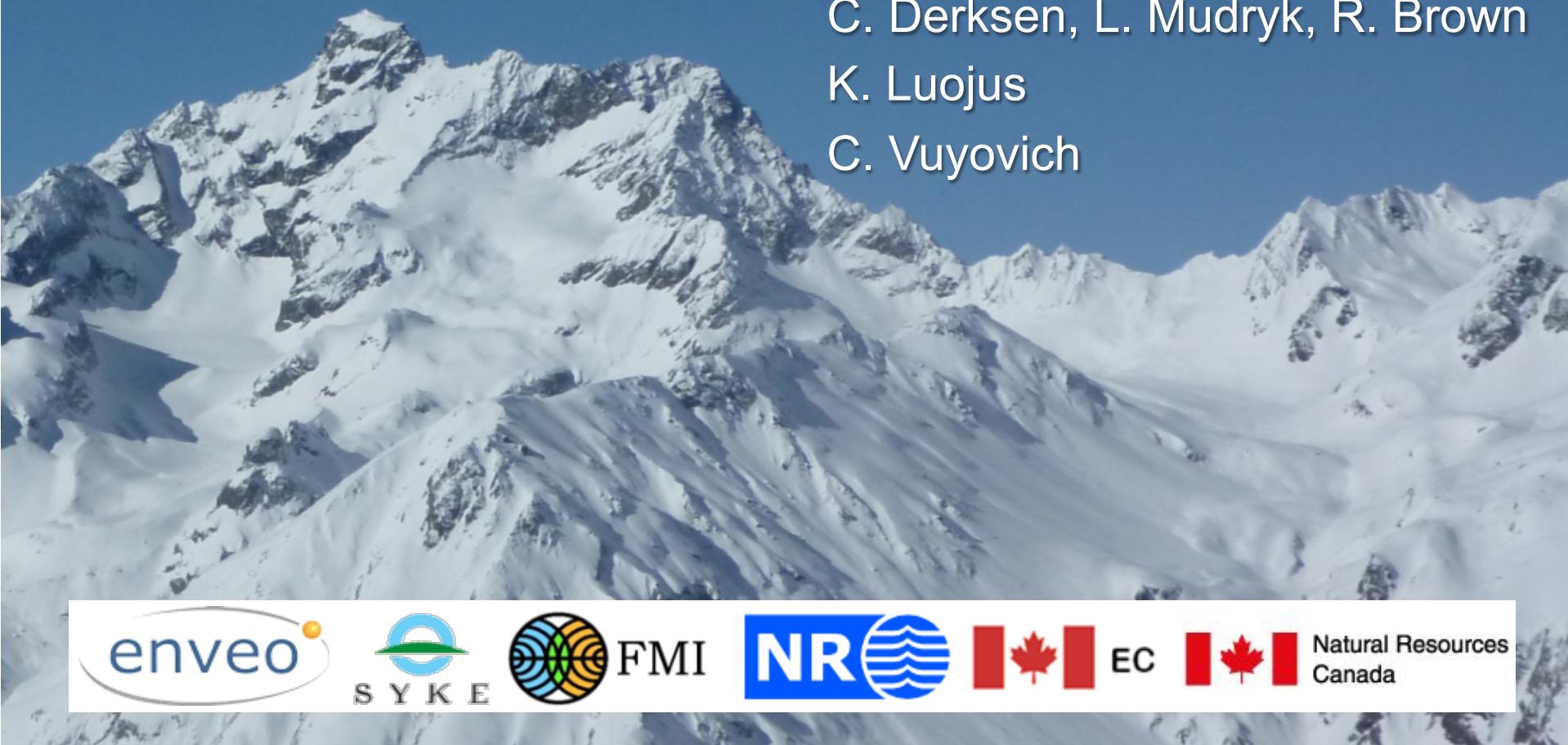


# Overview of SnowPEx Snow Water Equivalent Activities



C. Derksen, L. Mudryk, R. Brown  
K. Luojus  
C. Vuyovich



EC



Natural Resources  
Canada

# Recap of Workshop 1: SWE splinter session discussions/decisions



- SWE is the parameter to be assessed, additional parameters (i.e. melt onset) may follow later; grain size, stratigraphy, etc., while important for passive microwave snow products, will not be considered in this phase
- NH - 25km EASE-grid2, no permanent ice, 2002-2011 (AMSR-E era)
  - NASA AMSR-E standard
  - NASA AMSR-E prototype
  - GlobSnow
- Range of algorithmic approaches: pmw standalone; pmw+climatology; pmw+daily weather station observations
- Project partners responsible for each reference dataset will contribute to a central repository for consistent application of the matchups and statistics
- Only coincident samples (found in each and every product) will be evaluated, initial target period is all available data since 2002 but may be refined: equal balance between time & space & region & snow class must be pursued to minimize sampling biases
- Dense network data and gridded non EO-products will be used for evaluation, sparse network data will not be used in this phase

# SnowPEx SWE Datasets



Dataset	Method	Ancillary/ Forcing Data	Resolution	Time Series	Reference
GlobSnow	Passive microwave + in situ	Weather station snow depth measurements	25 km	1979-2015	Takala et al (2011)
NASA AMSR-E standard	Standalone passive microwave		25 km	2002-2011	Kelly (2009)
NASA AMSR-E prototype	Microwave + ground station climatology	Weather station snow depth climatology	25 km	2002-2011	TBD
ERAint-Land	HTESSEL land surface model	ERA-interim	0.75° x 0.75°	1981-2010	Balsamo et al (2013)
MERRA	Catchment land surface model	MERRA	0.5° x 0.67°	1981-2010	Rienecker et al (2011)
Crocus	ISBA land surface + Crocus snow model	ERA-interim	1° x 1°	1981-2010	Brun et al (2013)
GLDAS-2	Noah 3.3 land surface model	Princeton Met.	1° x 1°	1981-2010	Rodell et al (2004)

# SnowPEx SWE Datasets



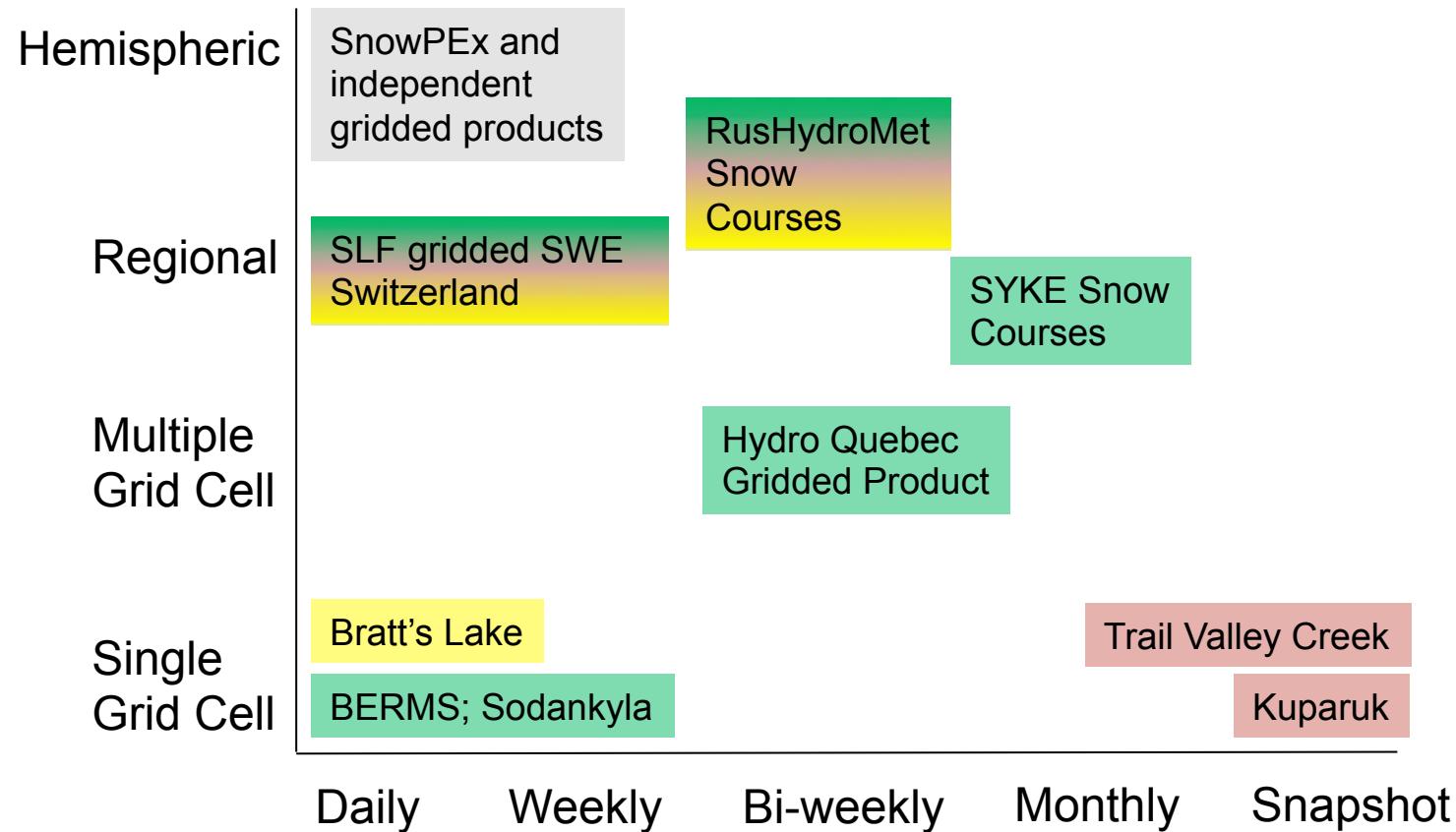
Dataset	Abbreviation	Snow Scheme	Land Model	Forcing Data	Resolution	Reference
GlobSnow	GS	satellite passive microwave + <i>in situ</i> <sup>1</sup>			25 km	Takala et al. (2011)
ERA-I-Land	E	simple	HTESEL	ERA-Interim	3/4° × 3/4°	Balsamo et al. (2013)
MERRA	M	intermediate	Catchment	MERRA	1/2° × 2/3°	Rienecker et al. (2011)
Crocus	C	complex	ISBA	ERA-Interim	1° × 1°	Brun et al. (2013)
GLDAS-2	G2	simple	Noah 3.3	Princeton Met.	1° × 1°	Rodell et al. (2004)
GLDAS-1*	G1n	simple	Noah 2.7	GDAS+CMAP	1° × 1°	Rodell et al. (2004)
	G1m	simple	Mosaic			
	G1v	intermediate	VIC			
	G1c	intermediate	CLM			
Can. Met. Centre*	CMC	simple + <i>in situ</i> <sup>2</sup>		GEM	35km	Bransnett (1999)
MERRA-Land*	ML	intermediate	Catchment	MERRA	1° × 1°	Reichle et al. (2011)

# Reference Data for SWE Evaluation

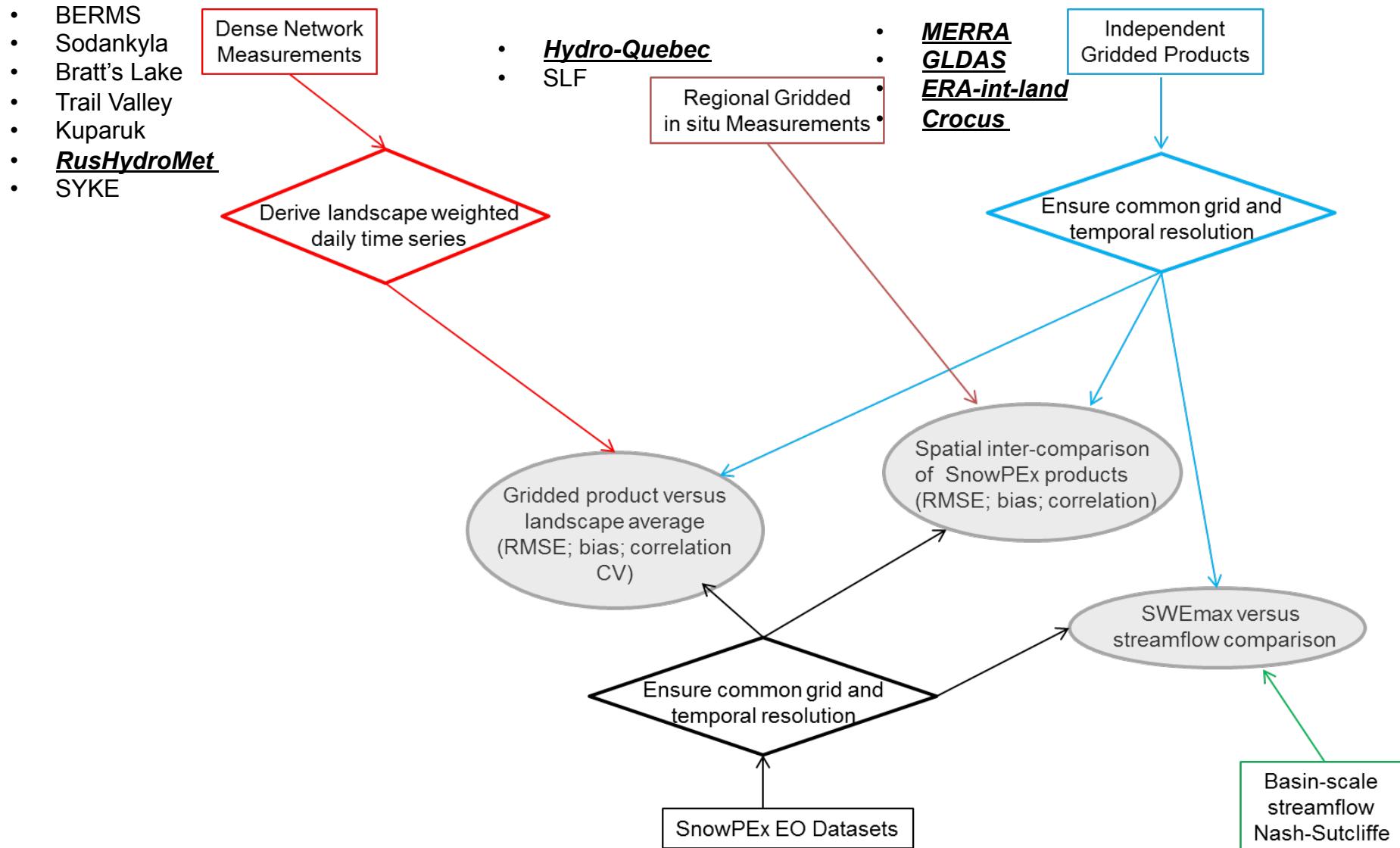


<b><i>Dataset</i></b>	<b><i>Region</i></b>	<b><i>Snow Class</i></b>	<b><i>Method</i></b>	<b><i>Time Period</i></b>	<b><i>Temporal Resolution</i></b>	<b><i>Contact</i></b>
Boreal Ecosystem Research and Monitoring Sites	Saskatchewan	Taiga	Sonic snow depth	1997-2014	Daily	H Wheater, U. Saskatchewan
Environment Canada – Bratt's Lake	Saskatchewan	Prairie	Sonic snow depth; manual surveys	2011-	Daily	C Smith, Environment Canada
FMI – Sodankyla	Finland	Taiga	Sonic snow depth; cosmic	19xx-2014	Daily	J. Pulliainen, FMI
Trail Valley Creek	Northwest Territories	Tundra	Sonic snow depth	2002-2014	Daily (with gaps)	P. Marsh, WLU
Finnish Environment Institute Snow Surveys	Finland	Taiga	Manual snow course	19xx-2014	Monthly	S. Metsämaäki, SYKE
RusHydroMet Snow Surveys	Russia	Prairie; Taiga; Tundra	Manual snow course	1966-2009	Bi-weekly	O. Bulygina, RIHMI-WDC
Hydro-Quebec Snow Survey Network	Quebec	Taiga	Kriged snow course	1999-2013	SWEmax	D. Tapsoba (IREQ)
Kuparuk River Basin Surveys	North Slope	Tundra	Manual	2006-2013	SWEmax	S. Steufer (UAF)
SLF Gridded SWE	Switzerland	Open; Alpine	Observations + distributed snow model	1998-2014	Daily	T. Jonas (SLF)

# Assessment of Reference Data for Sampling Bias



# SnowPEx SWE Workflow

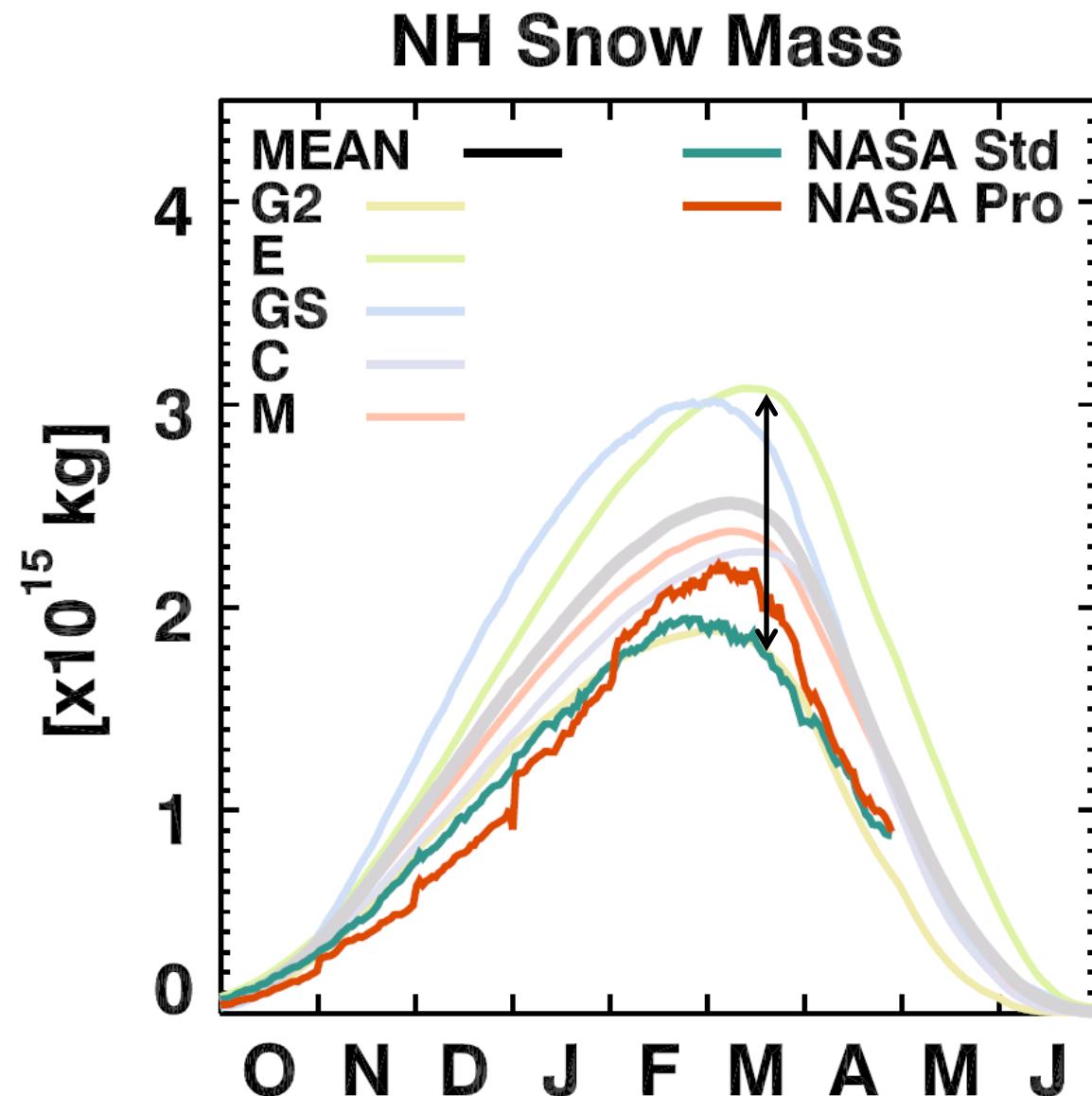


# SnowPEx SWE Status Update

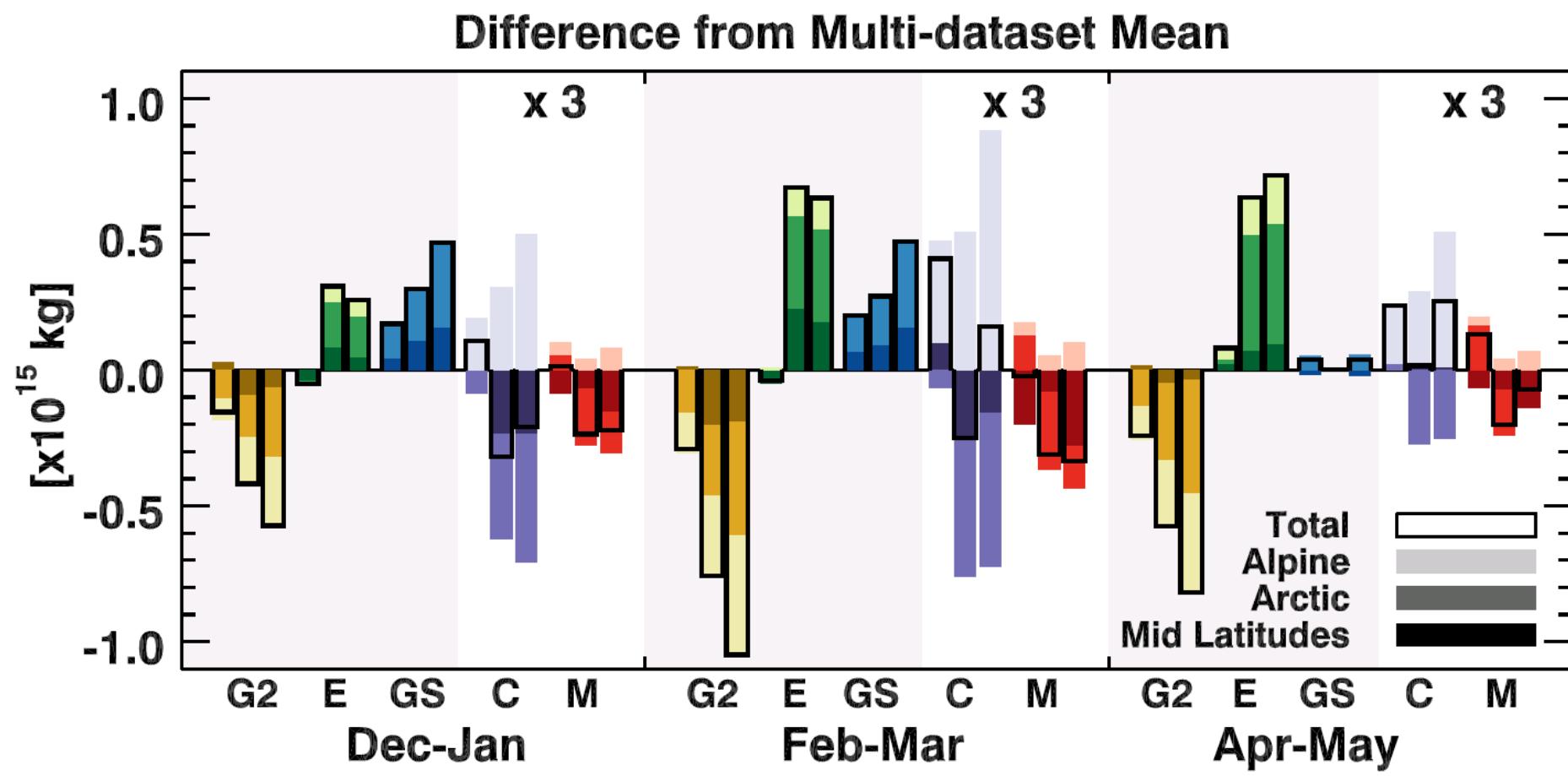


- Product acquisition and pre-processing:  
-Participating SnowPEx and independent gridded SWE products in place
- Reference datasets:  
-Acquired; distribution generally restricted but available upon request
- Gridded dataset inter-comparison:  
-Completed (presentation by Lawrence; J. Climate paper)
- Comparison with in situ reference datasets (SYKE; FMI; RusHydroMet):  
-evaluation of SnowPEx and gridded SWE products completed (presentation by Kari)
- Comparison with in situ reference datasets (North American; SLF):  
-evaluation of SnowPEx and independent gridded products underway (presentation by Ross)
- Watershed analysis  
-in progress (presentation by Carrie)
- Trend analysis  
-in progress (presentation by Lawrence)

# Snow Mass Climatology

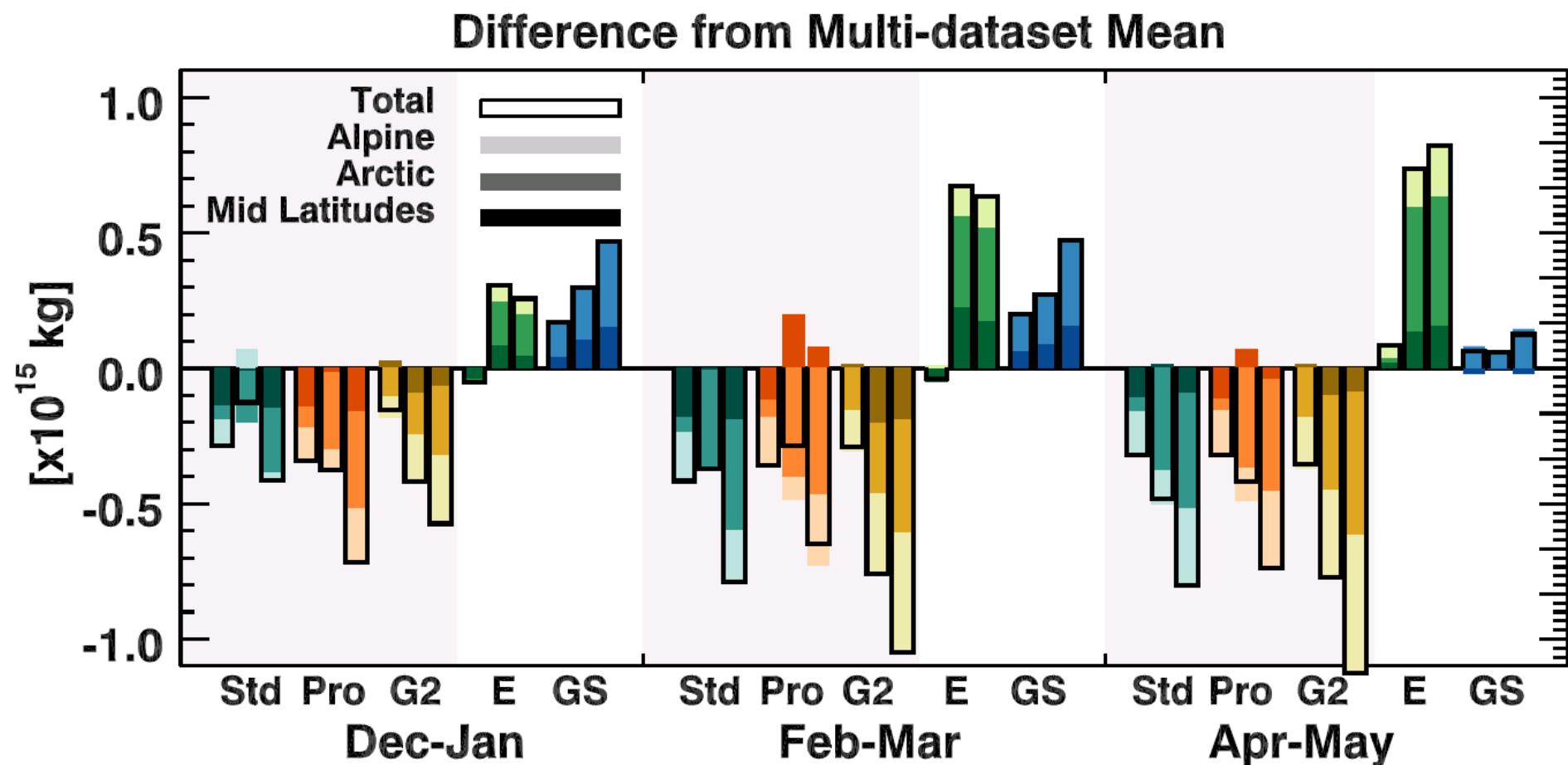


# Difference From Multi-Dataset Mean

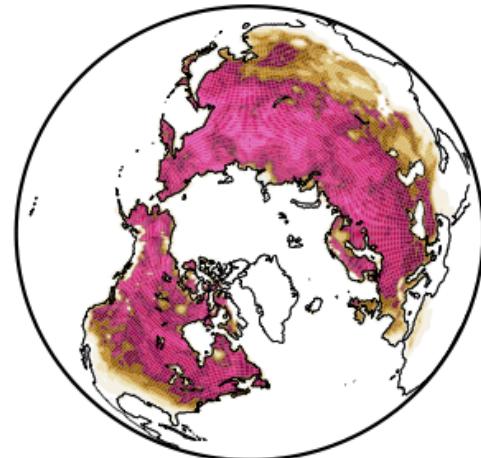


*Mudryk et al., J. Climate, in press*

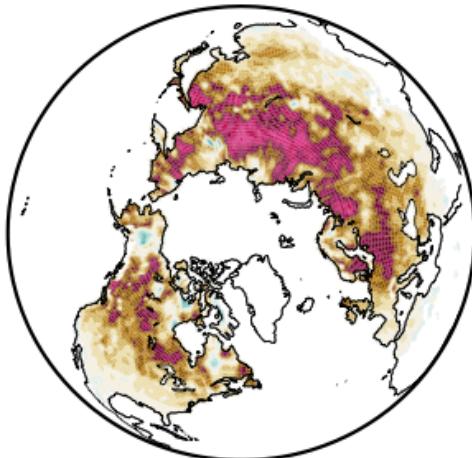
# Difference From Multi-Dataset Mean



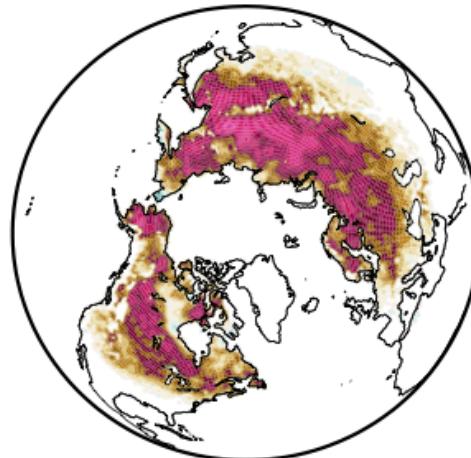
# Anomaly Correlation



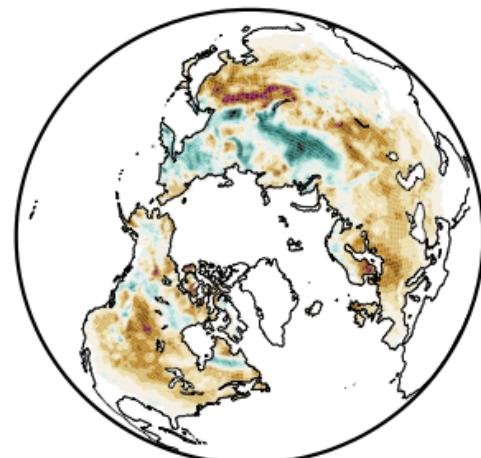
M/E/C



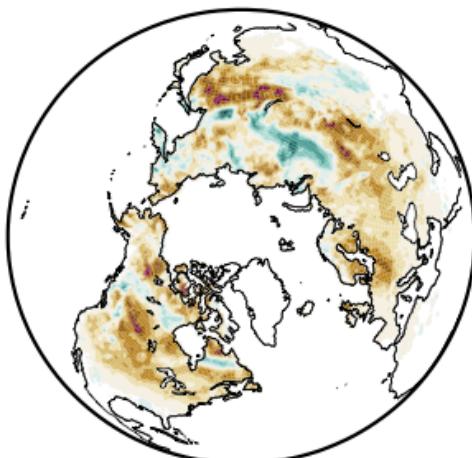
G2 - M/E/C



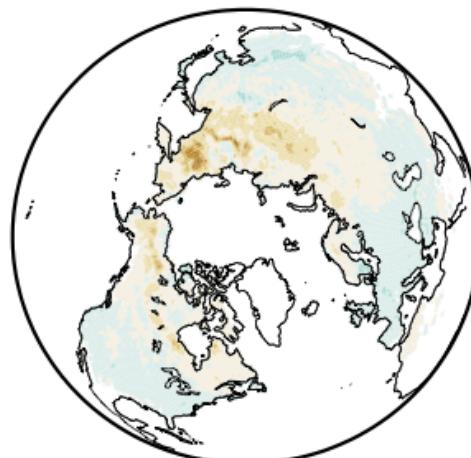
GS - M/E/C



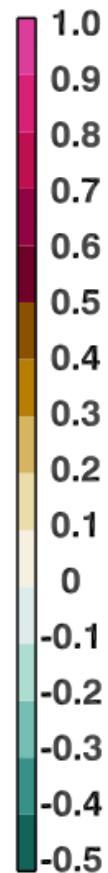
Ns - M/E/C



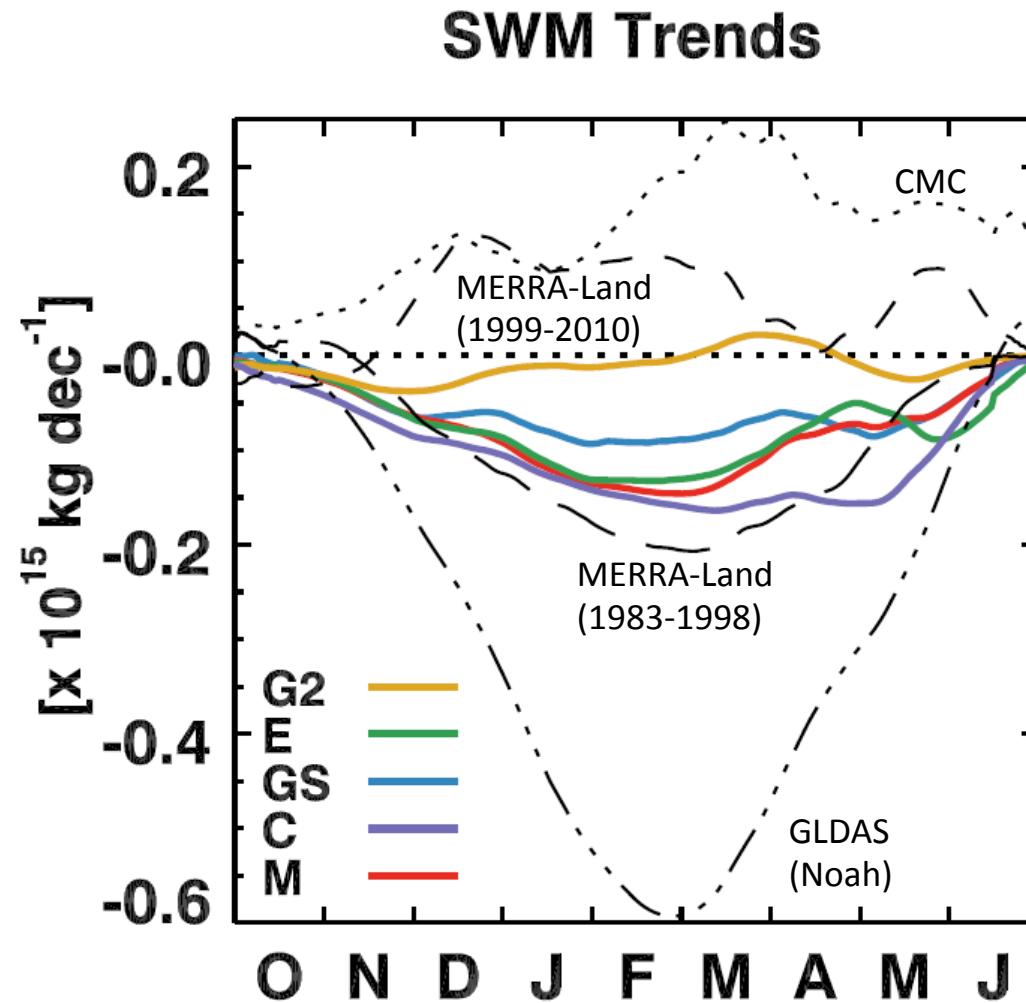
Np - M/E/C



Np - Ns



# Trends

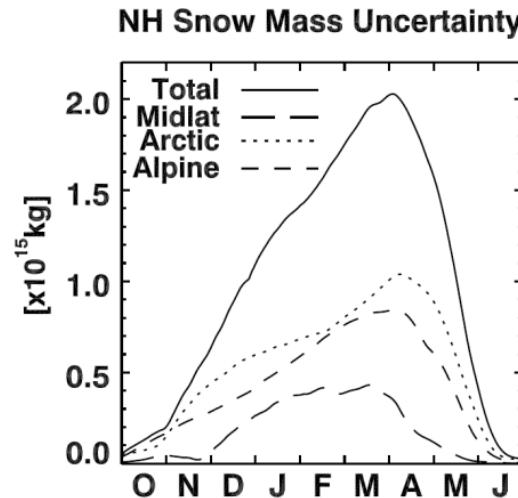


# Summary

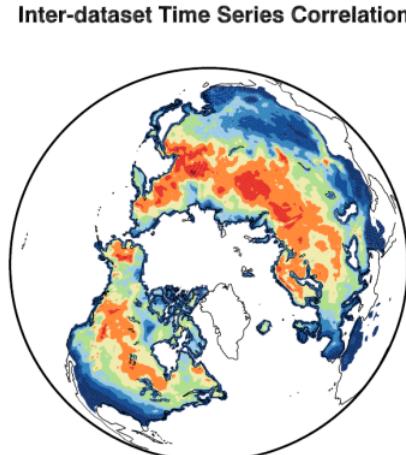
Analysis workflow refined since workshop 1:

1. comparison with reference datasets (Kari/Ross): determination of bias
  2. comparison between spatial datasets (Lawrence): determination of spread
  3. watershed scale analysis (Carrie): hydrological impacts
  4. trend computations (largely forthcoming): climate analyses
- SnowPEX results will make important contributions to CMIP6 (Chris) and new snow mission concept studies at CSA, ESA, and JPL.

***For satellite derived snow water equivalent, we acknowledge fundamental challenges to the retrieval of SWE from conventional satellite measurements: new novel mission concepts are required***



Uncertainty in snow mass climatology  
evenly distributed across snow types



Peak inter-dataset agreement across  
the boreal forest