

■ ECMWF Report on ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 ■

Title: Report on ERS-2 SAR wave height data.

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Date: *7 August 2002*

Overview:

On average, about 405 SAR wave mode spectra arrived at ECMWF every 6 hours of which 18.3% have been rejected. Data coverage, which was rather good, can be seen in Figure 1. There was significant reduction in data reception at time slots centred at 00:00 and 06:00 on the 14th., at 00:00 on the 15th., at 12:00 on the 24th., and at 00:00 and 06:00 on the 25th. of the month.

In general, the SAR data are in good agreement with the model except for a slight negative bias as can be seen in Figures 11 and 12.

Wave Height Comparison (bias):

ERS-2 global: -0.037 m

ERS-2 northern hemisphere: 0.094 m

ERS-2 tropics: -0.003 m

ERS-2 southern hemisphere: -0.135 m



■ ECMWF Report on ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 ■

Remarks:

- The SAR worked normally this month.

Definitions:

Four new integrated parameters are used to compare the SAR and the model spectra. These parameters are:

1. The mean wave period based on the ‘-1th.’ moment (m_{-1}) defined as:

$$T_{-1} = m_{-1} / m_0$$

where m_0 and m_{-1} are the zeroth and the ‘-1th.’ moments of the wave spectrum with the n -th. moment, in general, is defined as:

$$m_n = \int d\theta \int df \cdot f^n \cdot F(f, \theta)$$

F is the wave spectrum in frequency, f , - direction space. The comparison between ECMWF model and SAR mean wave periods for the whole month is given in Figure 7.

2. The wave directional spread defined as:

$$\sigma = \sqrt{2[1 - r_1(f)]}$$

$$r_1(f) = \int df \int d\theta \cdot F(f, \theta) \cdot \cos[\theta - \varphi(f)]$$



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■ ECMWF Report on ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 ■

$$\varphi(f) = \text{atan} \left\{ \left[\int d\theta \cdot F(f, \theta) \cdot \sin(\theta) \right] / \left[\int d\theta \cdot F(f, \theta) \cdot \cos(\theta) \right] \right\}$$

The comparison between ECMWF model and SAR wave directional spread values for the whole month is given in Figure 8.

3. The mean wave propagation direction defined as:

$$\varphi = \text{atan} \left\{ \left[\int df \int d\theta \cdot F(f, \theta) \cdot \sin(\theta) \right] / \left[\int df \int d\theta \cdot F(f, \theta) \cdot \cos(\theta) \right] \right\}$$

The comparison between ECMWF model and SAR mean wave propagation directions for the whole month is given in Figure 9.

4. The spectral peakedness parameter of Goda (Q_p) defined as:

$$Q_p = 2m_0^{-2} \int d\theta \int df \cdot f \cdot F^2(f, \theta)$$

The comparison between ECMWF model and SAR spectral peakedness (or roughly, spectral narrowness) values for the whole month is given in Figure 10.



■ ECMWF Report on ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 ■

Figure captions:

Figure 1: Time series of data reception for ERS-2 Altimeter data for July 2002.

Figure 2: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS-2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (global).

Figure 3: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS-2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (northern hemisphere)

Figure 4: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS-2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (tropics)

Figure 5: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS-2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (southern hemisphere)

Figure 6: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of bias (ERS-2 - model) and scatter index (SI).

Figure 7: Comparison of ECMWF mean wave periods with ERS-2 SAR mean wave periods for July 2002 (global).

Figure 8: Comparison of ECMWF wave directional spread with that of ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 (global).

Figure 9: Comparison of ECMWF mean wave directions with those of ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 (global).

Figure 10: Comparison of ECMWF wave peakedness factor with that of ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 (global).

Figure 11: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of daily bias (ERS-2 - model) for the past year.

Figure 12: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of daily root mean square difference (RMSE) for the past year.

Figure 13: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (global).

Figure 14: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (n. hem.).

Figure 15: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (tropics).

Figure 14: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (s. hem.).



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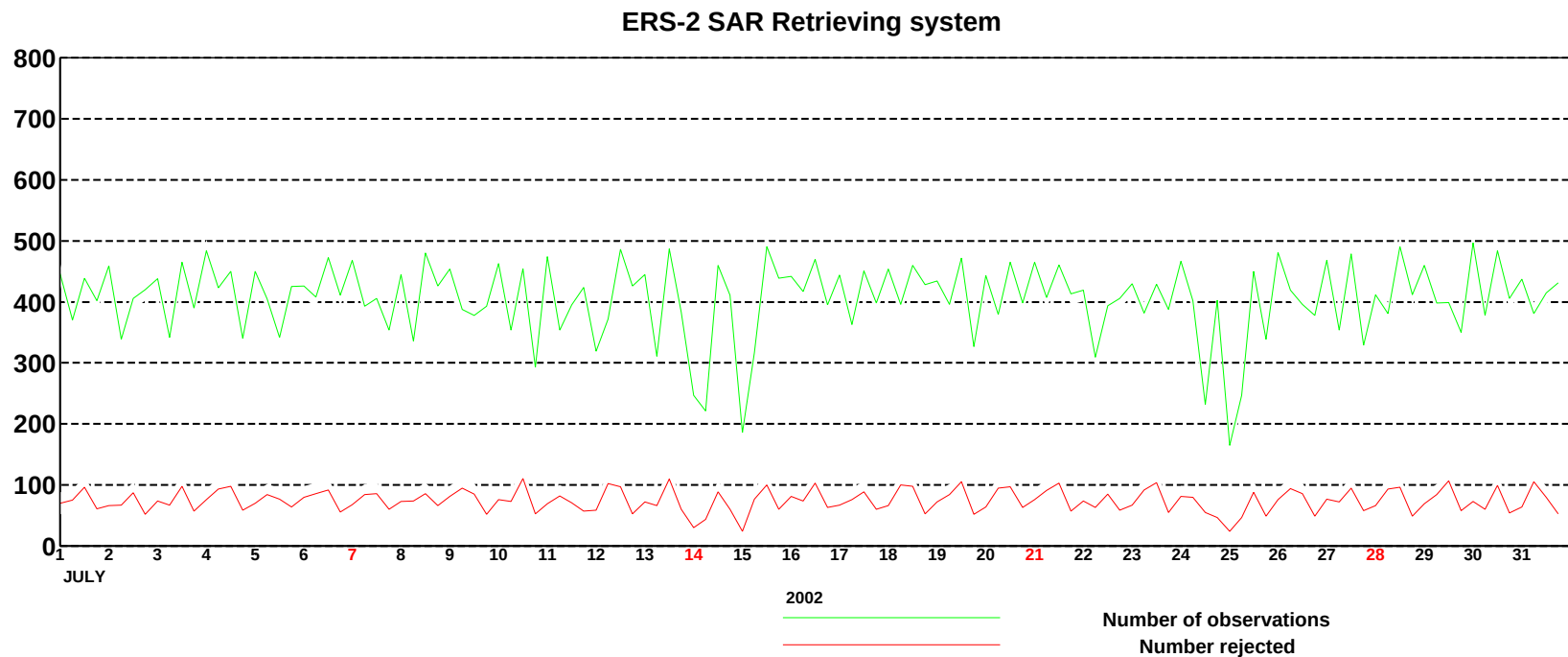


Figure 1: Time series of data reception for ERS-2 SAR wave mode spectra for July 2002

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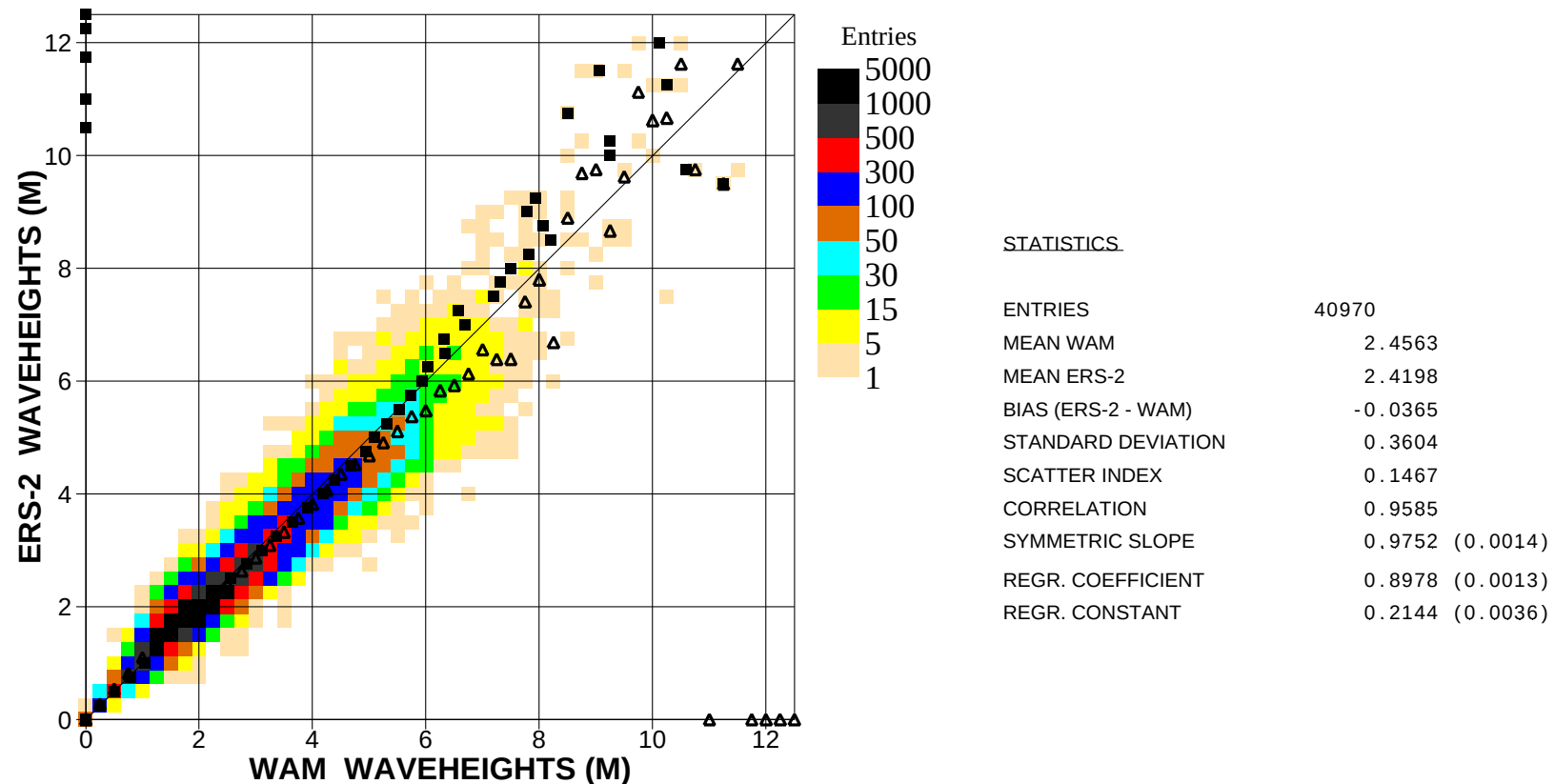


Figure 2: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (global)

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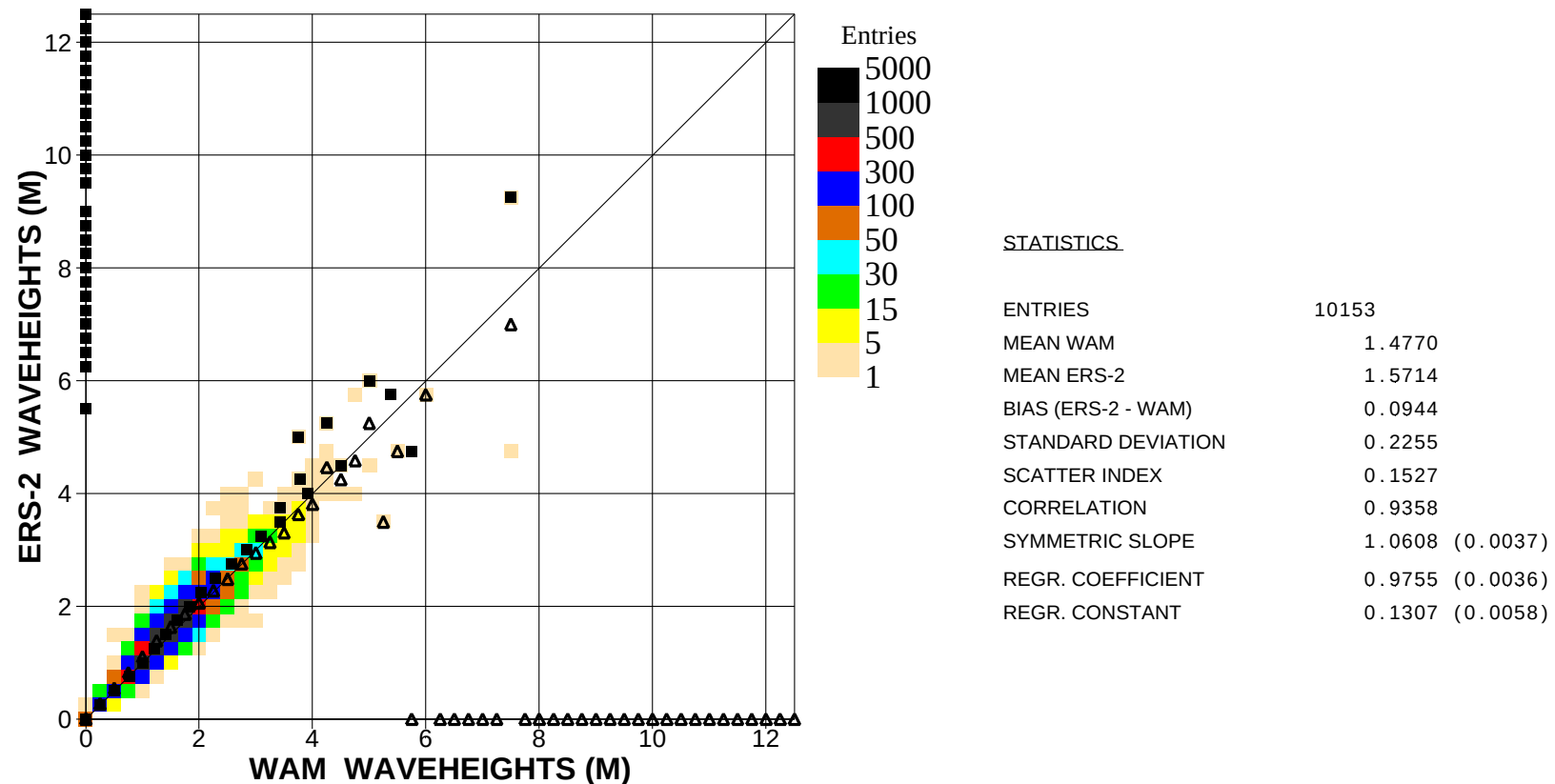


Figure 3: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (n.hem.)

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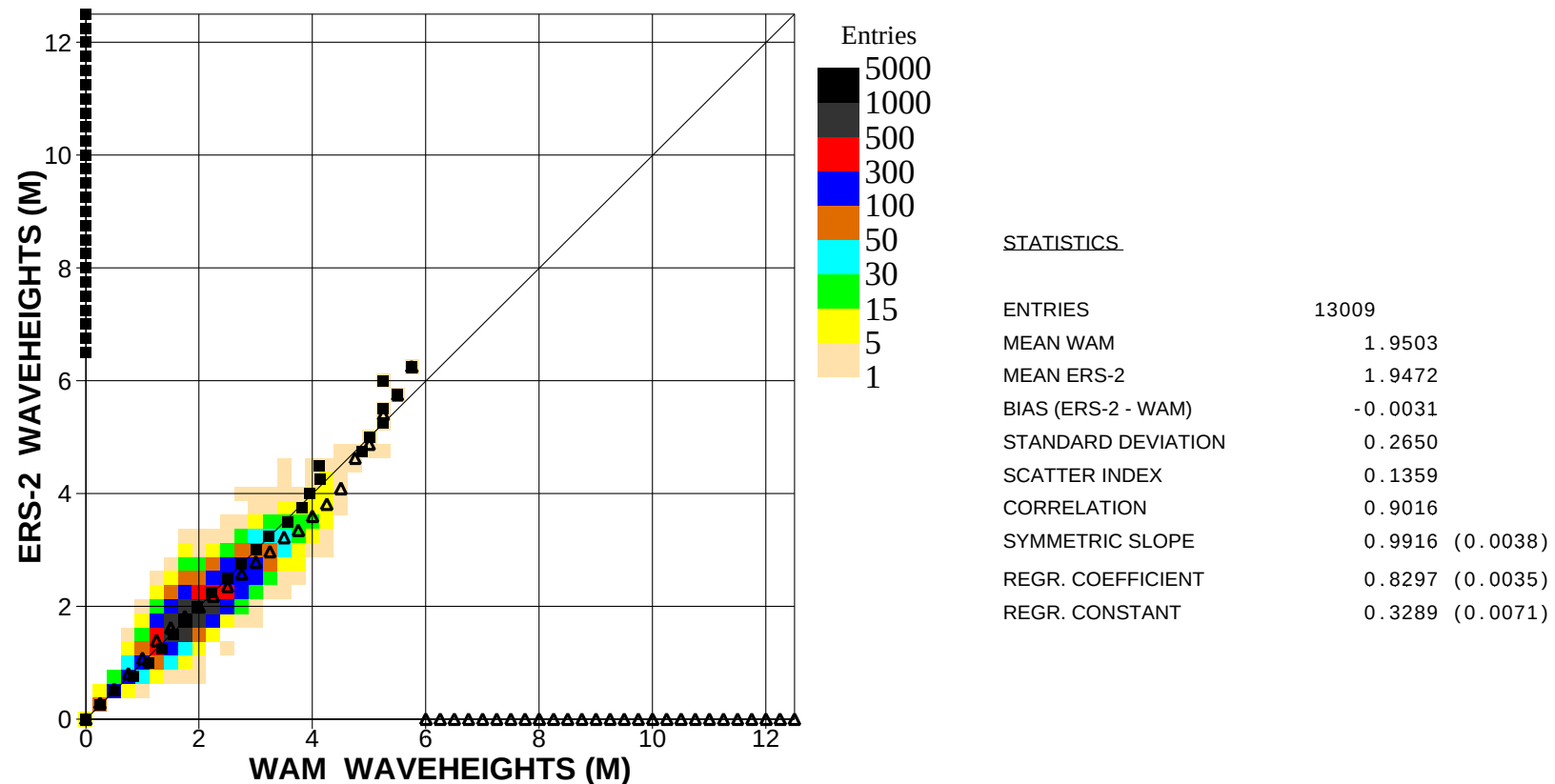


Figure 4: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (tropics)

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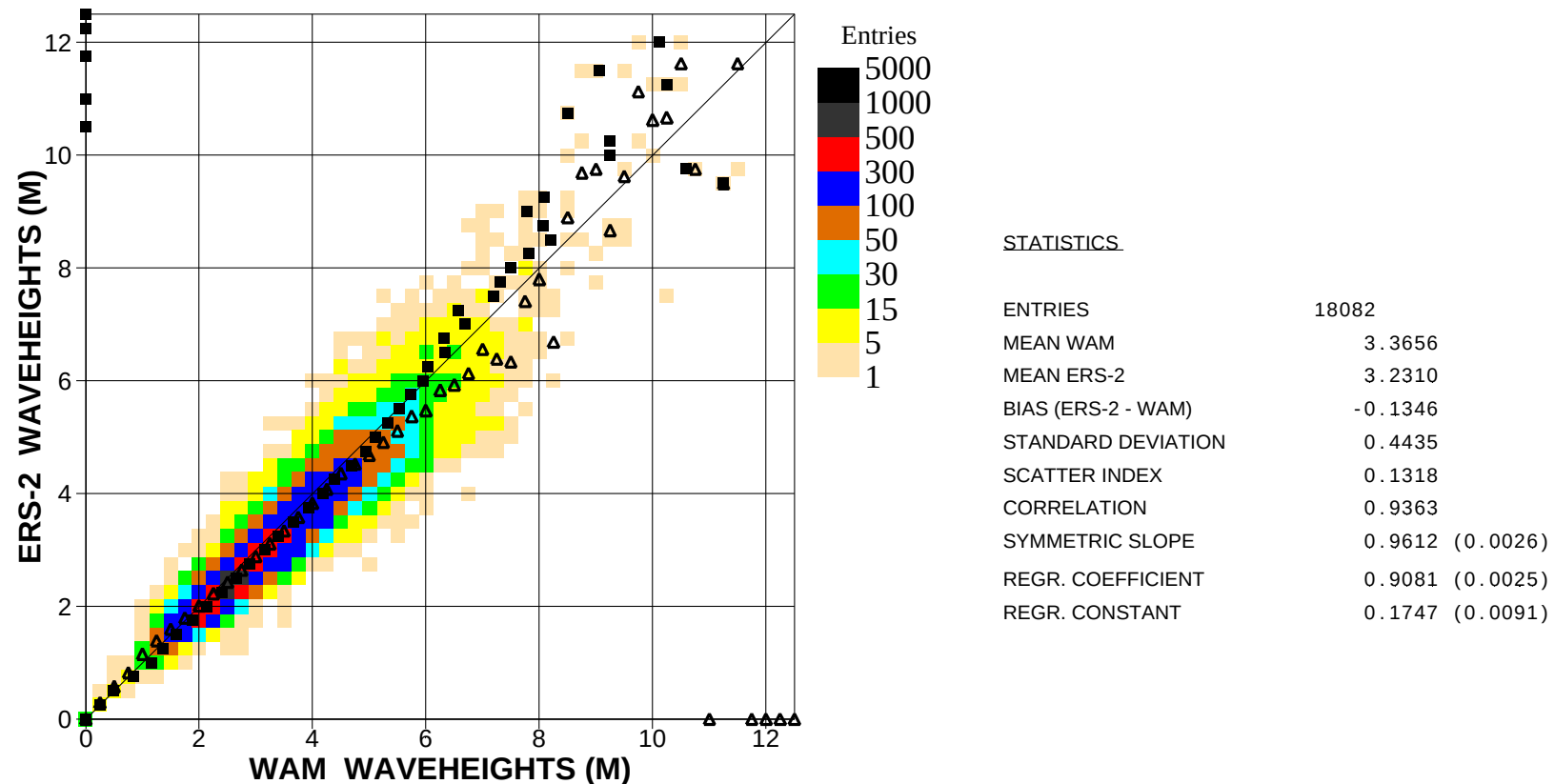


Figure 5: Comparison of ECMWF wave height results with ERS2 SAR wave height data for July 2002 (s.hem.)

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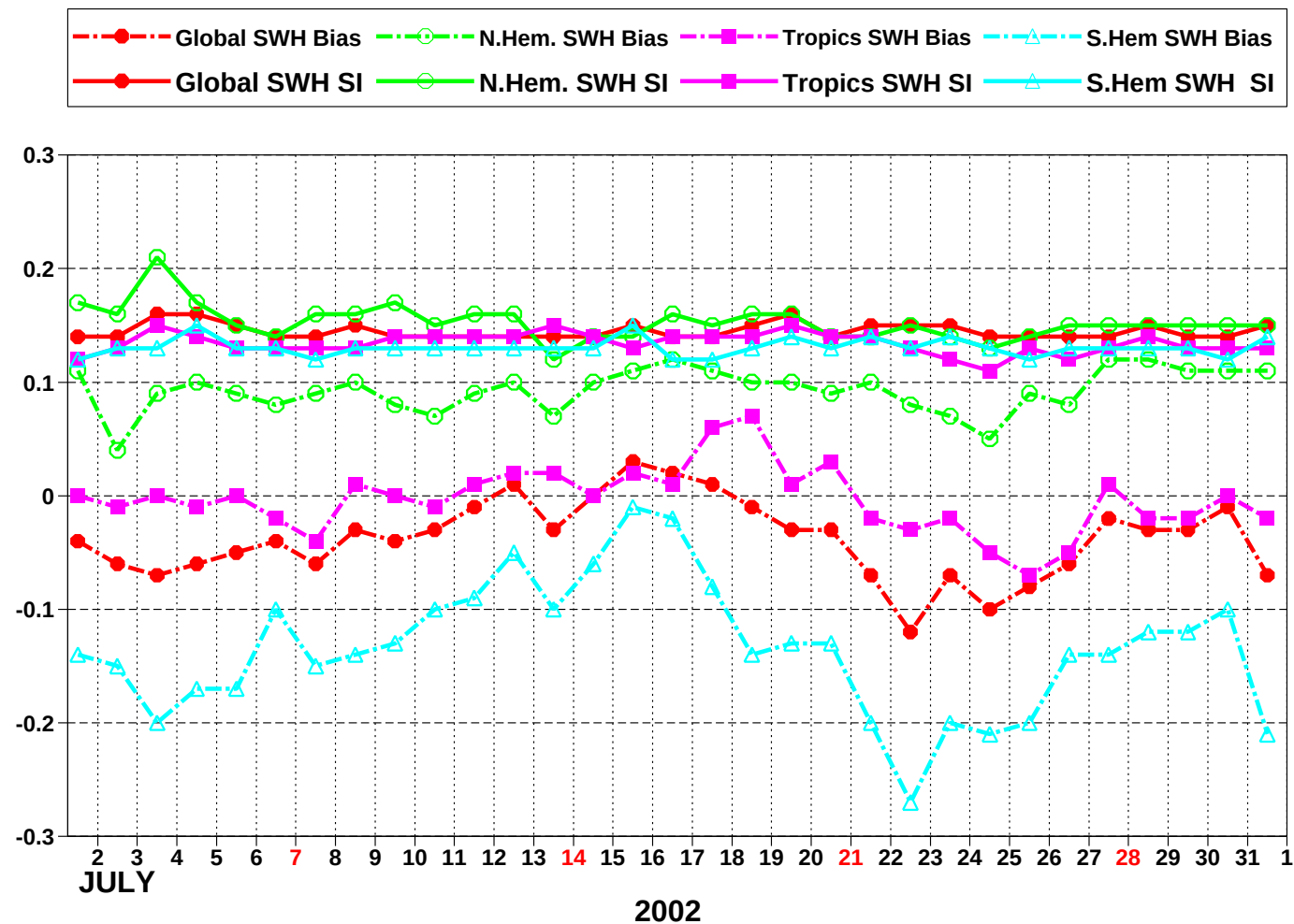


Figure 6: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of bias (ERS-2 - model) and scatter index (SI)

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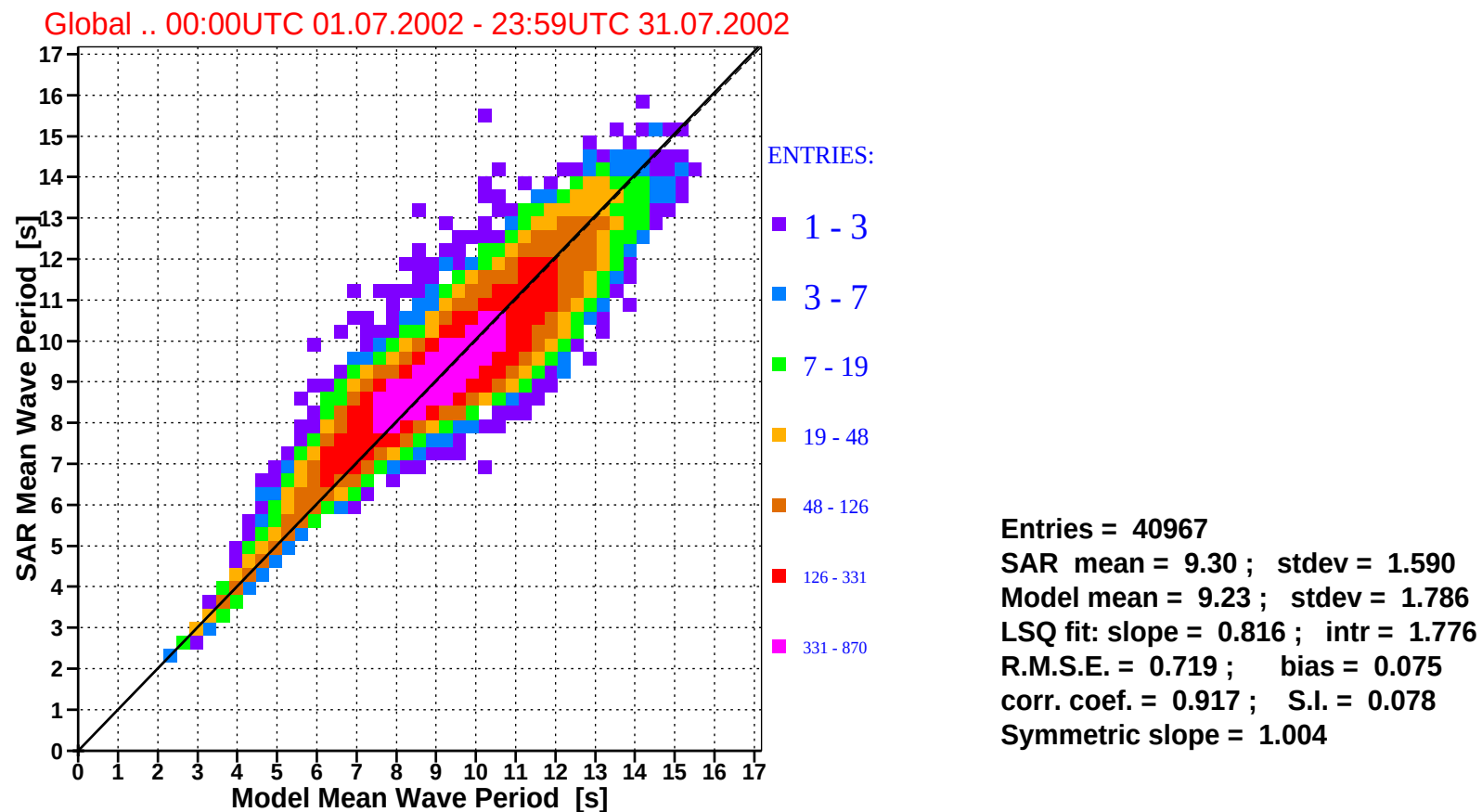


Figure 7: Comparison of ECMWF mean wave periods with ERS-2 SAR mean wave periods for July 2002 (global).

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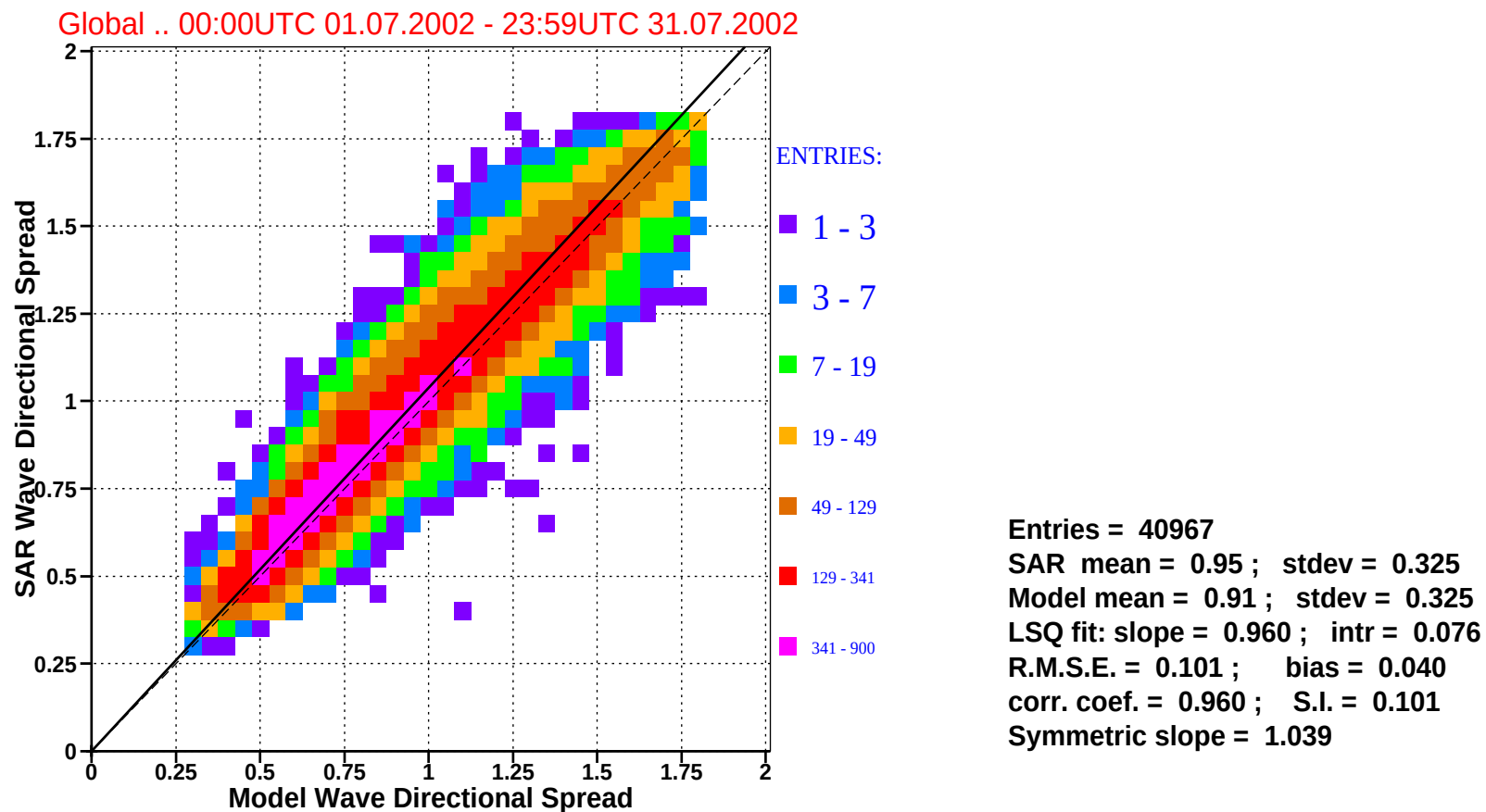


Figure 8: Comparison of ECMWF wave directional spread with that of ERS-2 SAR for july 2002 (global).

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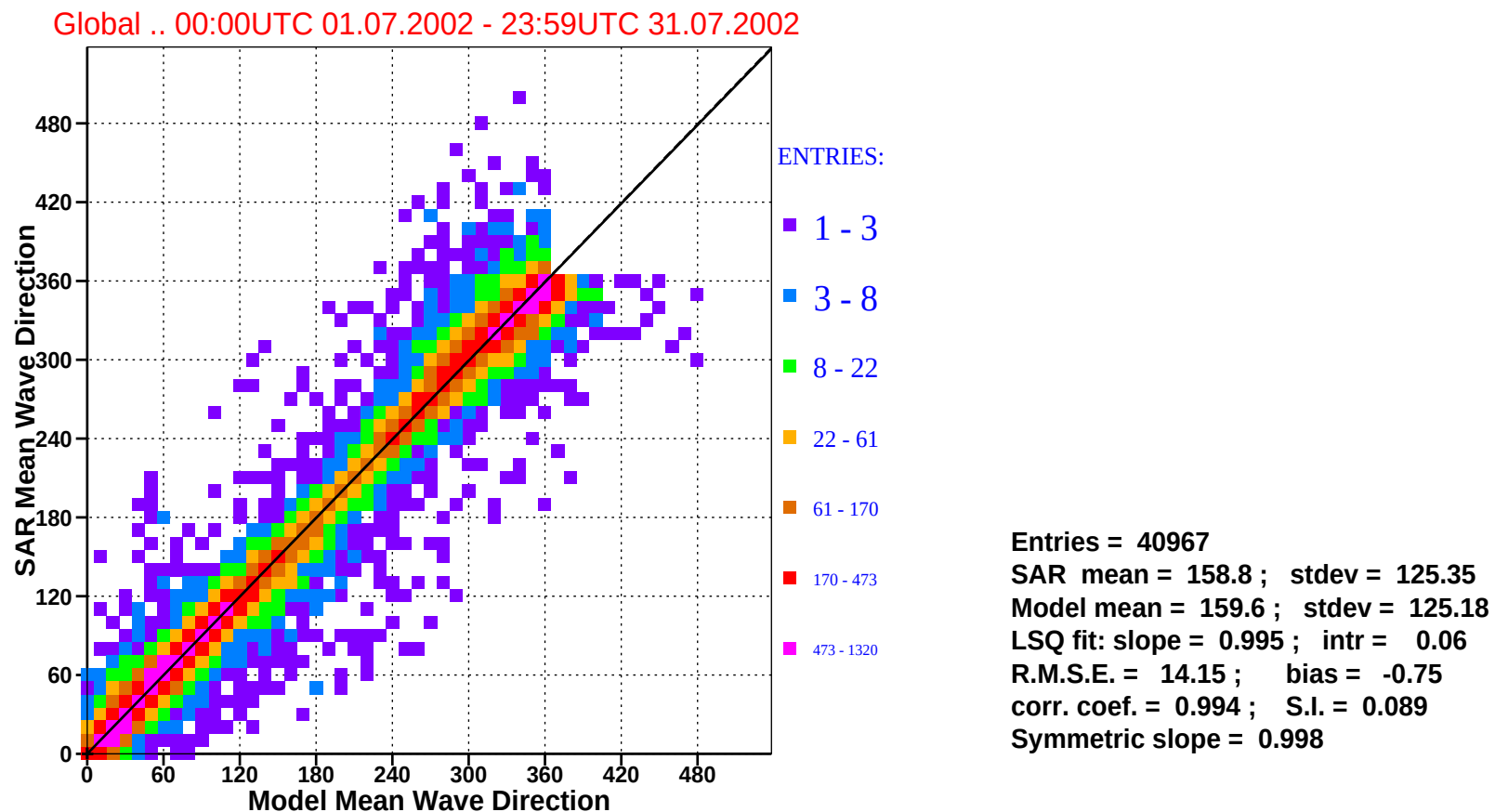


Figure 9: Comparison of ECMWF mean wave directions with that of ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 (global).

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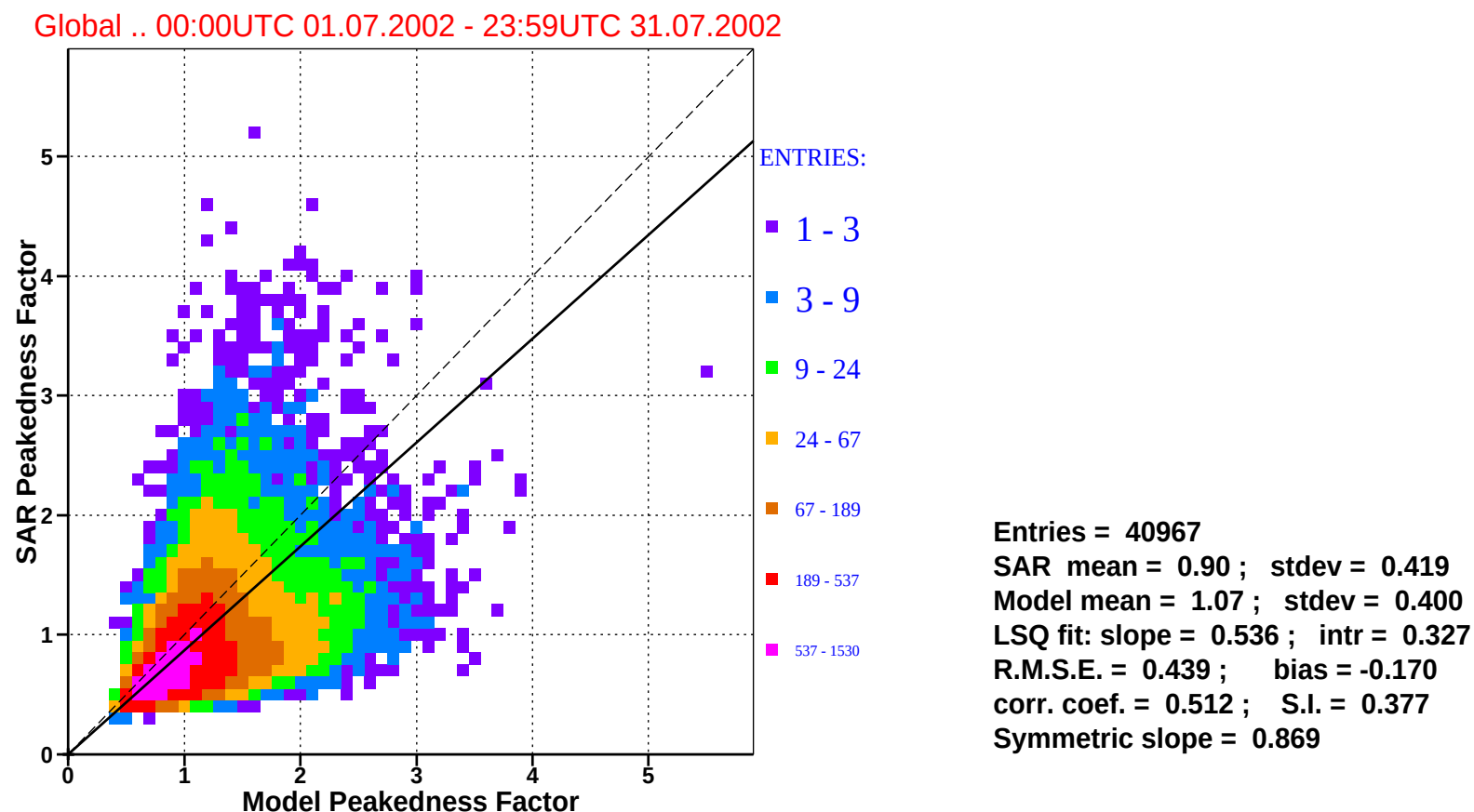


Figure 10: : Comparison of ECMWF wave peakedness factor with that of ERS-2 SAR for July 2002 (global).



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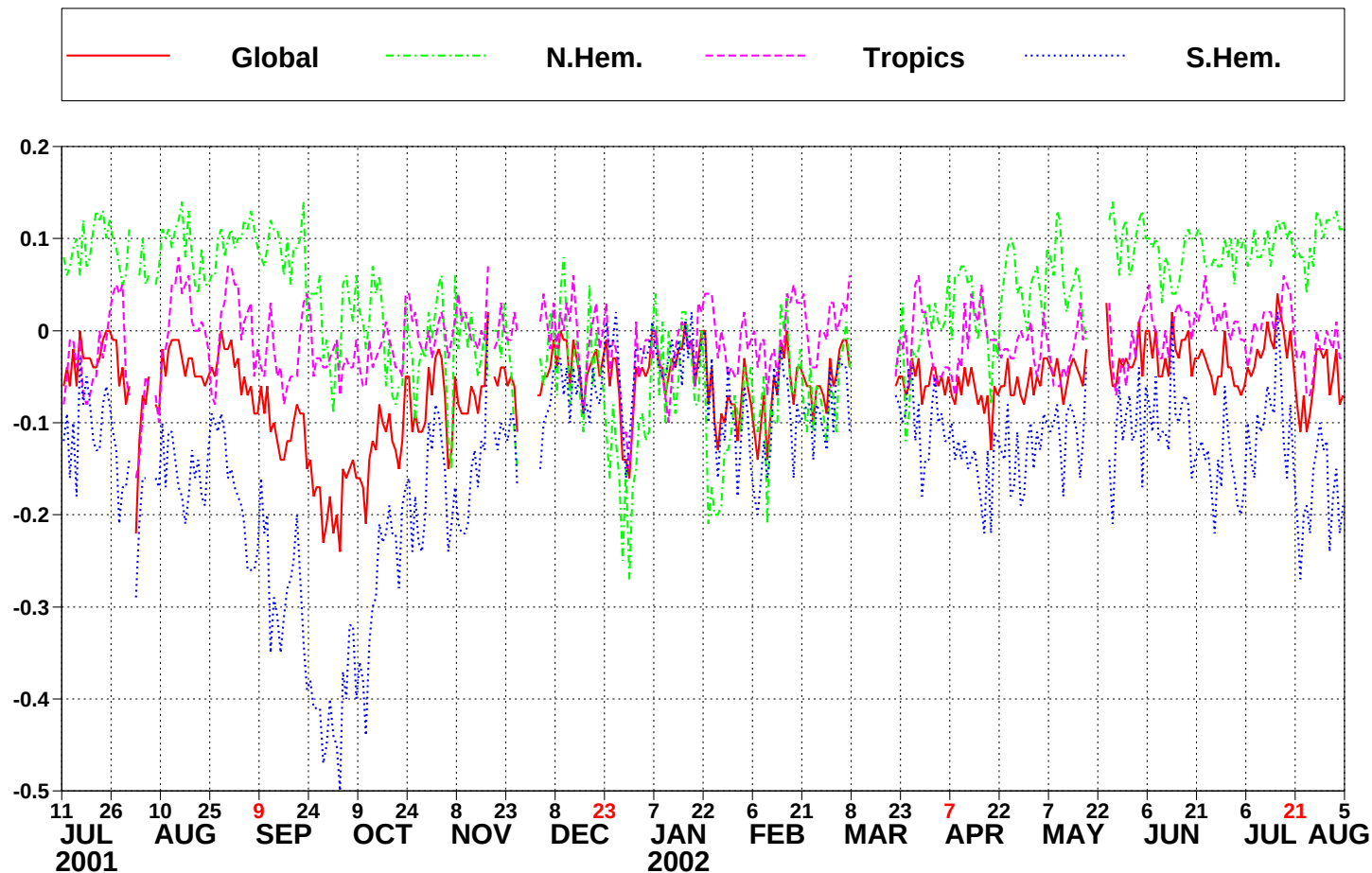


Figure 11: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of daily bias (ERS-2 - model) for the past year.



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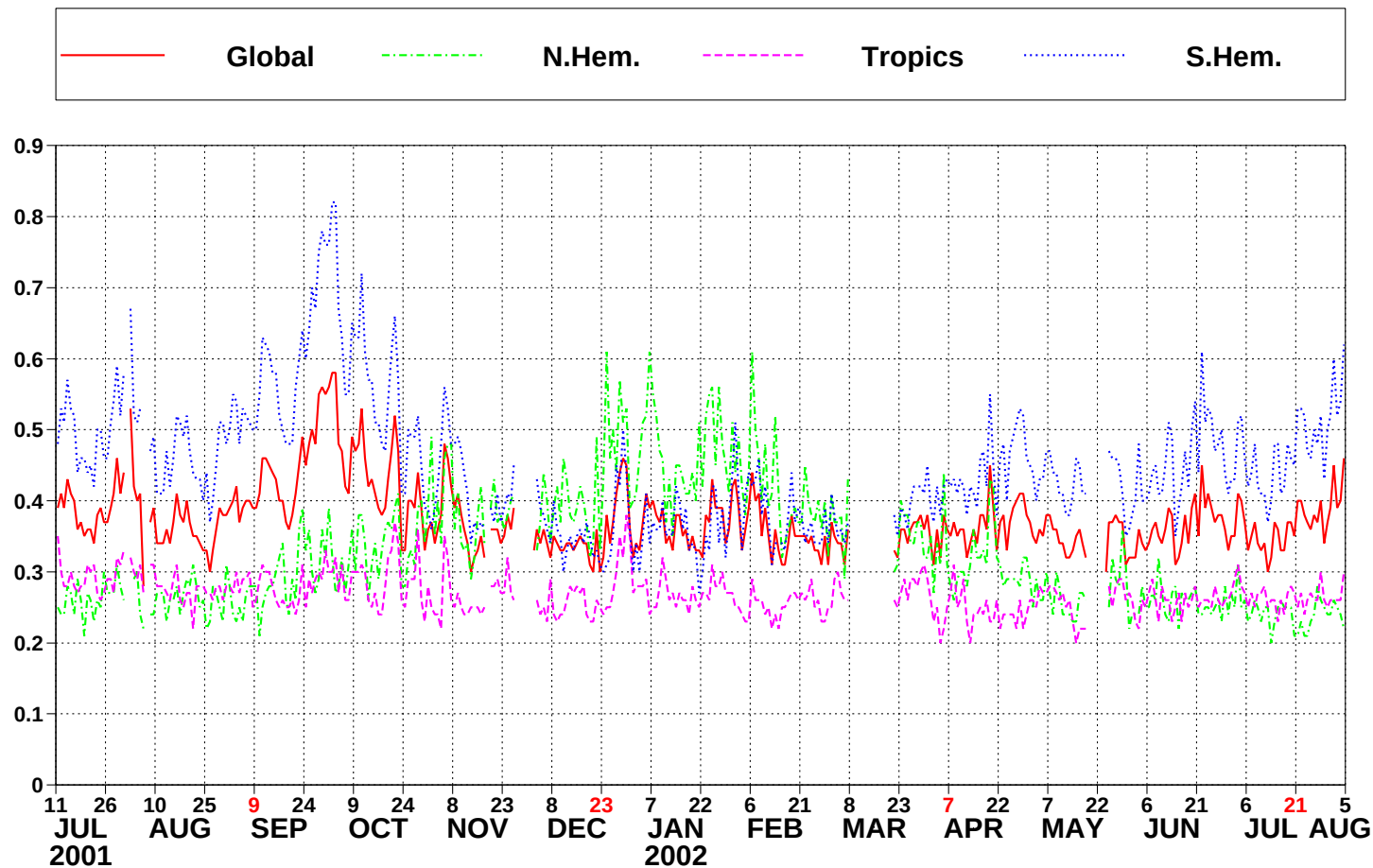


Figure 12: ERS-2 SAR wave heights: Timeseries of daily root mean square difference (RMSE) for the past year.

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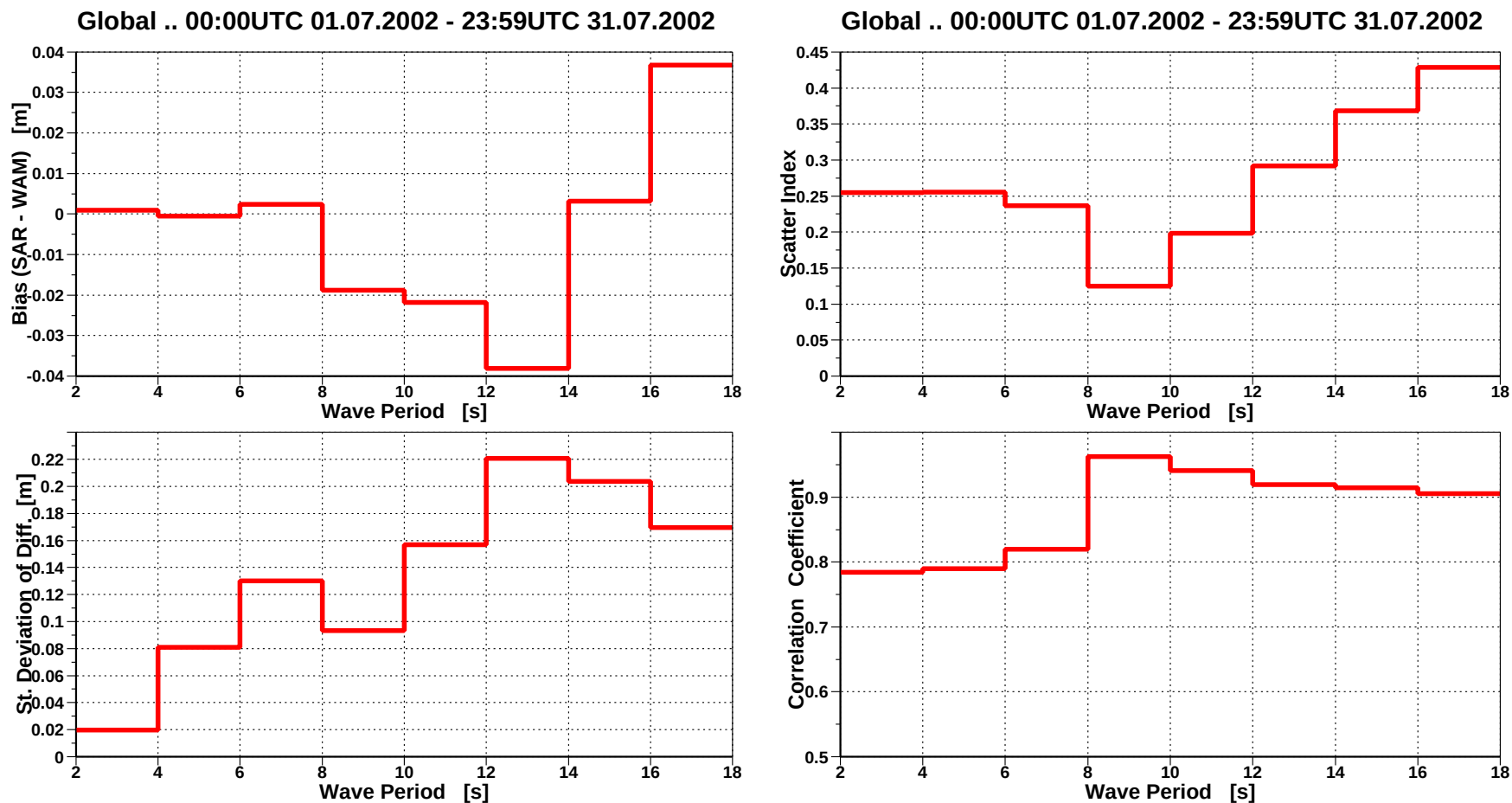


Figure 13: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (global).

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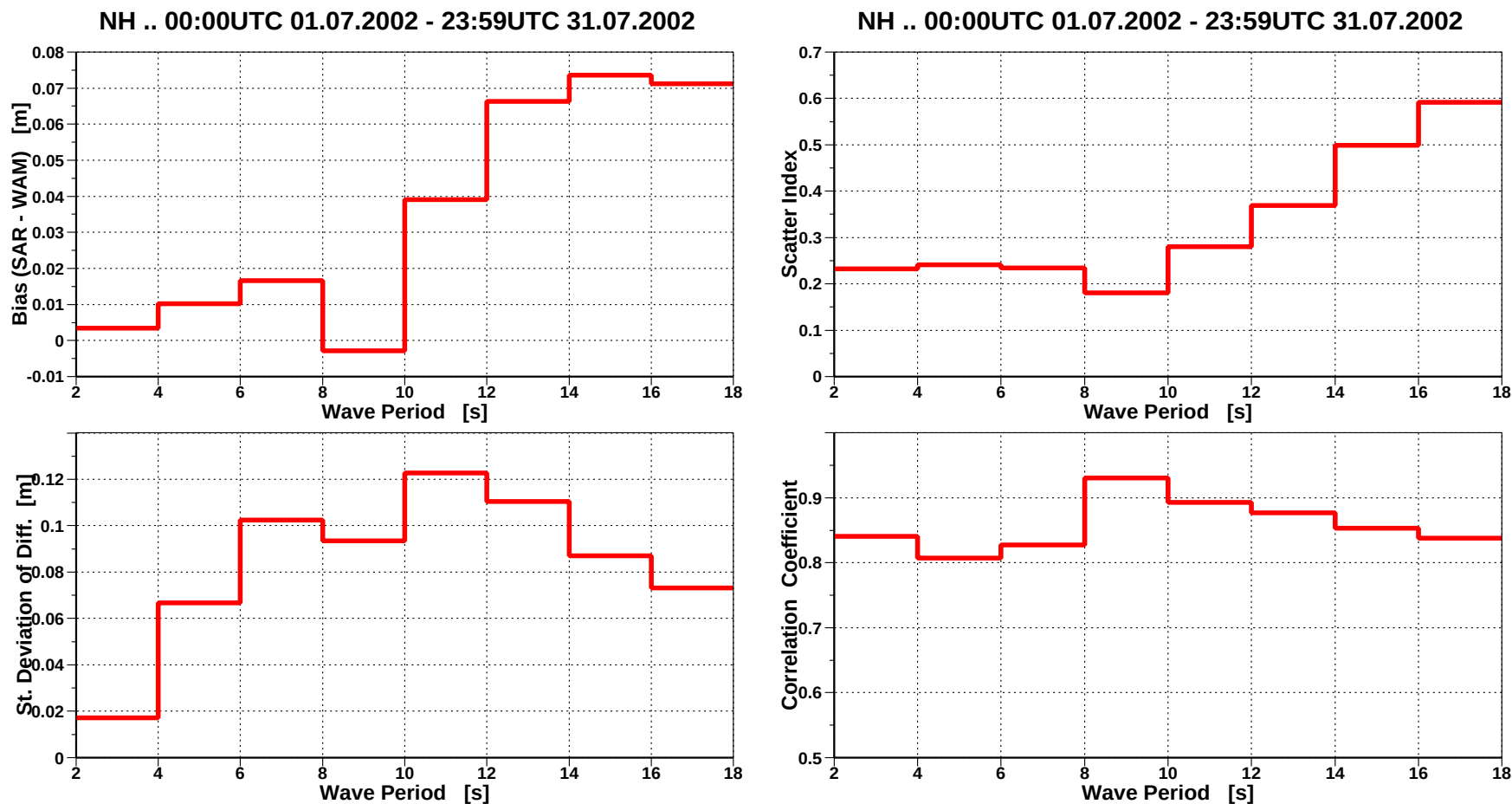


Figure 14: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (n.hem.).

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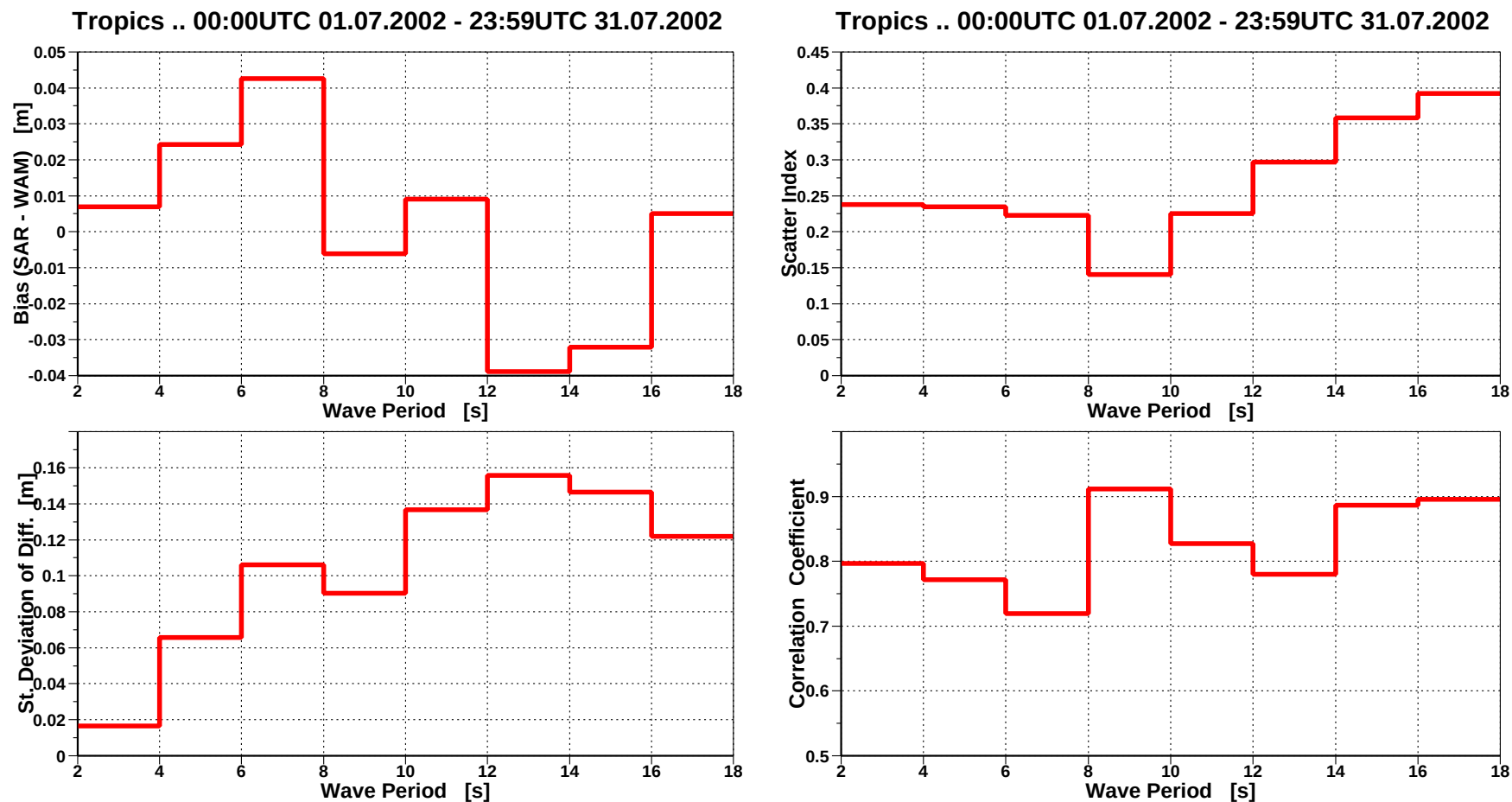


Figure 15: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (tropics).

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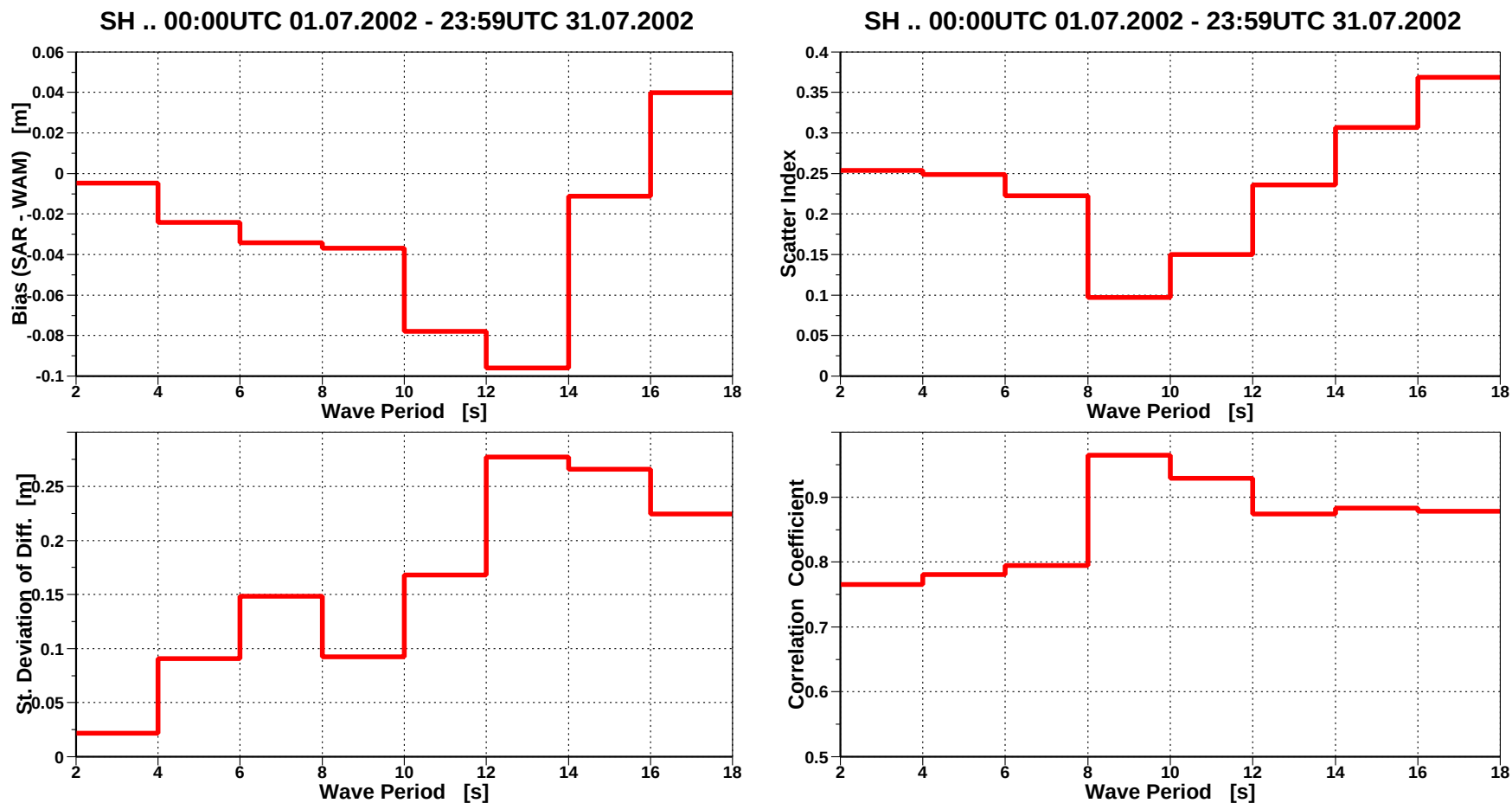


Figure 16: Comparison between SAR and ECMWF “2-second wave-period interval equivalent wave heights” for July 2002 (s.hem.).