What

The Boundary-layer Air Quality analysis Using Network of INstruments (BAQUNIN) is a supersite of **ground-based active and passive remote sensing instruments** across various locations in the Rome area

Atmospheric Chemistry

0₃ SO₂ H₂O CH₄ HCHO N₂O

esa

EARTHNET

Objectives -

BAQUNIN aims to support the calibration and validation (Cal/Val) of satellite atmospheric data products in urban areas, as well as to create high quality datasets on urban environments. It helps sustain the maintenance and operation of ground-based instruments for satellite Cal/Val and also stimulates research in urban atmospheric boundary layer science

Where -

BAQUNIN encompasses three measurement observation sites in the Rome area:

- · Urban: Rome city centre
- · Semi-rural: A flat environment about 13 km southeast of Rome
- · Rural: Tiber valley area, about 26 km northeast of Rome

Who

While instigated by ESA, BAQUNIN is a collaboration of research institutes and organisations from across Europe

International Networks:

· <u>EVDC</u> · <u>PGN</u> · <u>AERONET</u> · <u>SKYN</u>

Aerosols

Continental smoke
Fire smoke
Saharan dust
Marine
Urban

Meteorological Parameters

Clouds
Wind
Turbulence
Solar irradiance
Surface pressure
Atmospheric fields

Additional information and data access: baqunin.eu/

<u>AERONET</u> · <u>SKYNET</u> <u>EUBREWNET</u> · <u>COCCON</u>

References:

Iannarelli et al. "The Boundary Layer Air Quality Analysis
Using Network of Instruments (BAQUNIN) Supersite for
Atmospheric Research and Validation over Rome Area"



Lidar



) Sodar



Photometer



In-situ



Interferometer



RGB Imager



Actinometer



Services