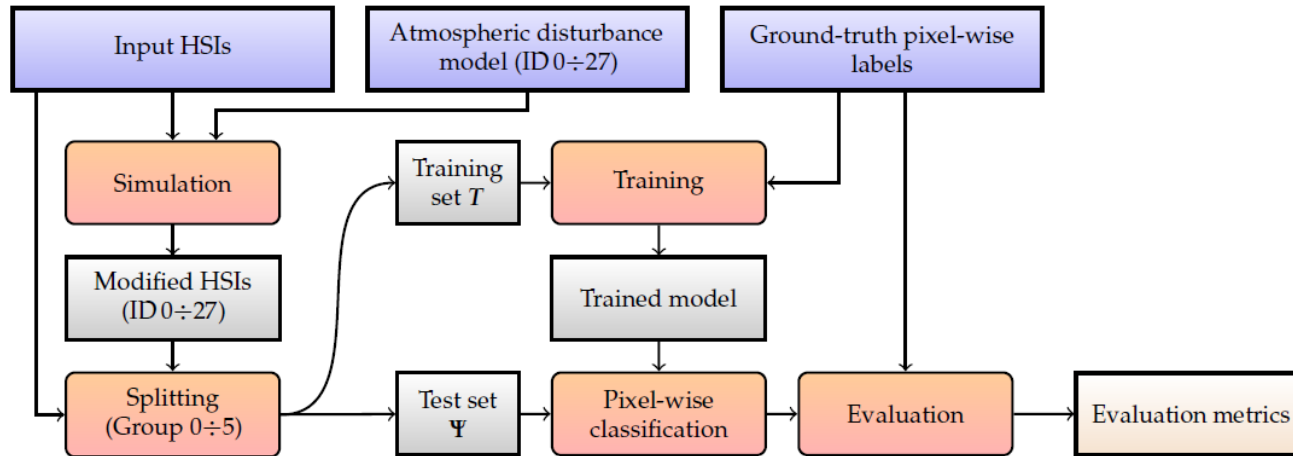
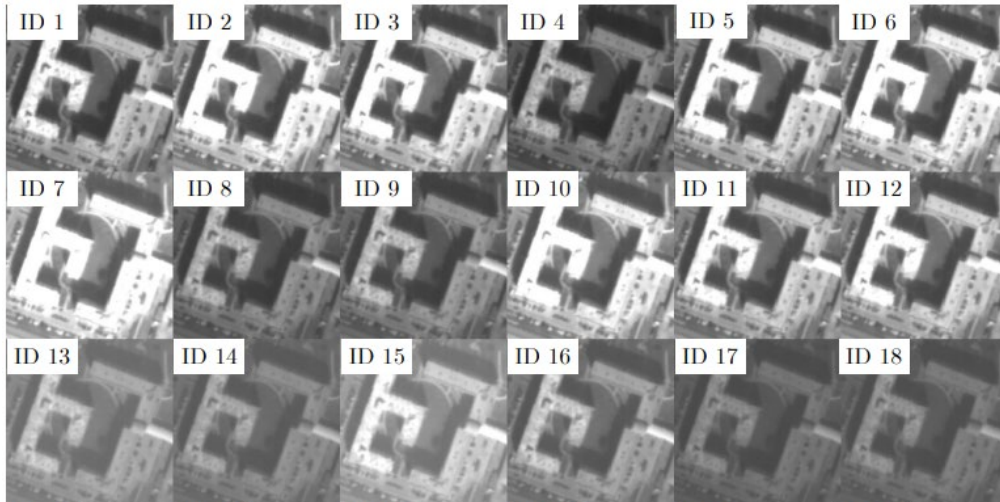
**Specializing classifiers** (left: single CNN operating on 4x4 patches for a field, and averaging the predictions, **right**: ensemble of heterogeneous models)



# Toward on-board processing: data-level digital twin



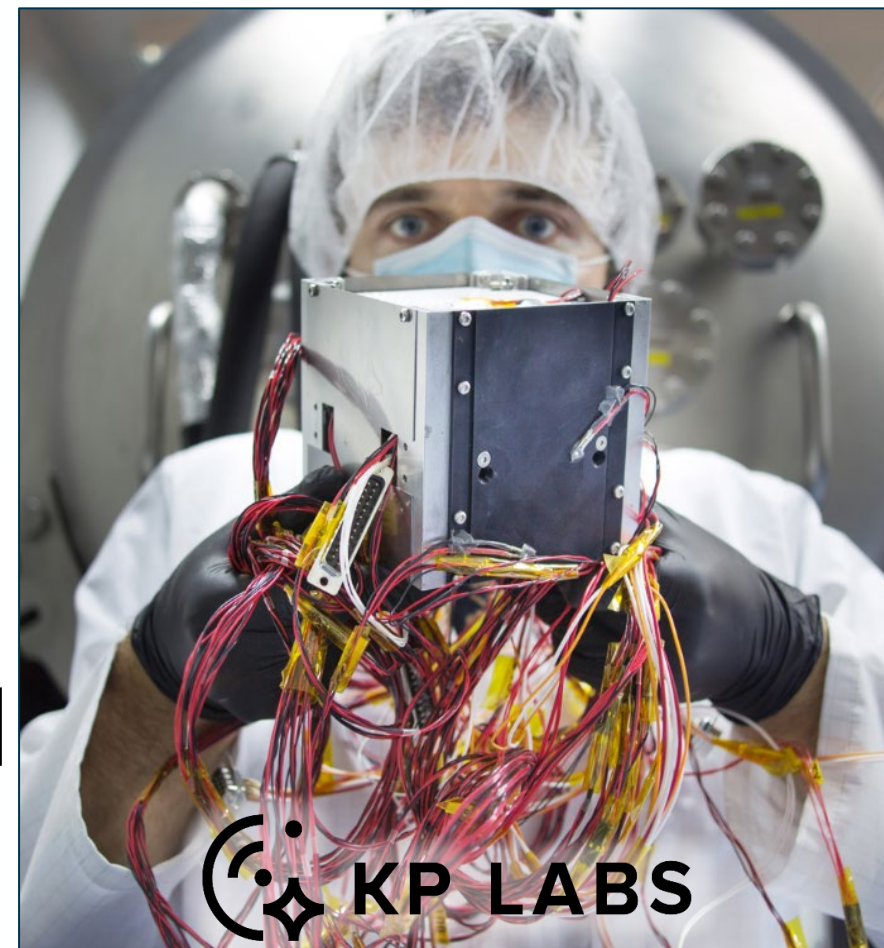
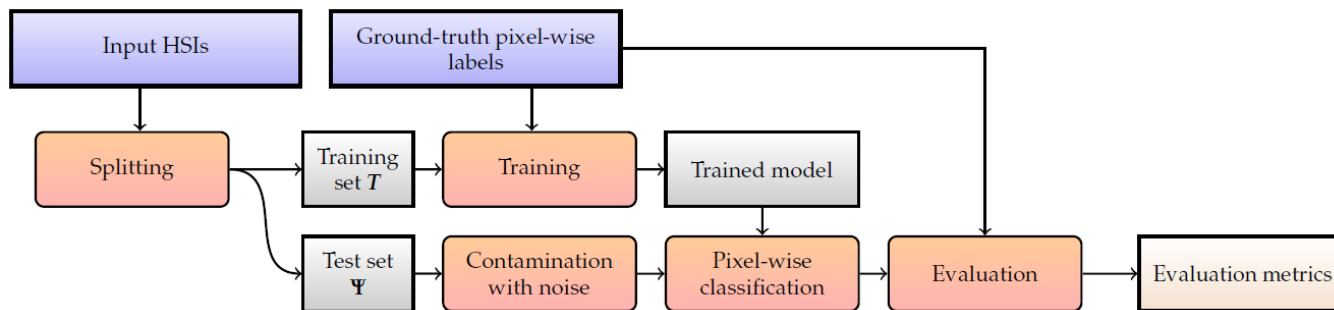
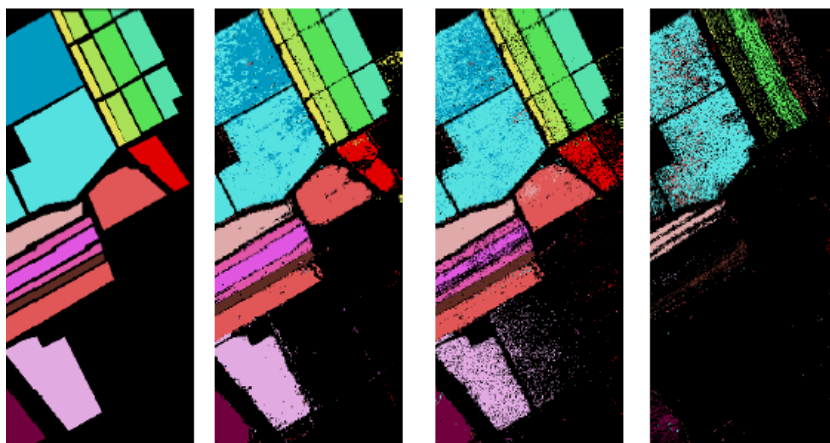
# Toward on-board processing: data-level digital twin



J. Nalepa et al.: Towards on-board hyperspectral satellite segmentation, Remote Sensing 2021, 13(8), 1532 (<https://www.mdpi.com/2072-4292/13/8/1532>)



# Toward on-board processing: data-level digital twin

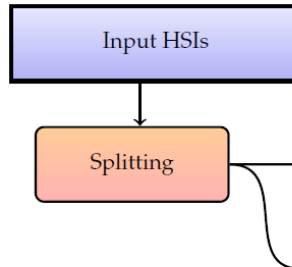


J. Nalepa et al.: Towards on-board hyperspectral satellite segmentation, Remote Sensing 2021, 13(8), 1532 (<https://www.mdpi.com/2072-4292/13/8/1532>)

# Toward on-board processing: data-level digital twin

**Example:** Differences between metrics for uncontaminated and noisy HSI in hyperspectral classification (average over four benchmarks, Indian Pines, Salinas Valley, Pavia University and Houston)

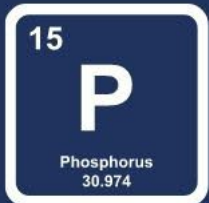
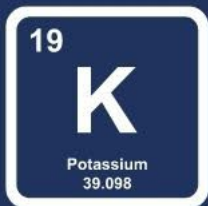
		1D CNN														
		Gaussian					Impulsive					Poisson				
$\eta_P \rightarrow$		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
OA		0.87	1.74	2.61	3.50	4.35	5.15	10.28	15.41	20.62	25.76	4.16	8.33	12.51	16.61	20.83
BA		0.98	1.92	2.77	3.76	4.67	4.91	9.72	14.68	19.47	24.36	3.99	8.04	12.13	16.07	20.12
$\kappa$		1.12	2.23	3.34	4.48	5.58	6.03	11.95	17.87	23.66	29.46	4.97	9.94	14.91	19.76	24.74
OA'		-0.35	0.54	1.43	2.34	3.22	4.16	9.56	15.00	20.43	25.83	3.14	7.54	11.96	16.28	20.74
BA'		-0.60	0.53	1.54	2.73	3.81	4.15	9.97	15.91	21.71	27.63	2.96	7.76	12.62	17.29	22.10
$\kappa'$		-0.71	0.44	1.59	2.77	3.92	4.92	11.51	18.03	24.52	30.88	3.51	8.87	14.22	19.44	24.79
		2.5D CNN														
		Gaussian					Impulsive					Poisson				
$\eta_P \rightarrow$		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
OA		0.08	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.12	4.53	8.97	13.43	17.90	22.32	1.58	3.09	4.57	6.09	7.59
BA		0.13	0.15	0.15	0.16	0.20	4.05	7.98	11.87	15.78	19.68	1.61	3.08	4.54	6.01	7.50
$\kappa$		0.10	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.17	5.03	9.88	14.69	19.43	24.15	2.04	4.01	5.98	7.99	10.00
OA'		0.08	0.09	0.09	0.11	0.12	4.83	9.55	14.32	19.07	23.84	1.62	3.17	4.70	6.26	7.80
BA'		0.16	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.23	4.88	9.61	14.25	18.94	23.69	1.93	3.70	5.46	7.23	9.02
$\kappa'$		0.10	0.12	0.13	0.15	0.17	5.87	11.57	17.17	22.68	28.13	2.11	4.15	6.18	8.26	10.35
		3D CNN														
		Gaussian					Impulsive					Poisson				
$\eta_P \rightarrow$		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
OA		0.07	0.12	0.18	0.24	0.30	3.90	7.74	11.61	15.46	19.33	3.07	6.11	9.17	12.22	15.22
BA		-0.04	0.02	0.09	0.15	0.21	4.16	8.43	12.65	16.92	21.19	3.21	6.54	9.85	13.17	16.45
$\kappa$		0.03	0.10	0.17	0.25	0.32	5.00	10.01	15.04	20.07	25.22	3.82	7.66	11.55	15.43	19.29
OA'		0.07	0.13	0.19	0.25	0.74	4.06	8.09	12.12	16.14	20.18	3.25	6.47	9.71	12.94	16.12
BA'		-0.05	0.03	0.10	0.16	-0.19	4.96	10.06	15.06	20.16	25.26	3.78	7.70	11.60	15.50	19.37
$\kappa'$		0.04	0.11	0.19	0.27	0.34	5.51	11.06	16.61	22.06	27.67	4.14	8.28	12.46	16.62	20.76



J. Nalepa et al.: Toward on-board processing: data-level digital twin, 2021, 13(8), 1532 (https://doi.org/10.2514/6.2021-1532)



# #HYPERVIEW



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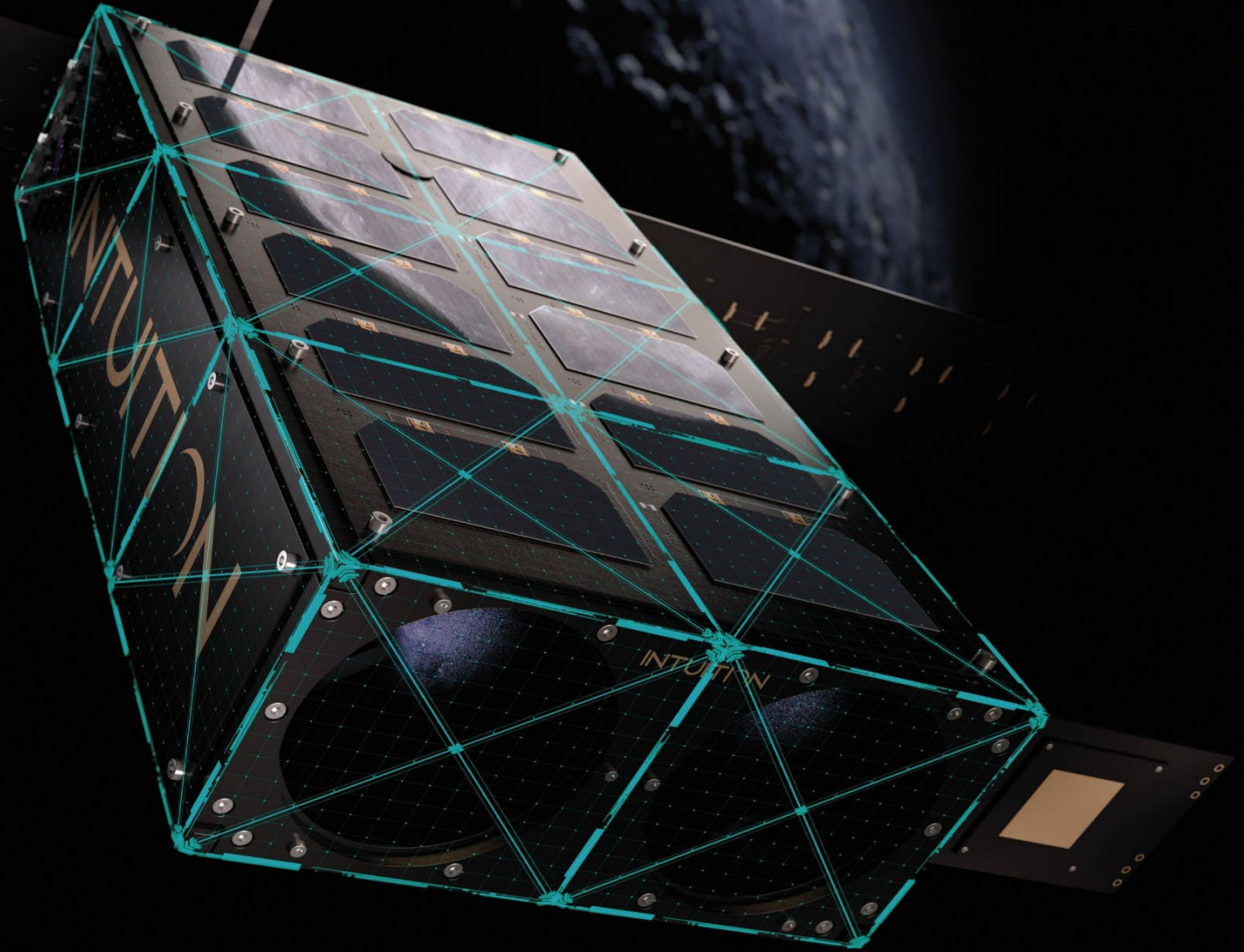




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<https://platform.ai4eo.eu/seeing-beyond-the-visible>

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## Seeing Beyond the Visible

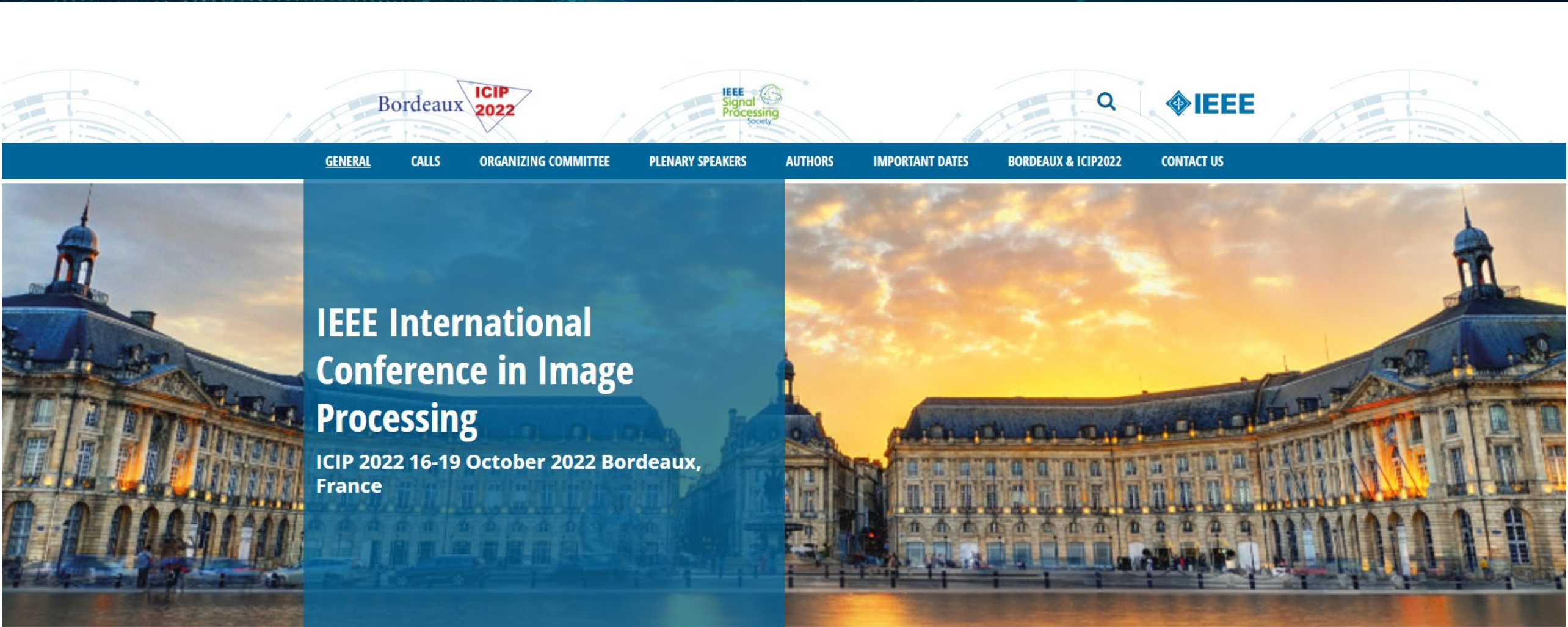
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## Estimating soil moisture from hyperspectral images using (on-board) machine learning

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