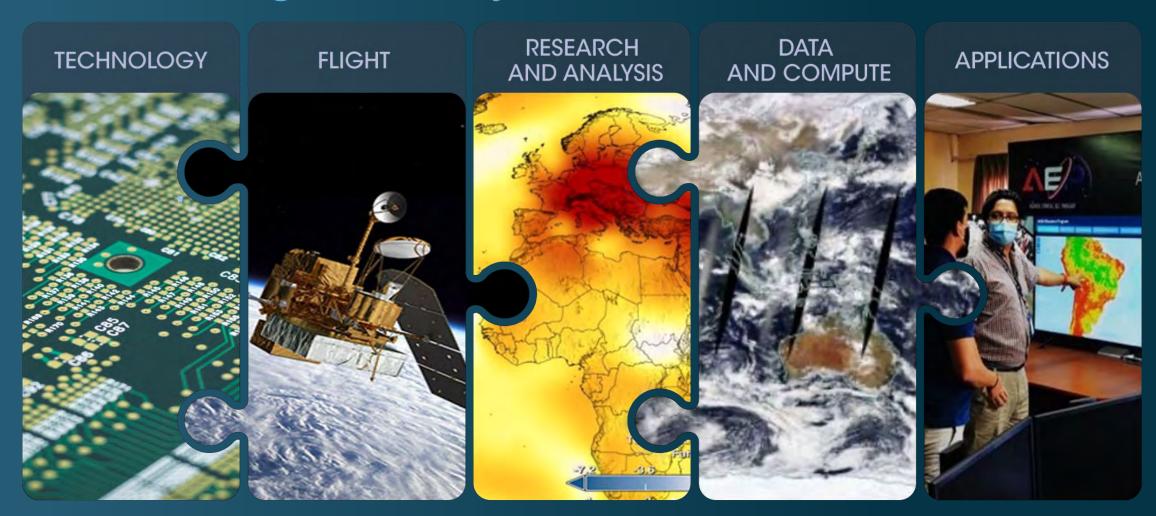
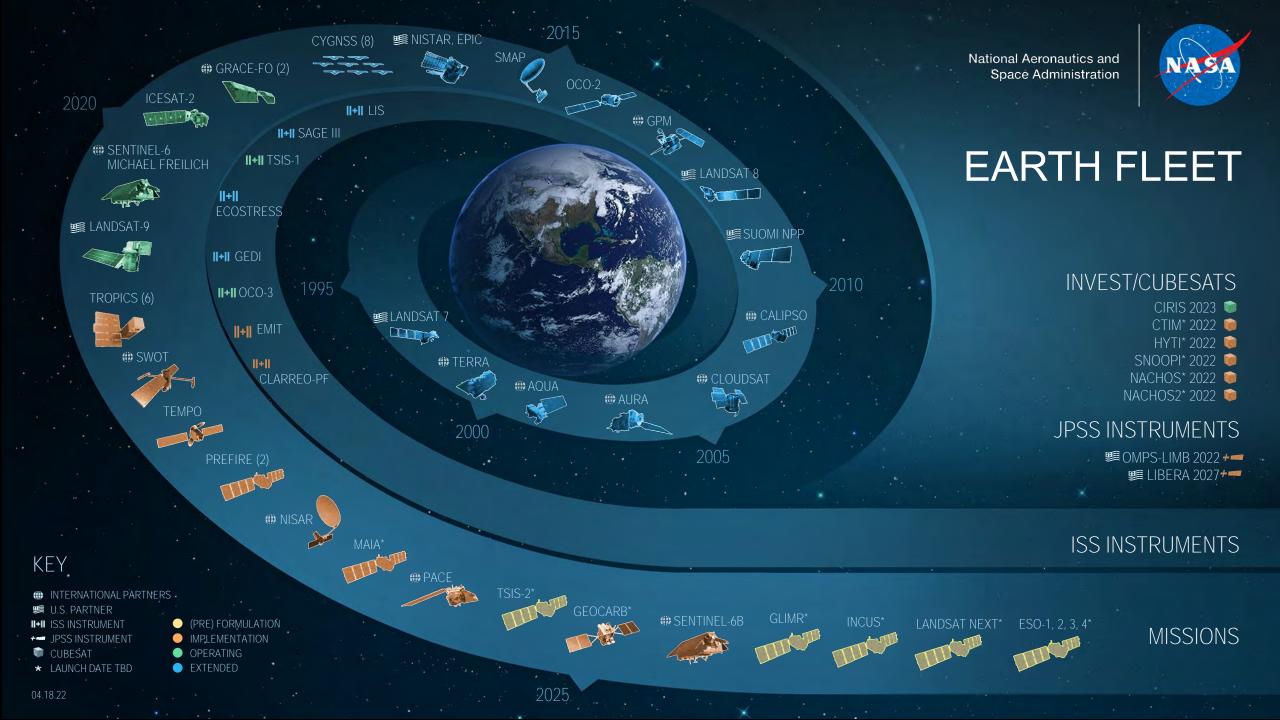
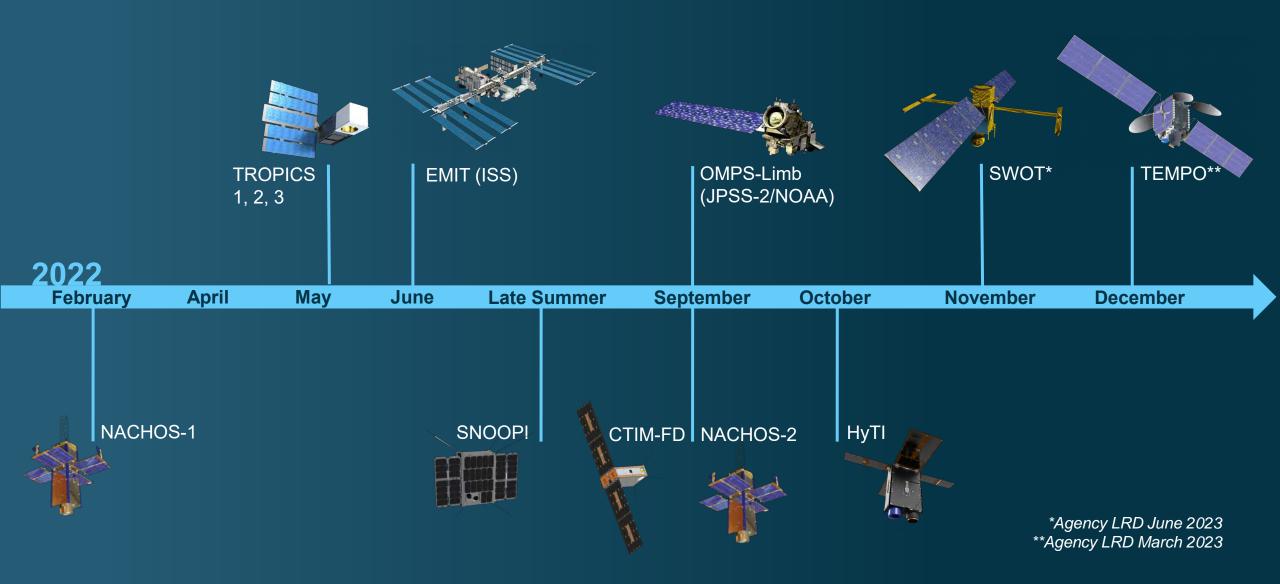


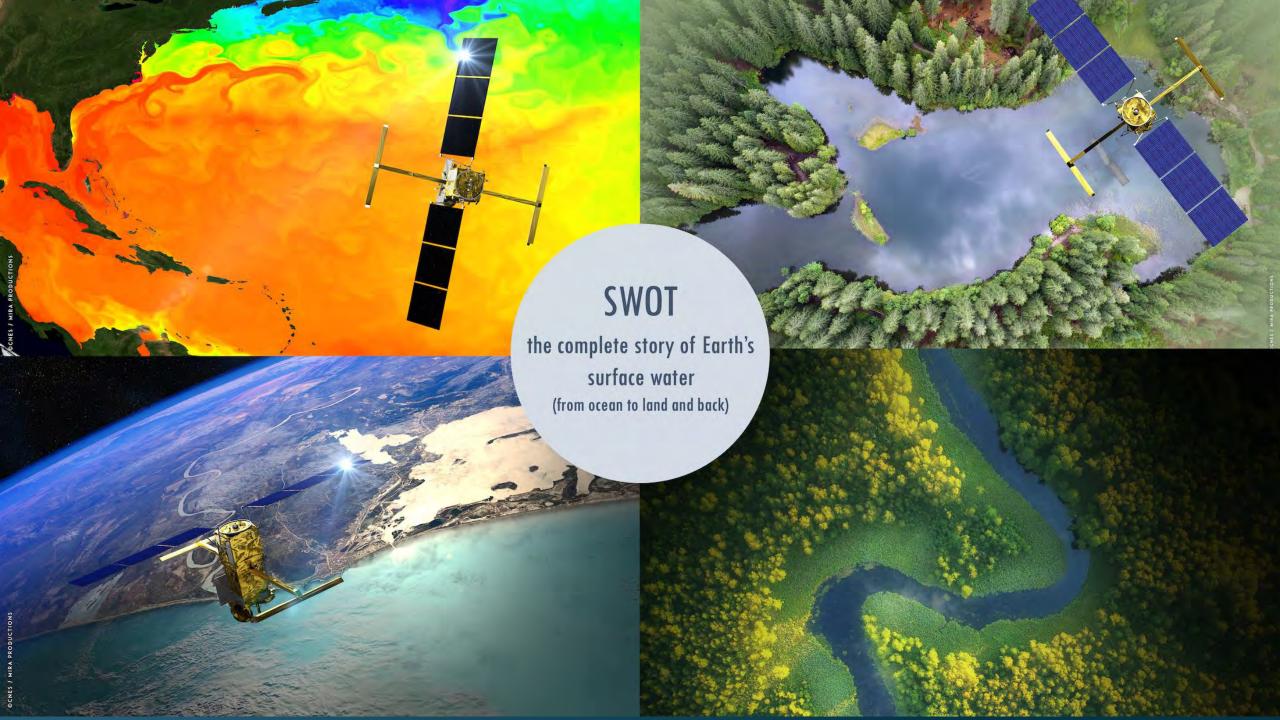
Advancing Earth System Science End-to-end

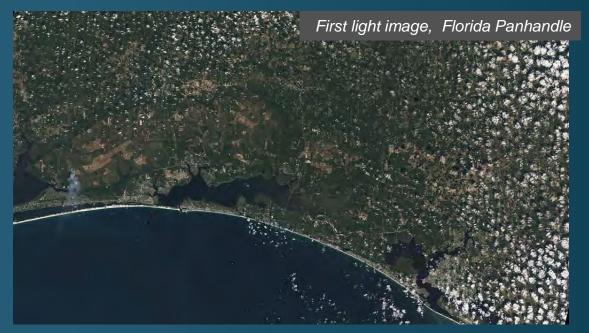




Upcoming Earth Science Launches







Landsat 9 Data Released

- Data released to public in mid-February
- Instrument handover to USGS completed in February; spacecraft handover expected in late July





Other Recent Launches

STP-H8

- Launched Dec. 21, 2021 with the Compact Ocean Wind Vector Radiometer (COWVR) and Temporal Experiment for Storms and Tropical Systems (TEMPEST)
- Will evaluate these small instruments' data quality for assimilation into DoD weather models



NACHOS-1 (Credit: Los Alamos National Laboratory)

NACHOS-1

- Launched Feb. 19, 2022; deployment from ISS expected no earlier than June 2022
- 3U-sized, ultra-compact, high-resolution hyperspectral imager for measuring atmospheric trace gases (NO₂, SO₂, O₃, CH₂O, and more)

Earth Venture Mission-3: INCUS

PI: Susan van den Heever, Colorado State University

Addressing why convective storms, heavy precipitation and clouds occur exactly when and where they do



Three SmallSats

- JPL Ka-band radar with 5 beams (RainCube heritage)
- JPL cross-track scanning microwave radiometer (TEMPEST-D heritage)
- Tendeg deployable 1.6m Ka-band antenna
- Blue Canyon Technologies X-SAT Venus commercial bus







EVI-6 Announcement of Opportunity (AO)

Final AO released April 19!

- PI-Managed Mission Cost Cap of \$37M (FY24)
- NASA will determine platform and launch vehicle

- Solicits Class D instruments and SmallSats
- Mandatory notices of intent due June 2
- Selection anticipated in early 2023



EVI-1 TEMPO



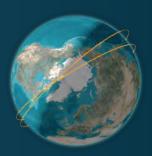
EVI-2 GEDI & ECOSTRESS



EVI-3 TROPICS



EVI-3 MAIA



EVI-4 PREFIRE



EVI-4 EMIT



EVI-5 GLIMR



EARTH SYSTEM

OBSERVATORY

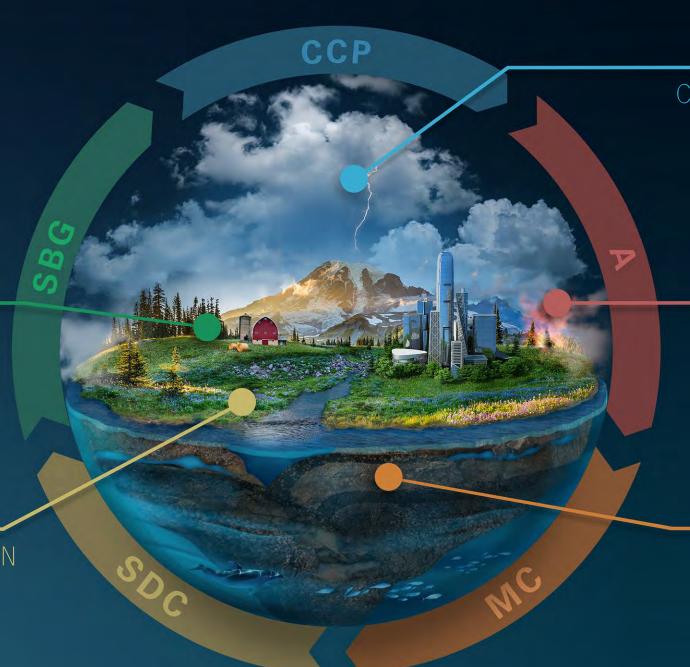
INTERCONNECTED CORE MISSIONS

SURFACE BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY

Earth Surface & Ecosystems

SURFACE DEFORMATION AND CHANGE

Earth Surface Dynamics



CLOUDS, CONVECTION AND PRECIPITATION

Water and Energy in the Atmosphere

AEROSOLS

Particles in the Atmosphere

MASS CHANGE

Large-scale Mass Redistribution

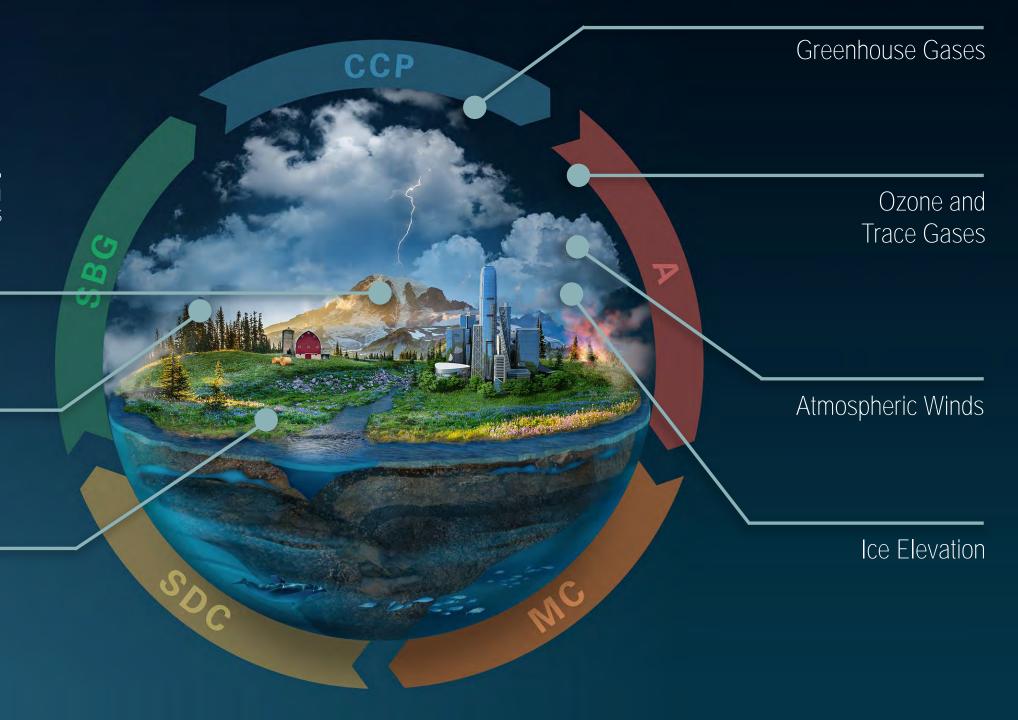
EARTH SYSTEM OBSERVATORY

INNOVATION & COMPETITION EARTH EXPLORER MISSIONS

Snow Depth and Water Content

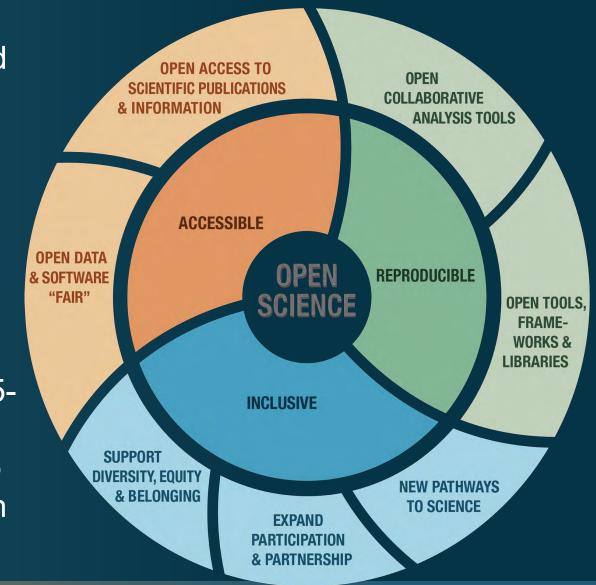
3D Ecosystem Structure

Ocean Surface
Winds and Currents



NASA's Open-Source Science Initiative

- Initiate new missions, research and applied activities as open-source science projects.
- Implement clear policies for software, publications and data.
- Integrate and improve data management, access, computing, analytics and scientific collaboration.
- Transform to OPen Science (TOPS) is a 5year effort focused on capacity building, partner engagement, and incentives to help accelerate scientific discovery through open science.



Leading the Path to Open-Source Science



Transform to Open Science (TOPS) is a \$40 million* 5-year NASA Science Mission Directorate mission

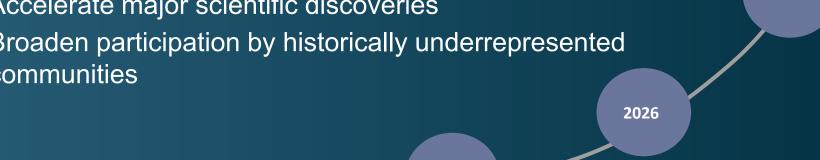
Objectives:

2023

- Increase understanding & adoption of open science
- Accelerate major scientific discoveries

2024

Broaden participation by historically underrepresented communities



2025

Goals for 2027:

2027

20K earn Open Science Badge

5+ major discoveries

Increase participation of underrepresented groups by 2x

The 2023 Year of Open Science will build momentum and support to move towards more openness in science.



Equity & Environmental Justice

Our commitment that NASA investments in satellites and science will inform decisionmakers and help people in all communities

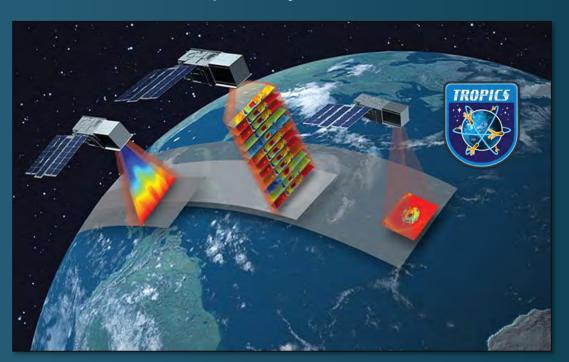
https://science.nasa.gov/earth-science/equity-and-environmental-justice



Upcoming Launches

TROPICS Constellation

Each launch will carry two CubeSats to three orbital planes (6 total) to study tropical cyclones

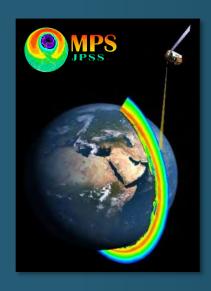


EMIT on the ISS

Will use NASA-invented technology to measure the composition of Earth's arid land dust source regions

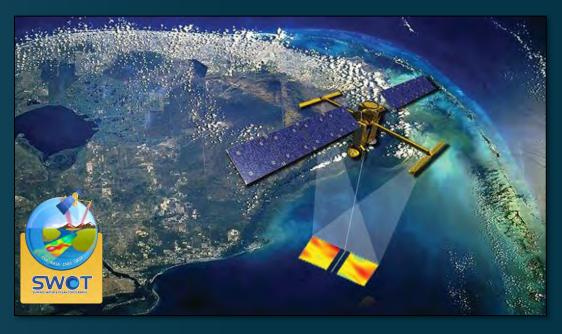


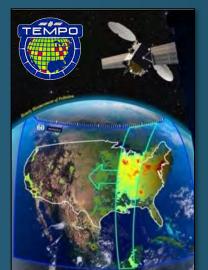
Upcoming Launches



OMPS-Limb on JPSS-2

Will provide high resolution ozone and aerosol profiles and contribute to understanding ozone trends





TEMPO

First space-based instrument to monitor air pollutants hourly across the North American continent during daytime

SWOT

Will observe Earth's surface water, fine details of the ocean's surface topography, and changes in water bodies



SWOT Observatory: Integration and Testing

- NASA ESD visited the SWOT I&T team at the Thales facility in February
- Radiated Electromagnetic
 Interference/Electromagnetic Compatibility
 test completed April 14
- Thermal vacuum testing beginning in June





Upcoming ESTO Launches

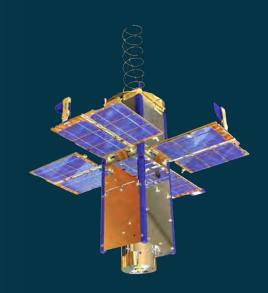


CTIM-FD: Compact Total Irradiance Monitor – Flight Demonstration

 Will demonstrate technology to enable the measurement of total solar irradiance from a CubeSat

NACHOS 2: NanoSat Atmospheric Chemistry Hyperspectral Observation System

 3U-sized, ultra-compact, high-resolution hyperspectral imager for measuring atmospheric trace gases (NO₂, SO₂, O₃, CH₂O and more)



Upcoming ESTO Launches

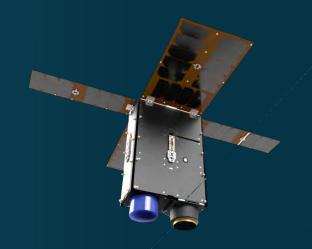


SNOOPI: Signals Of Opportunity P-band Investigation

 Will demonstrate technology to measure root zone soil moisture and snow water equivalent from a CubeSat

HyTI: Hyperspectral Thermal Imager

 Thermal infrared imager on a CubeSat with highspatial, spectral, and temporal resolution, using onboard data processing



SNOOPI and HyTI have synergy of measuring closely coupled soil moisture and evapotranspiration