

## **Report on ENVISAT Radar Altimeter - 2 (RA-2)**

### **Wind/Wave Product with Height Information (RA2 WWV 2P)**

**By:** *Saleh Abdalla*

**Date:** *18 August 2004*

#### **Overview:**

Based on the data received during this month, on average, 10828 observations arrived at ECMWF every 6-hour window of which an average of 4467 observations were rejected initially because of one of the following reasons: being over land, being outside model domain, being a double observation or flagged for rain contamination. On average 76.14% of the remaining part passed the quality control. There was no data during the following periods (in terms of 6-hour time-windows; all times are in UTC):

- Time window 12:00 on the 8th. of the month.
- Time windows 12:00 and 18:00 on the 9th. of the month.
- Time windows 06:00, 12:00 and 18:00 on the 10th., the 11th. and the 12th. of the month.
- From time window 18:00 on the 13th. to time window 06:00 on the 14th. of the month.
- Time windows centered at 00:00 on the 15th., the 16th., the 17th., the 18th., the 19th., the 20th., the 21st., the 24th., the 25th., the 28th., the 30th. and the 31st. of the month.

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- Time window 18:00 on the 18th. of the month.
- From time window 12:00 on the 20th. to time window 00:00 on the 21st. of the month.

Full nominal coverage continued until the 7th. of the month. A technical problem related to BUFR conversion at Kiruna was responsible for the partial loss of data between the 8th. and the 13th. of the month. The time series of the data coverage and some reasons of rejection can be seen in Figure 1. Note that we are talking about the raw data which we downloaded in "bufr" format before they were processed. RA-2 and MWR Instrument Processing Chain (IPF) V4.56 was operational at the ESA ENVISAT PDS processing centres at 07:31:27 UTC on Wednesday 26 November 2003.

## **Quality of Received Data:**

For the period covered, the RA-2 Ku-band wave height data are generally of good quality. The S-band wave height observations show a number of outliers. The quality of wind speed observations is good. Apart from the few outliers, MWR products are generally fine and in good agreement with the model (wet tropo correction is somewhat smaller than the model).

## **Backscatter:**

- ENVISAT RA-2 Ku-Band  $\langle\sigma_0\rangle = 11.24$  dB (with a single rather broad peak at  $\sim 11.1$  dB).
- ENVISAT RA-2 S-Band  $\langle\sigma_0\rangle = 11.51$  dB (with a single rather broad peak at  $\sim 10.6$  dB).

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## Comparison Summary:

Table 1: Comparison of Surface Wind Speeds:

	RA2 - ECMWF		RA2 - Buoy	
	Bias (m/s)	SI (%)	Bias (m/s)	SI (%)
Global	-0.27	17.5	-1.04	19.6
Northern Hemisphere	-0.83	19.9	-1.07	20.7
Tropics	-0.45	17.8	-0.87	11.9
Southern Hemisphere	+0.23	14.4	----	----

Table 2: Comparison of Ku-Band Significant Wave Heights:

	RA2 (Ku) - WAM		RA2 (Ku) - Buoy	
	Bias (m)	SI (%)	Bias (m)	SI (%)
Global	0.11	13.1	0.10	16.5
Northern Hemisphere	0.08	17.6	0.10	17.2
Tropics	0.03	11.8	0.05	6.7
Southern Hemisphere	0.20	11.2	----	----

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Table 3: Comparison of S-Band Significant Wave Heights:

	RA2 (S) - WAM		RA2 (S) - Buoy	
	Bias (m)	SI (%)	Bias (m)	SI (%)
Global	0.10	20.3	0.28	32.7
Northern Hemisphere	0.29	40.8	0.32	34.2
Tropics	0.06	24.6	-0.01	12.2
Southern Hemisphere	0.01	11.9	----	----

Table 4: Comparison of Wet Tropo Correction and Total Column Water Vapour Values:

	MWR WTC - ECMWF WTC		MWR TCWV - ECMWF TCWV	
	Bias (m)	SI (%)	Bias (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	SI (%)
Global	-0.013	13.9	-0.63	16.4
Northern Hemisphere	-0.014	17.4	-0.91	20.5
Tropics	-0.011	6.7	+0.61	7.0
Southern Hemisphere	-0.014	21.8	-1.35	26.3

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## Remarks:

- There was no ECMWF model changes during the reporting period.
- According to the used land sea mask (which is used for the operational WAM run at ECMWF), about one third of all processed data have been collected over land. This value is too large and is due to not filtering the land records.
- Although the rain flag is only responsible for the rejection of 6% of the data this month, it was responsible for rejection of most of the data on the 15th., the 19th., and the 24th. of the month (lower panel of Figure 1).
- The wind speed data are in good agreement with the wave model and buoy data except for very low wind speeds (below ~ 4 m/s) and for high wind speeds (20 m/s and above).
- The wind speed algorithm needs some adjustments both in the low wind regime (below ~ 4 m/s) and more importantly for the very high wind regime (20 m/s and above) as can be concluded from the scatter plots in Figures 7-13 and from comparing the histograms in Figures 5 and 6. Furthermore, the wind speed histogram of Figure 4 indicates that wind speeds around and below 1 m/s may not be optimal.
- There is a trend for Ku-band wave heights to be slightly overestimated by about 5% when compared to WAM results. This is visually clear in the scatter plots in Figures 22-25 (Ku-band - WAM comparisons) and can be inferred from the symmetric slope values in same scatter plots. On the other hand, the RA-2 Ku-band wave heights are higher than buoy wave heights by about 4% as can be seen in Figures 30-32 (Ku-band - buoy comparison).
- The bulk of S-band wave heights are in good agreement with both the WAM and the buoy data apart from a number of outliers (due to the known *RA-2 S-band anomaly*) when compared with the model (as can be seen in the scatter plots in Figures 26-29) and to less extent with the buoys (as can be seen in the scatter plots in Figures 33-34). The number of outliers is less than the last month. Most of those outliers occurred on the 15th., the 19th., and the 24th. of the month (Figure 37) when there was over-active rain flagging.
- The ratio between Ku-band and S-band wave heights decreased to ~0.92 at the beginning of the second week of the month. It is still unstable and low as can be seen in Figure 48.

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- There is quite a number of outliers in the scatter plots comparing the MWR derived wet tropospheric correction (WTC) and total column water vapour (TCWV) against the ECMWF model in the Northern and Southern Hemisphere (Figures 39, 41, 43 and 45). However, the number of those outliers is less than the previous month.
- While the MWR derived TCWV is now in good agreement with the model counterpart (MWR TCWV is slightly smaller than the model), the MWR WTC is still consistently smaller (drier) than the model values.
- It is important to stress that one needs to keep in mind when making the comparison between the results presented here for the ENVISAT RA-2 and the results presented in the ERS-2 altimeter reports that the ERS-2 plots and statistics are done for super-observations composed of 30 individual observation, while the plots and statistics here are for super-observations with 11 individual observations. Therefore, it is natural for the RA-2 plots and statistics to show a bit more variability.
- ENVISAT RA-2 Ku-band wave height data and ERS-2 SAR wave data are assimilated in the ECMWF wave model.
- The ERS-2 SAR wave data used for assimilation at ECMWF wave model are now limited to the North Atlantic and the western coast of North America following the failure of the ERS-2 tape recorders in June 2003. Also note that Figure 19 represents the histogram for the covered area only.

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- Figure 48. Timeseries of daily global ratio between mean Ku-Band to mean S-Band significant wave heights since the 18th. of July 2002.

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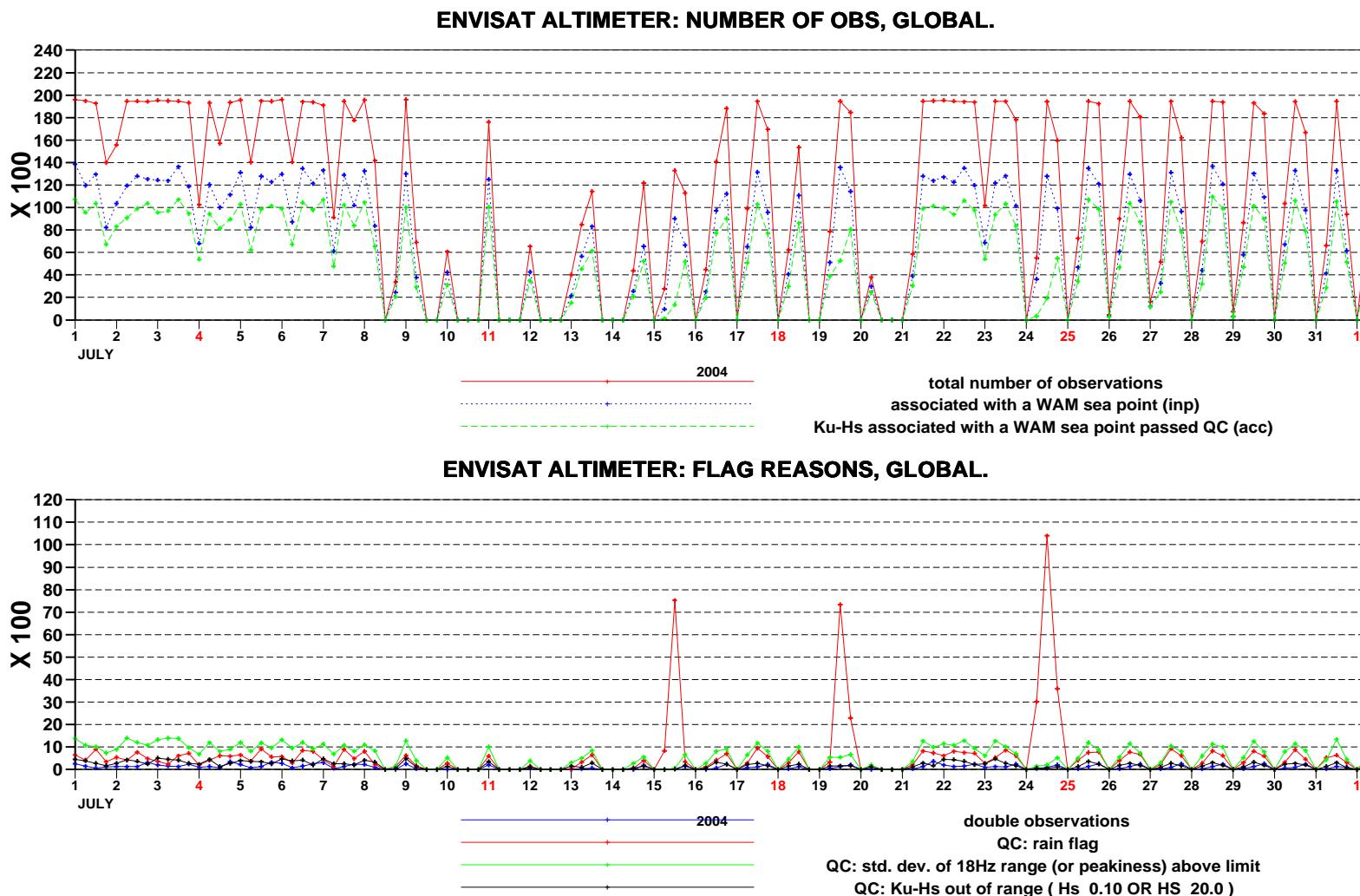


Figure 1: Time series of data reception for ENVISAT Altimeter data for July 2004

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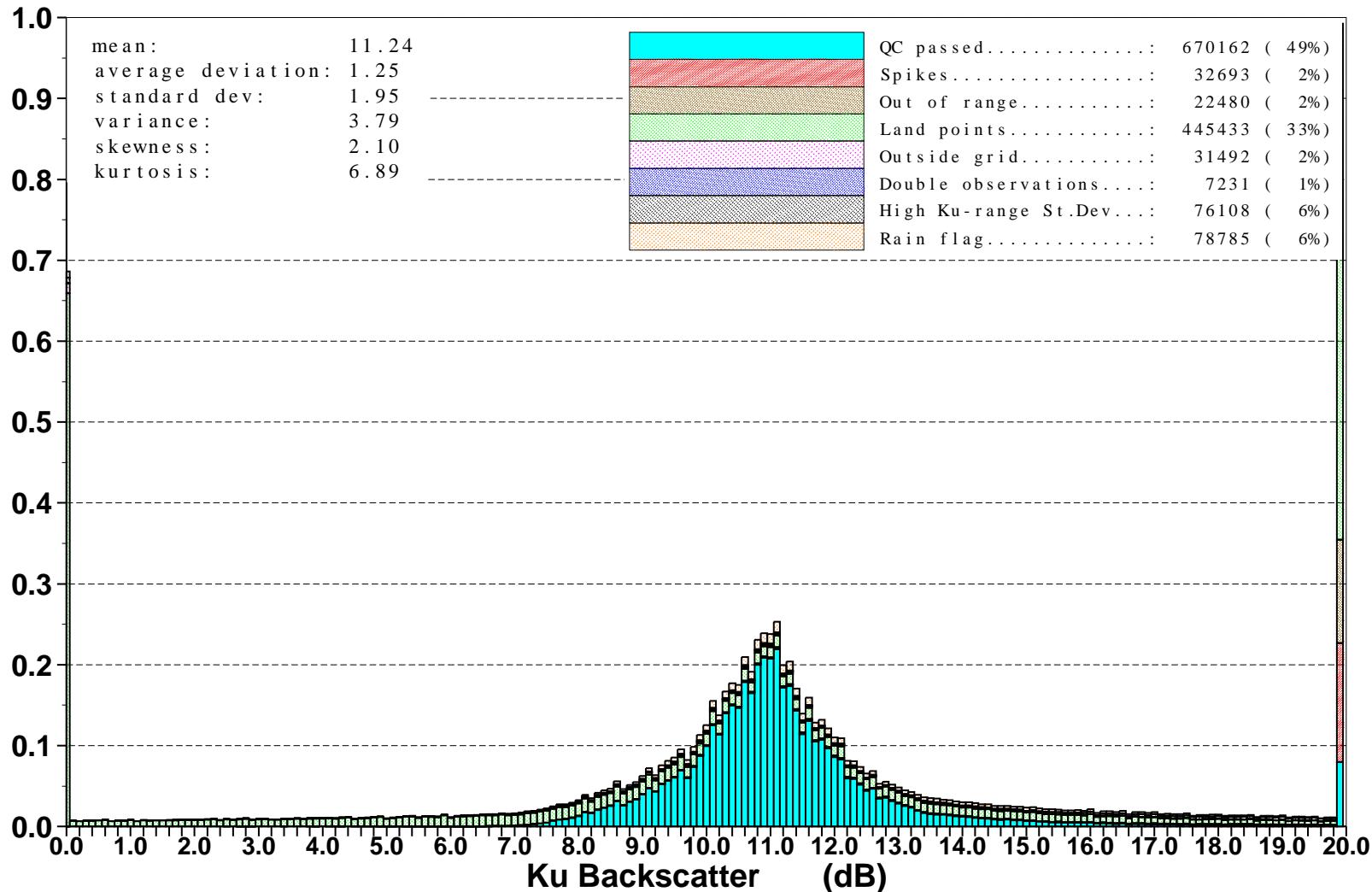


Figure 2: Distribution of the ENVISAT Altimeter Ku Backscatter after QC for July 2004

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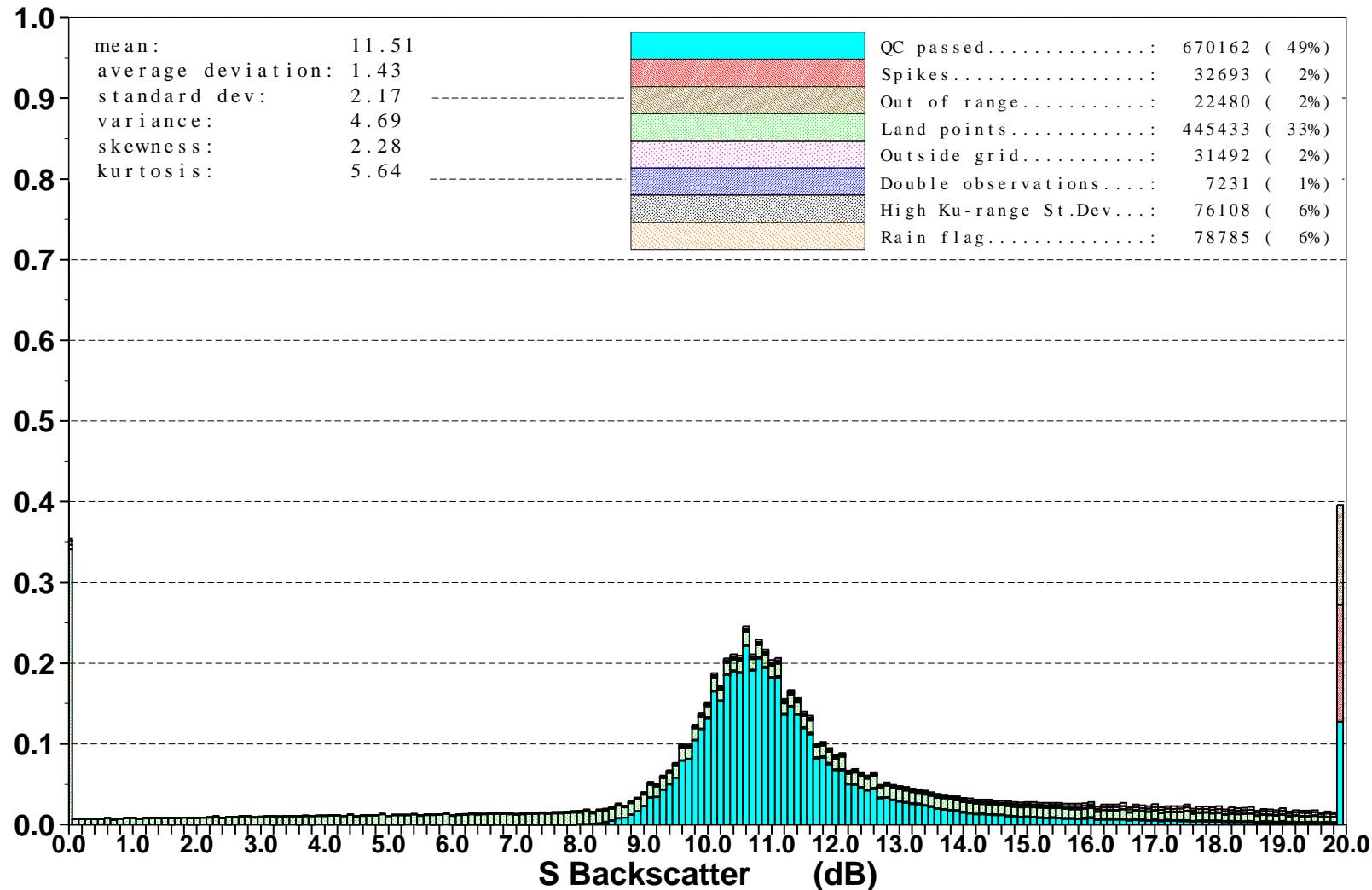


Figure 3: Distribution of the ENVISAT Altimeter S Backscatter after QC for July 2004

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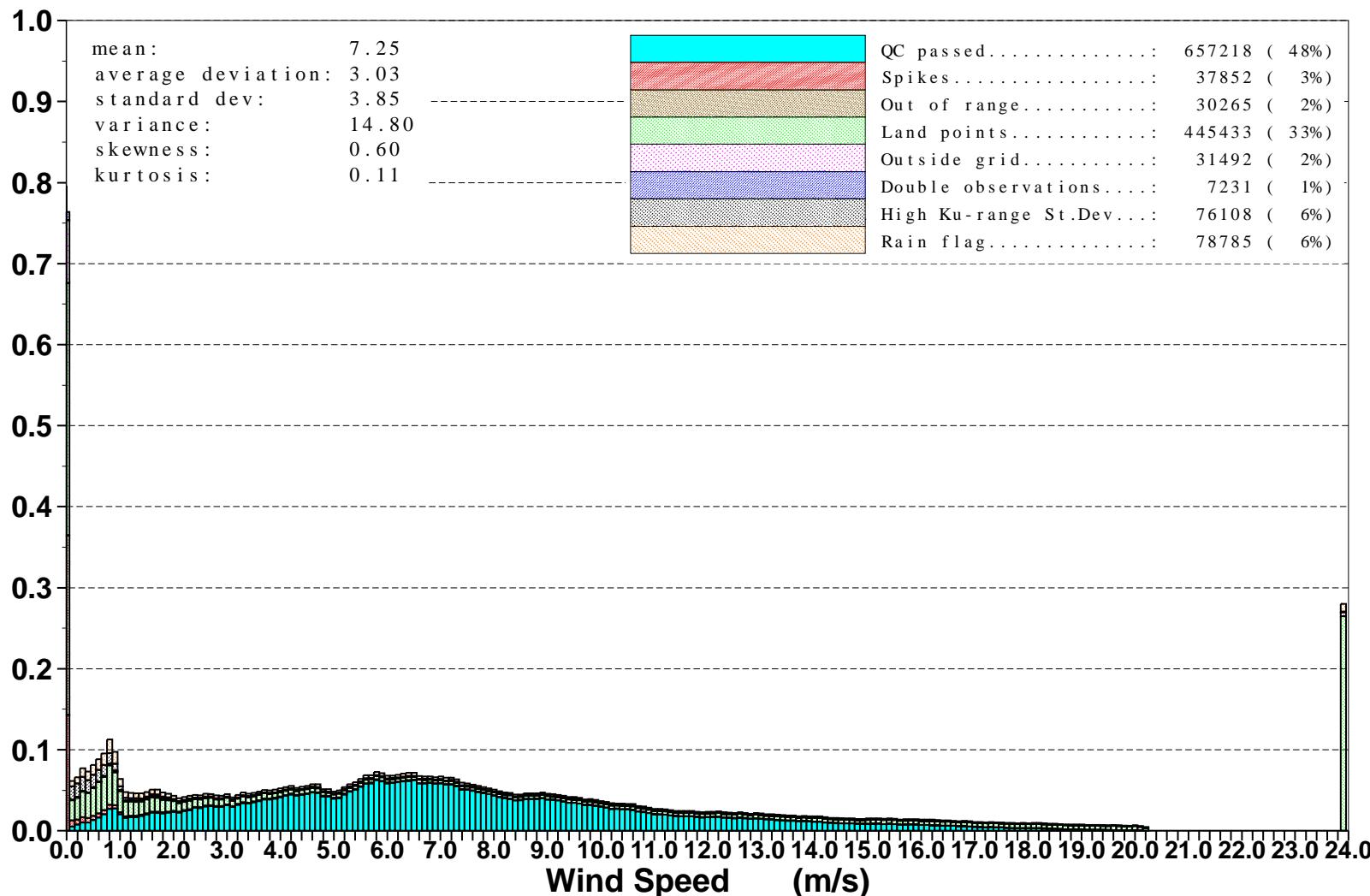


Figure 4: Distribution of the ENVISAT Altimeter Wind Speed after QC for July 2004

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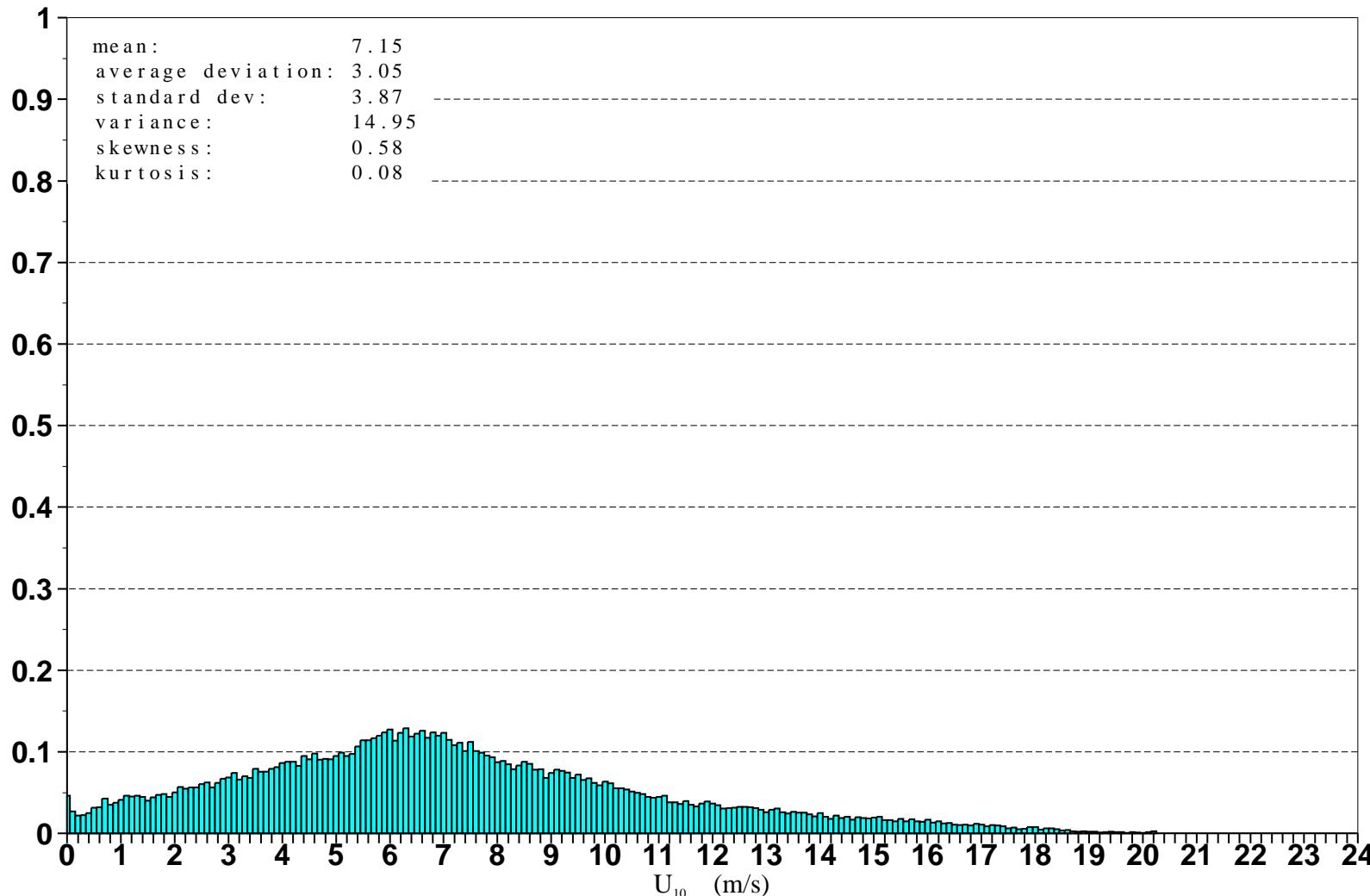


Figure 5: Distribution of ENVISAT Altimeter Wind Speeds after Along-Track Averaging for July 2004

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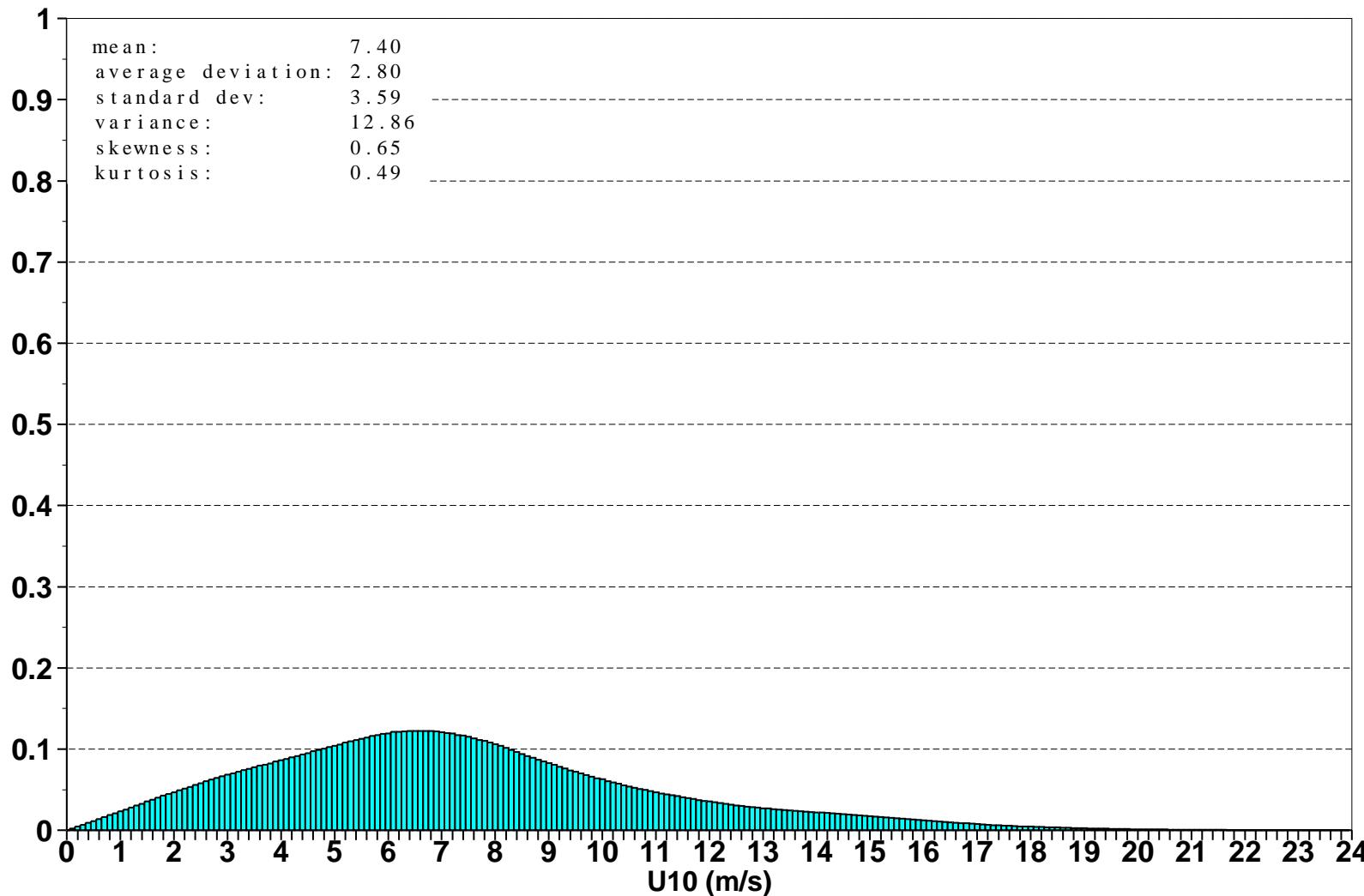


Figure 6: Global distribution of ECMWF Analysis ocean surface wind speeds for July 2004

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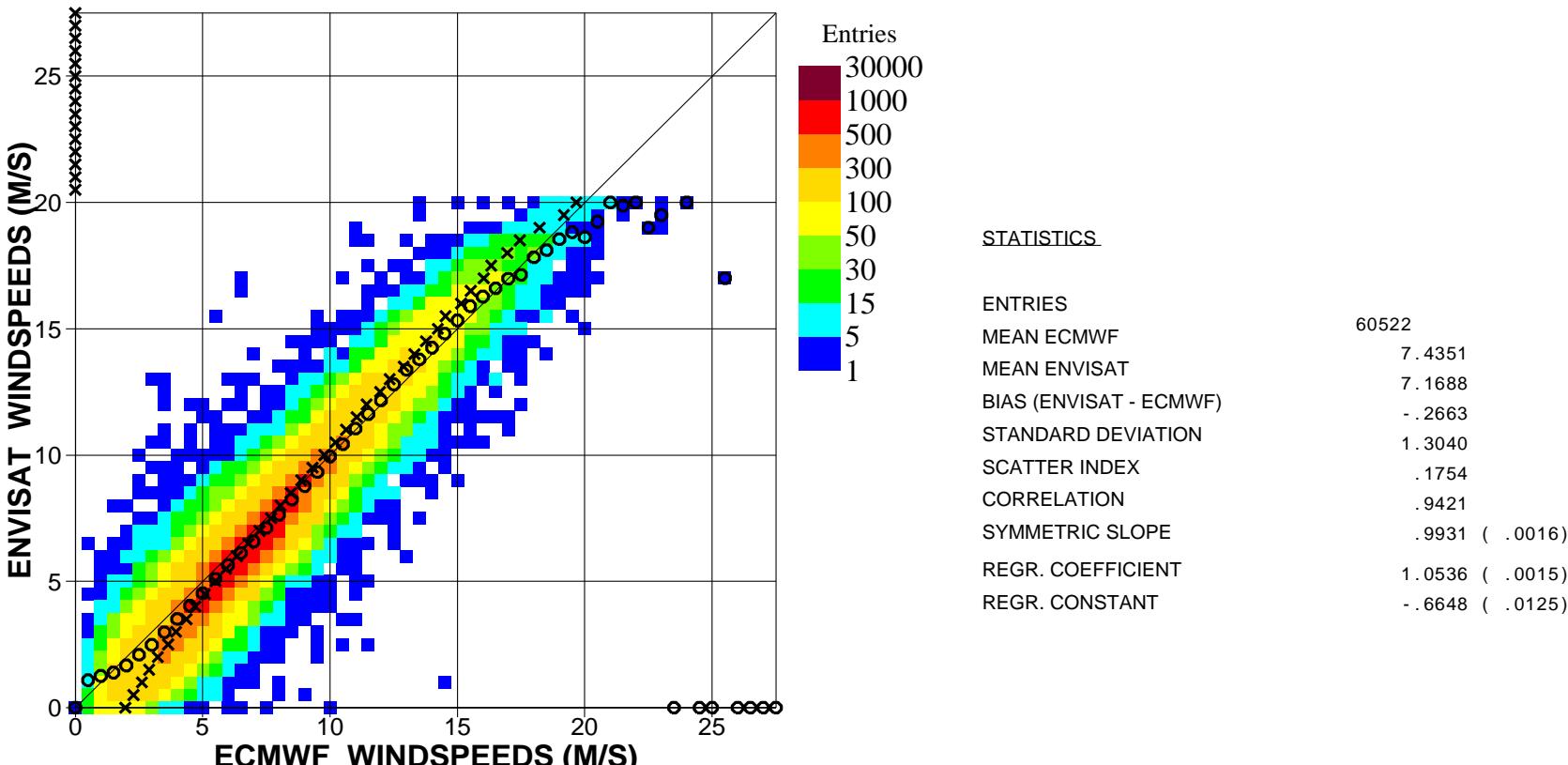


Figure 7. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and ECMWF wind speeds for July 2004 (Global)

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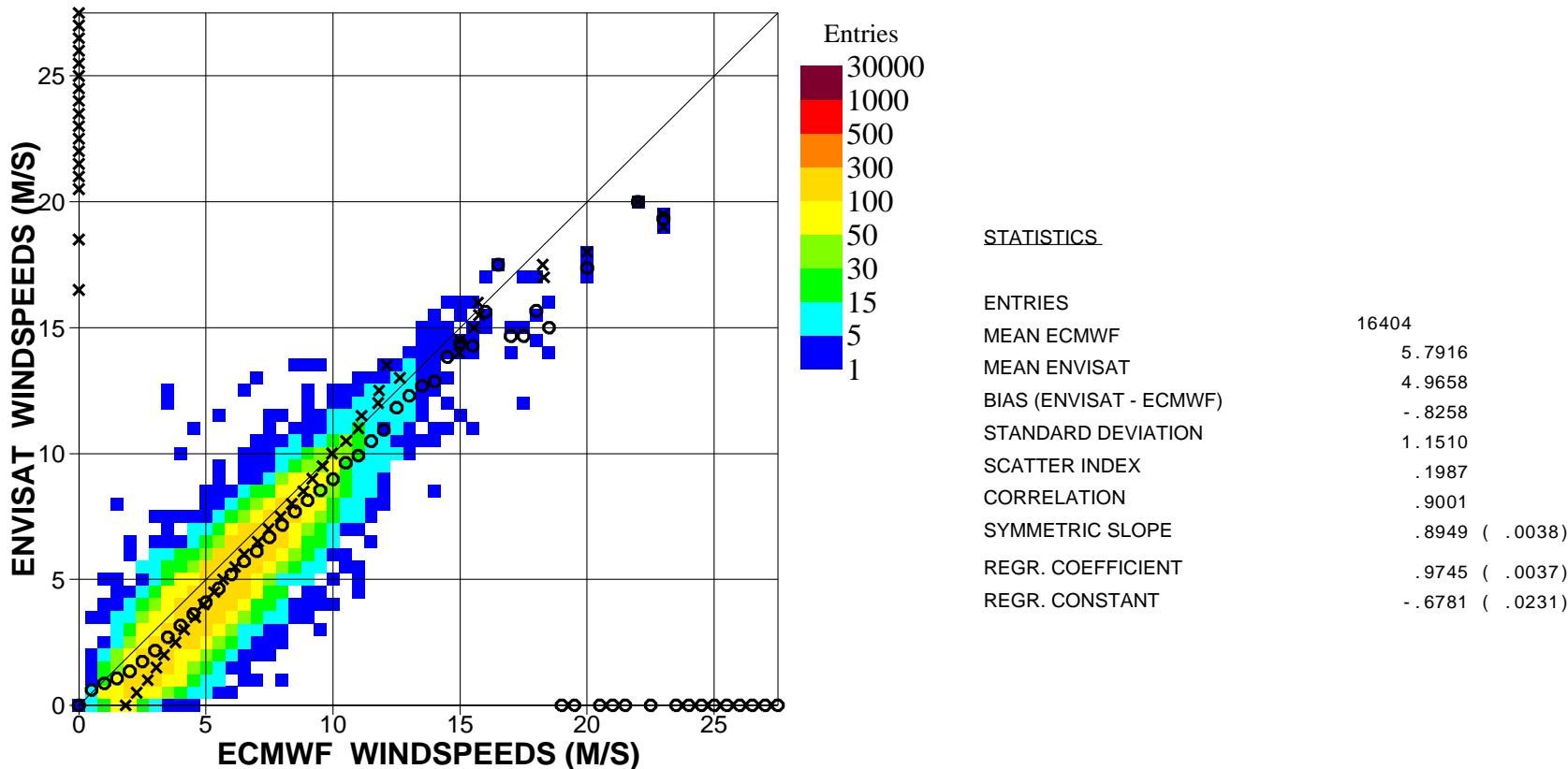


Figure 8. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and ECMWF wind speeds for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

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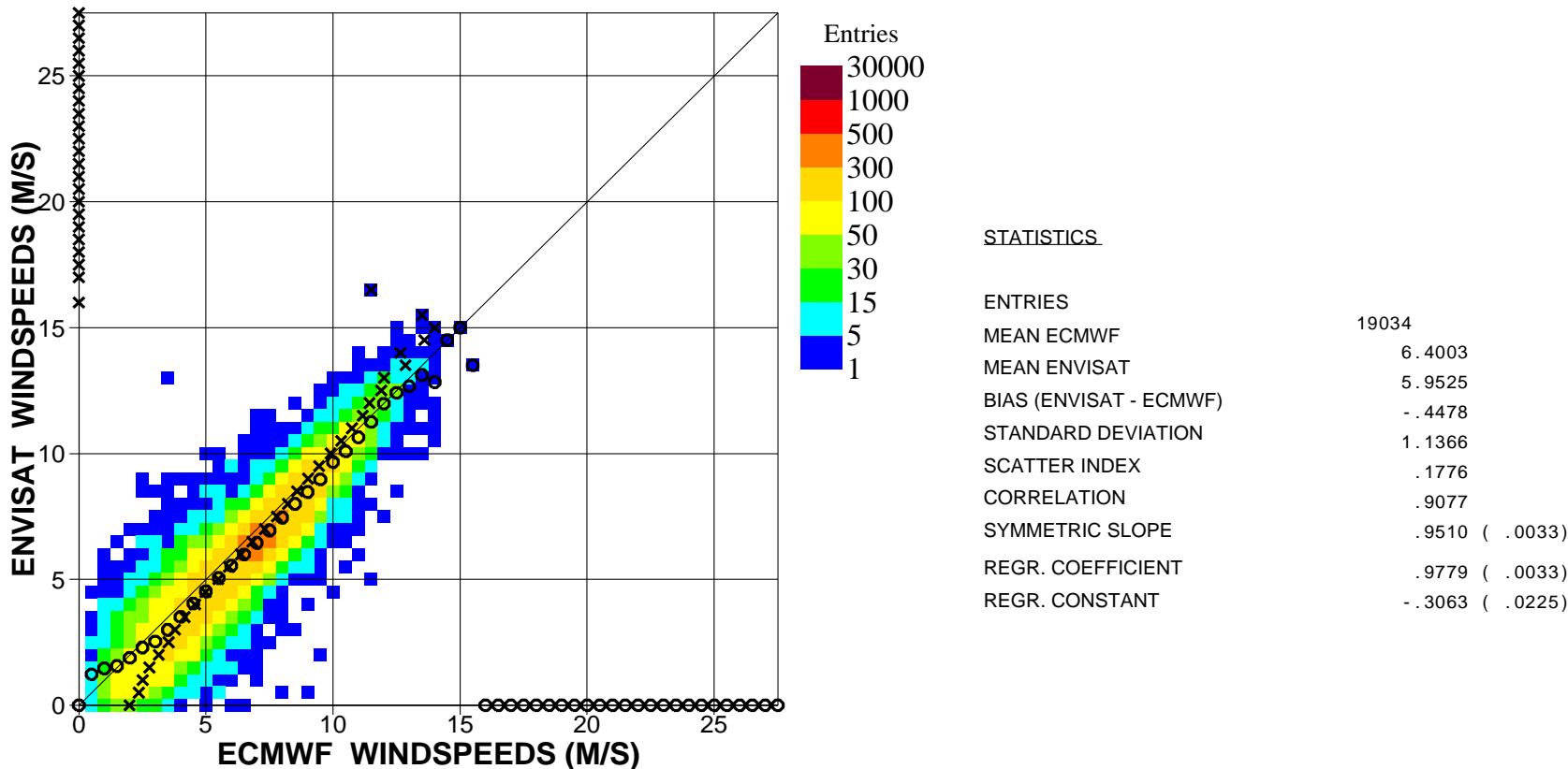


Figure 9. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and ECMWF wind speeds for July 2004 (Tropics)

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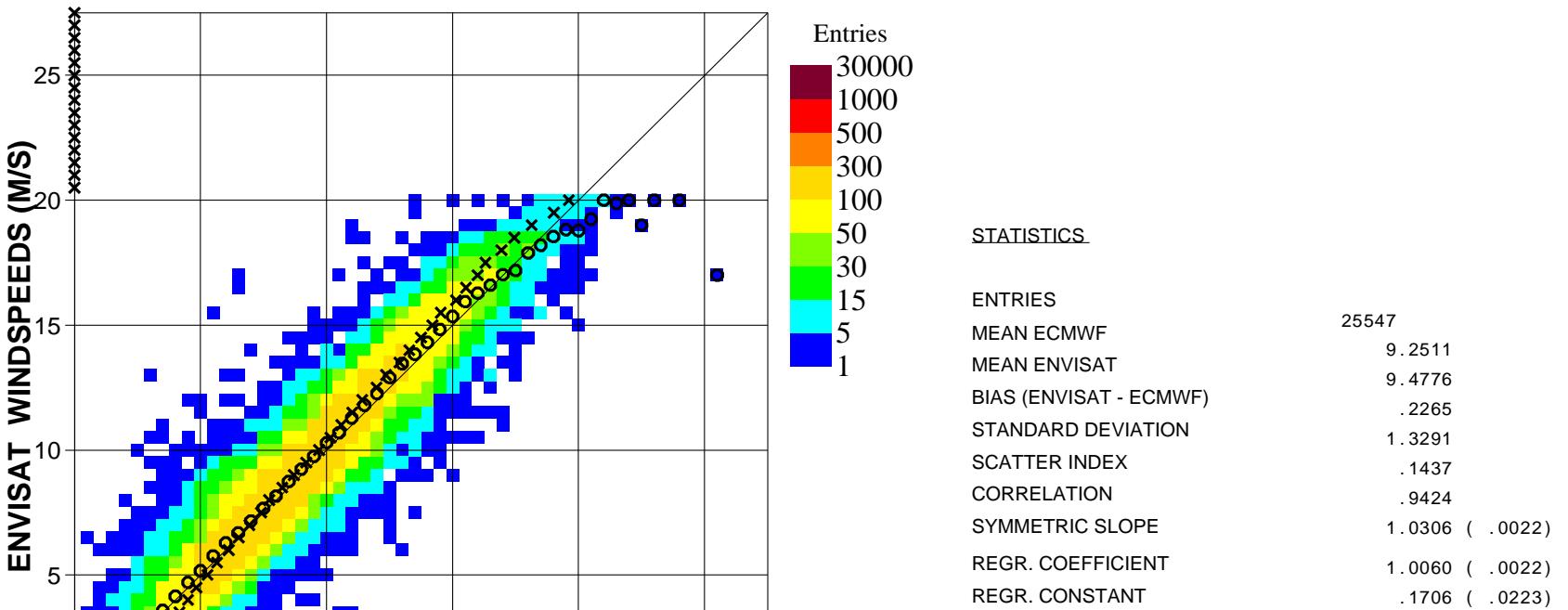


Figure 10. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and ECMWF wind speeds for July 2004 (S.Hem.)

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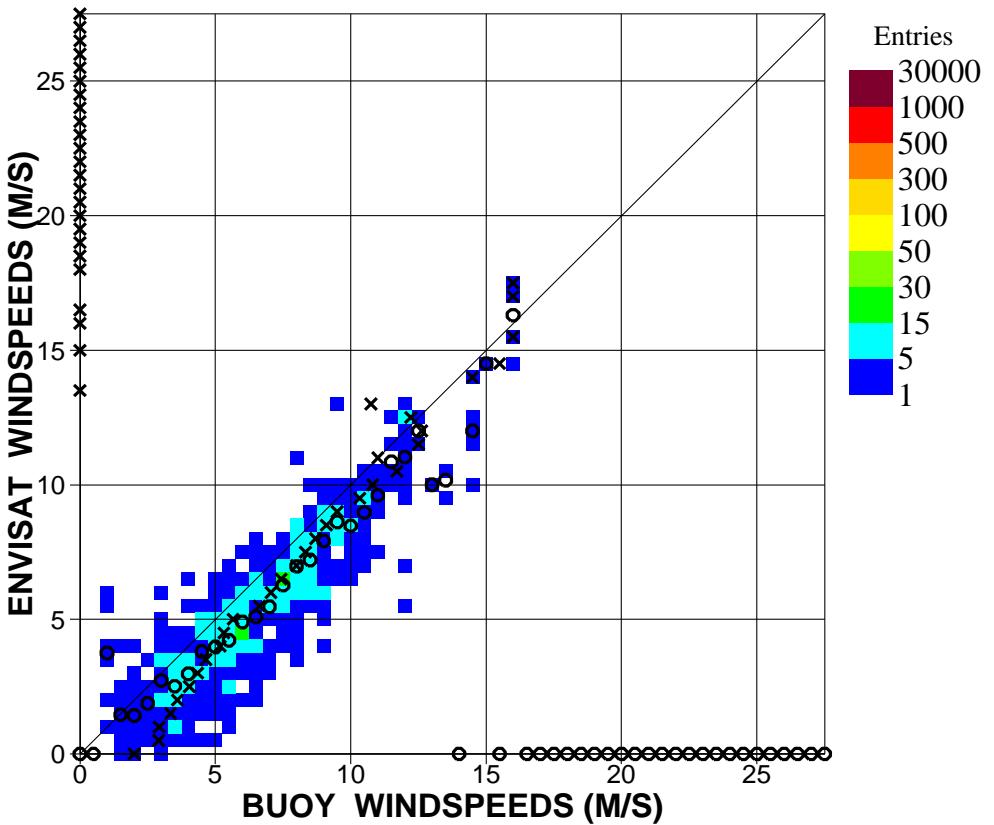


Figure 11. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and buoy wind speeds for July 2004 (Global)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	736
MEAN BUOY	6.6723
MEAN ENVISAT	5.6315
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	-1.0408
STANDARD DEVIATION	1.3096
SCATTER INDEX	.1963
CORRELATION	.8944
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	.8725 ( .0170)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.9100 ( .0168)
REGR. CONSTANT	- .4403 ( .1217)

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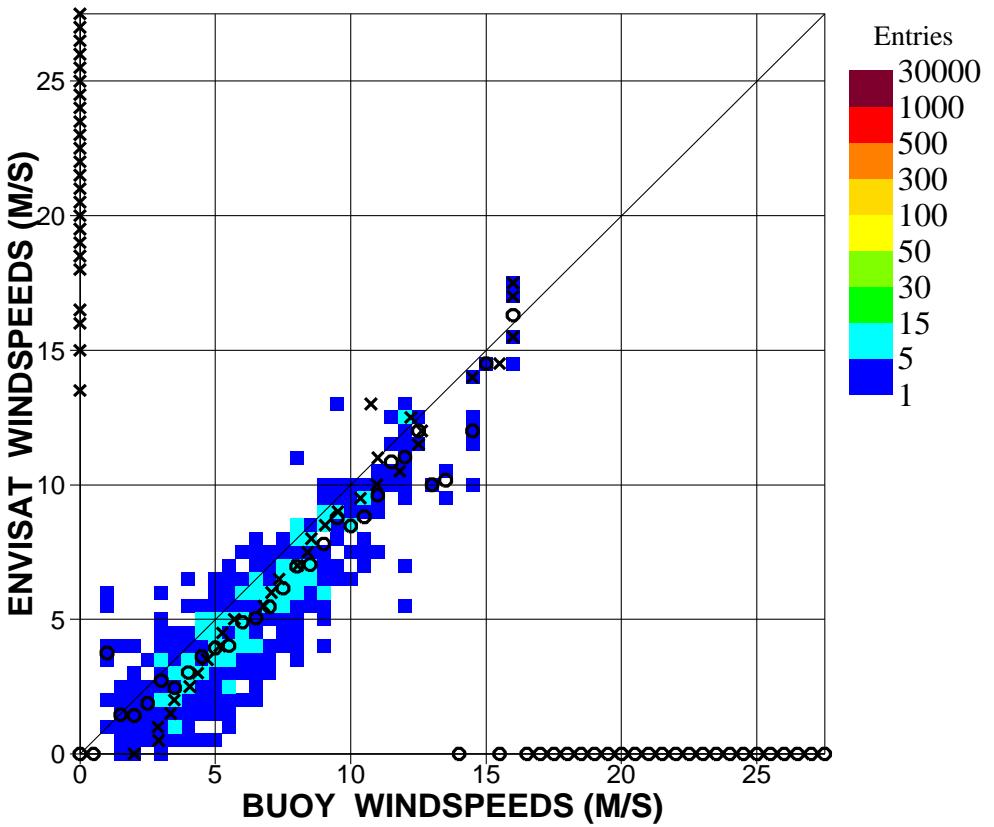


Figure 12. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and buoy wind speeds for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	631
MEAN BUOY	6.5869
MEAN ENVISAT	5.5185
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	-1.0684
STANDARD DEVIATION	1.3637
SCATTER INDEX	.2070
CORRELATION	.8948
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	.8702 (.0184)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.9100 (.0181)
REGR. CONSTANT	-.4758 (.1306)

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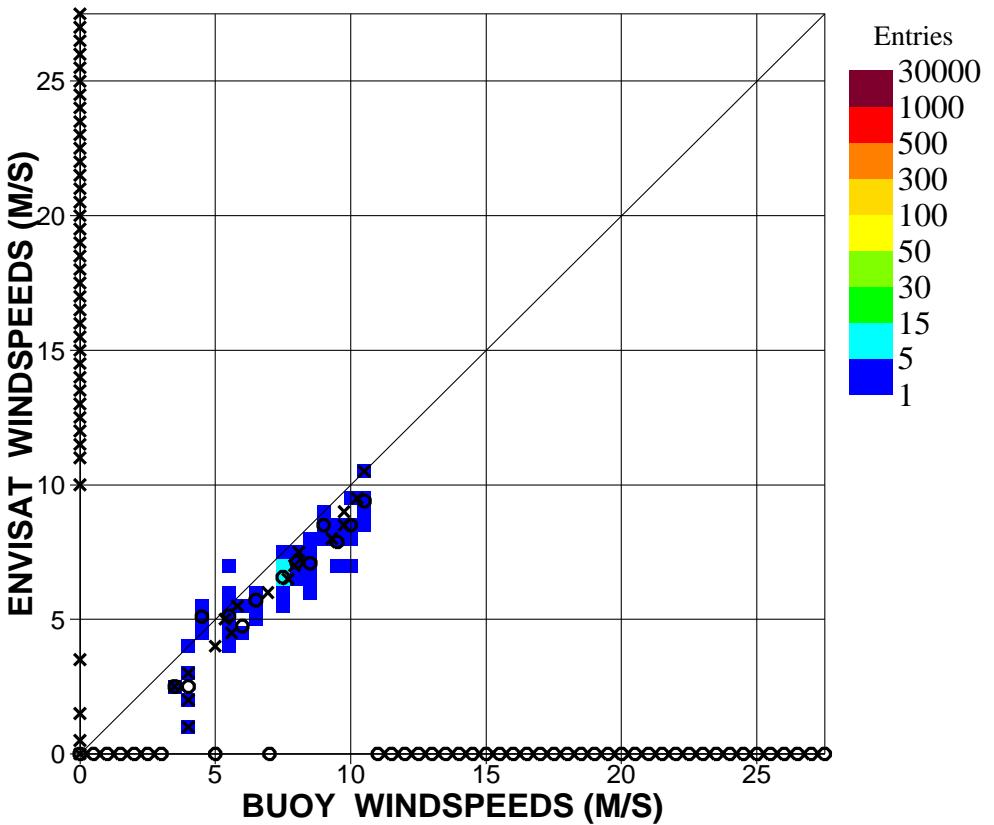
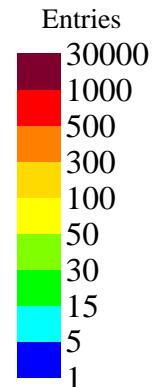


Figure 13. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter and buoy wind speeds for July 2004 (Tropics)



## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	79
MEAN BUOY	7.2524
MEAN ENVISAT	6.3819
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	- .8705
STANDARD DEVIATION	.8595
SCATTER INDEX	.1185
CORRELATION	.8929
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	.8831 ( .0480)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.8280 ( .0476)
REGR. CONSTANT	.3773 ( .3566)

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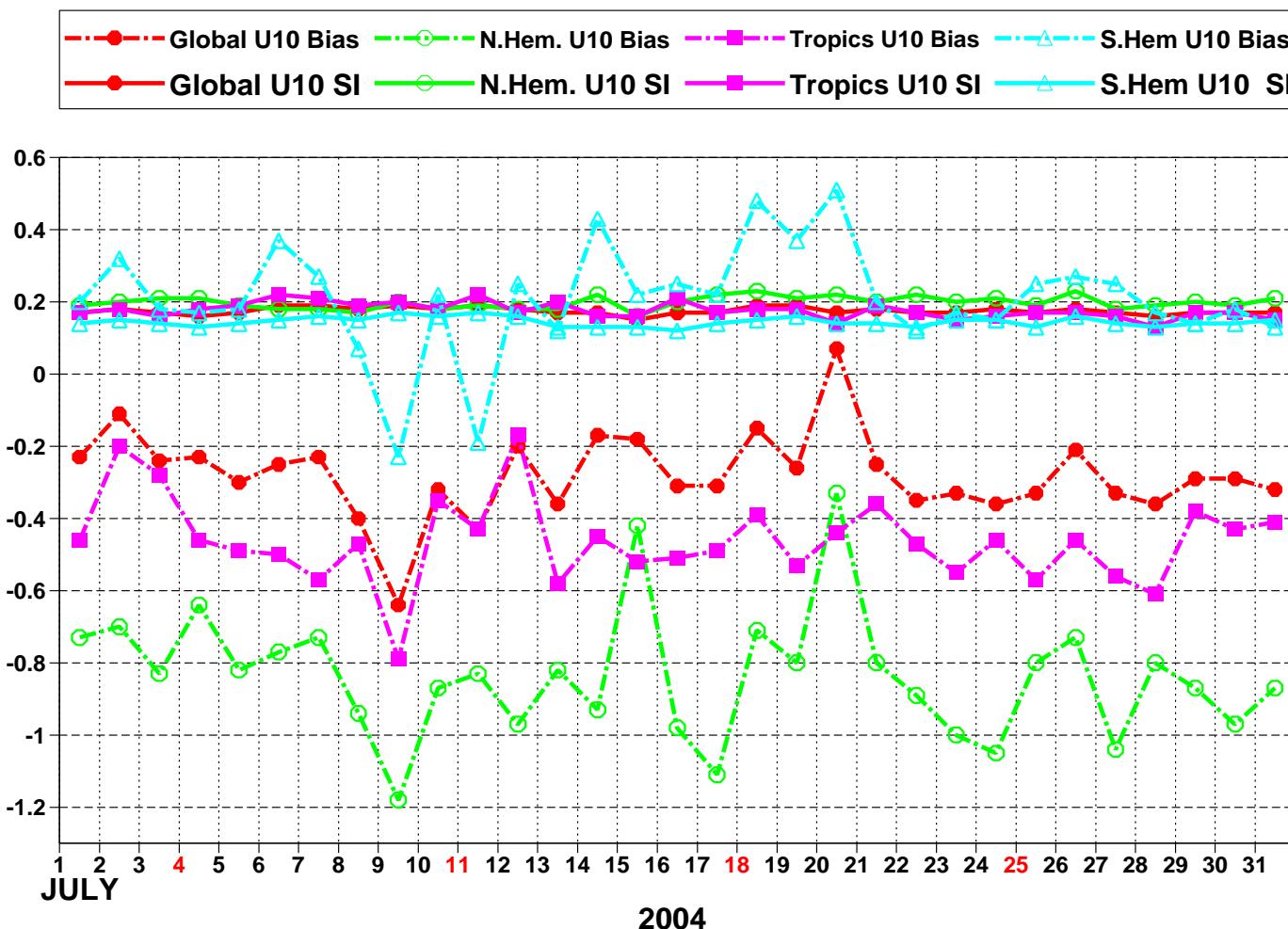


Figure 14: ENVISAT Altimeter wind speeds: Timeseries of bias (ENVISAT - ECMWF) and scatter index (SI)

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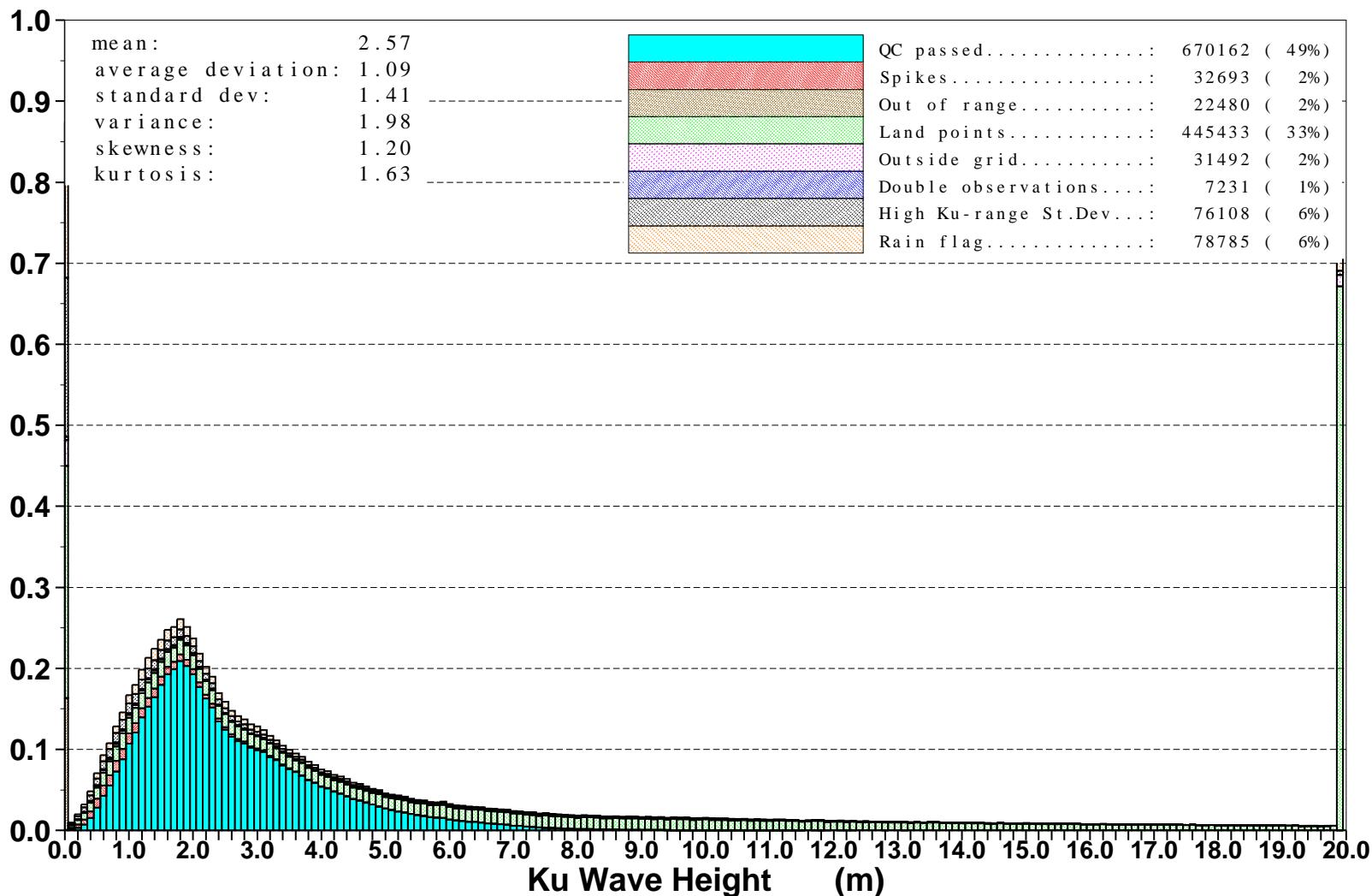


Figure 15: Distribution of the ENVISAT Altimeter Ku Wave Height after QC for July 2004

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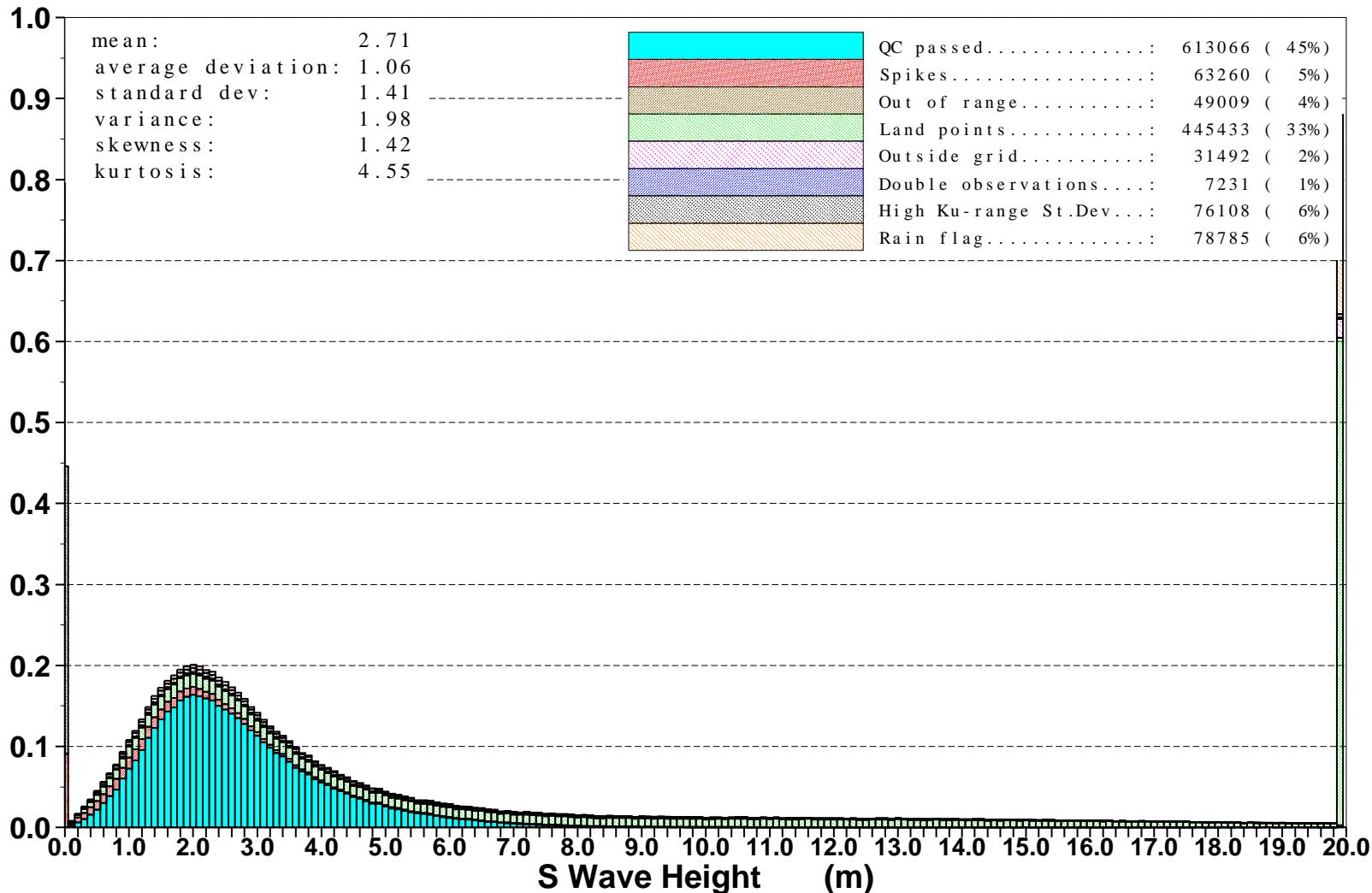


Figure 16: Distribution of the ENVISAT Altimeter S Wave Height after QC for July 2004

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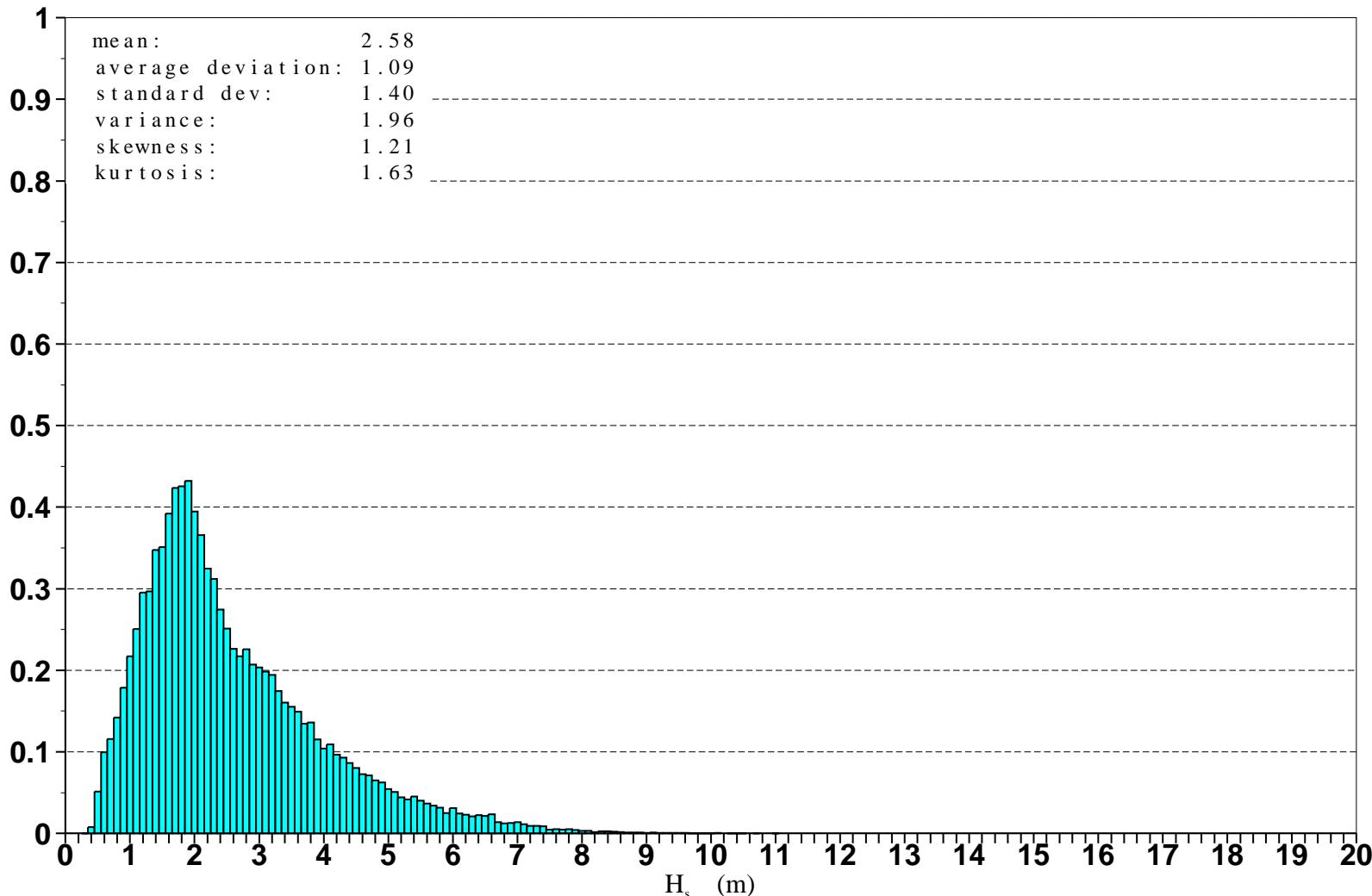


Figure 17: Distribution of ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band Wave Heights after Along-Track Averaging for July 2004

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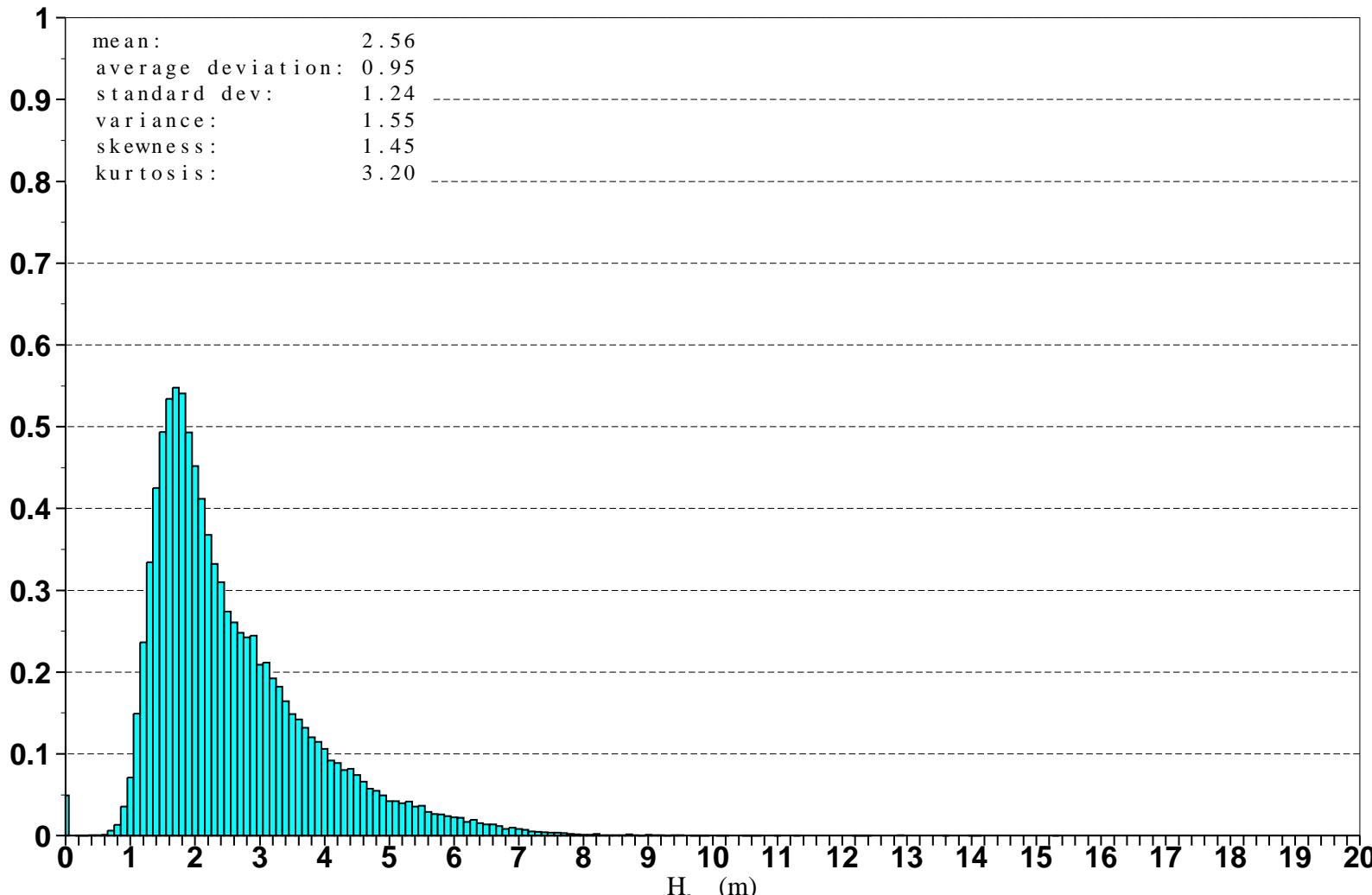


Figure 18: Distribution of ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band Wave Heights after Along-Track Averaging for July 2004

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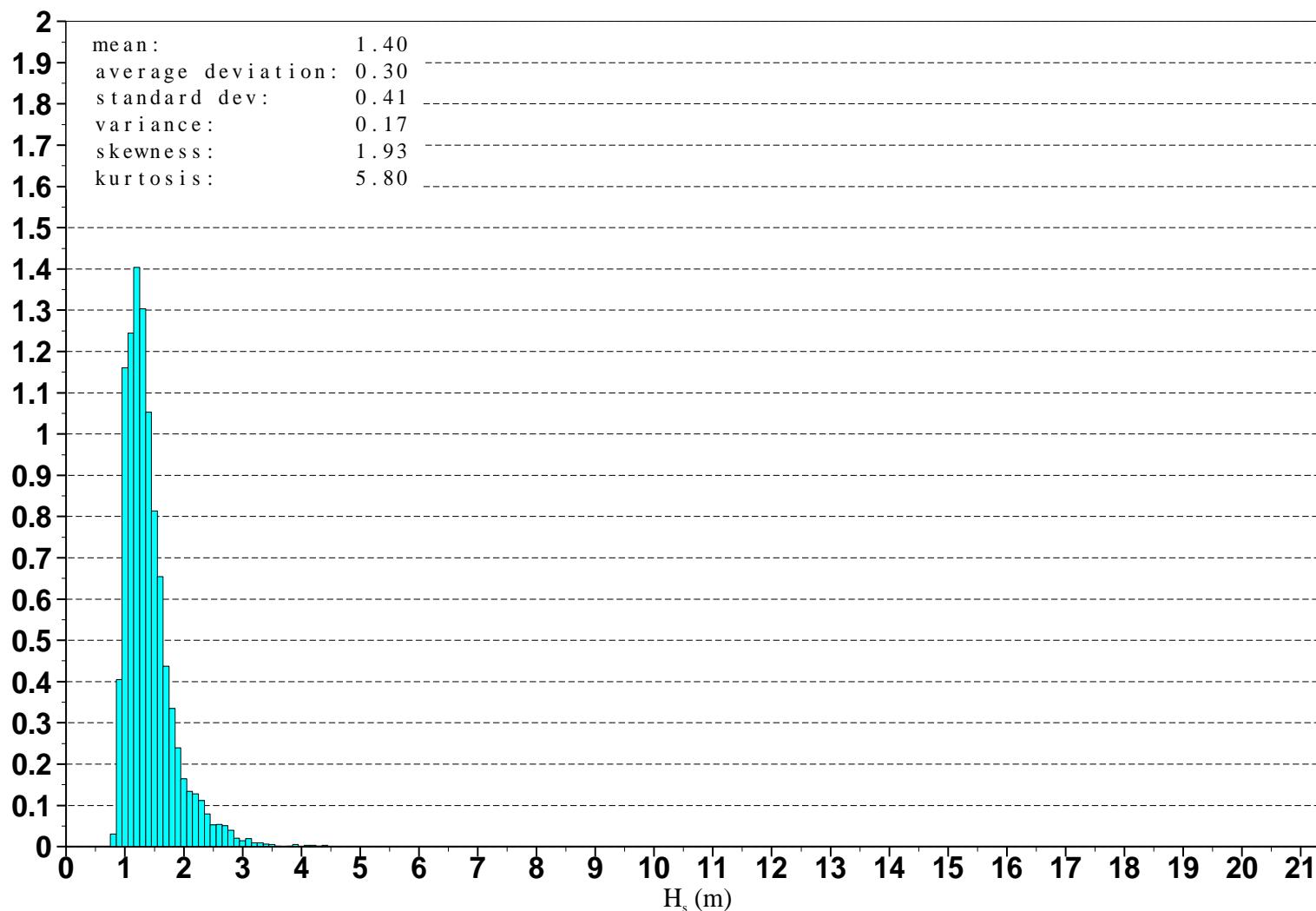


Figure 19: Distribution of the ERS-2 Altimeter wave heights after along track averaging for July 2004.

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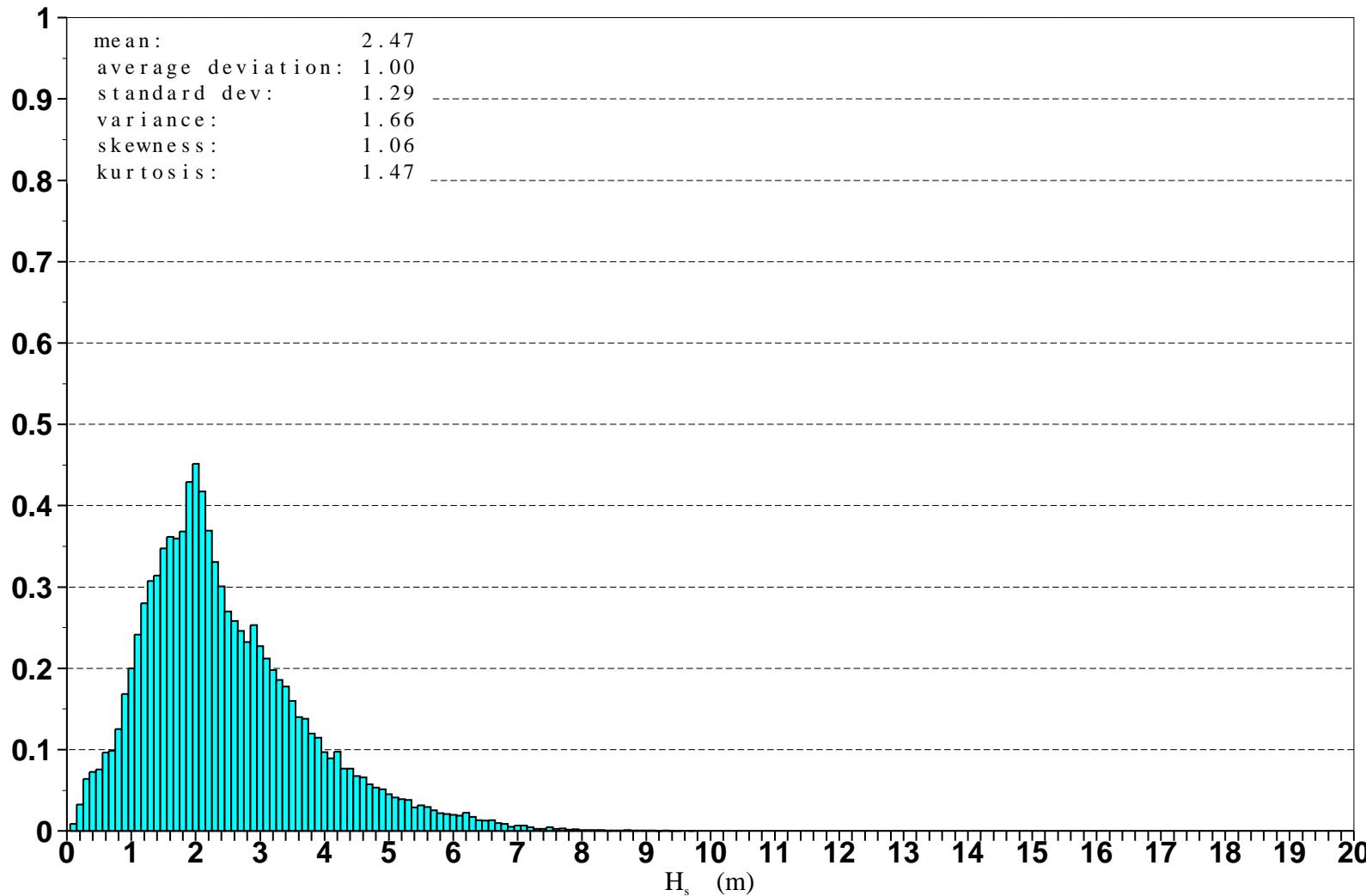


Figure 19b: Distribution of WAM 4V Wave Height (Collocated with ENVISAT) for July 2004

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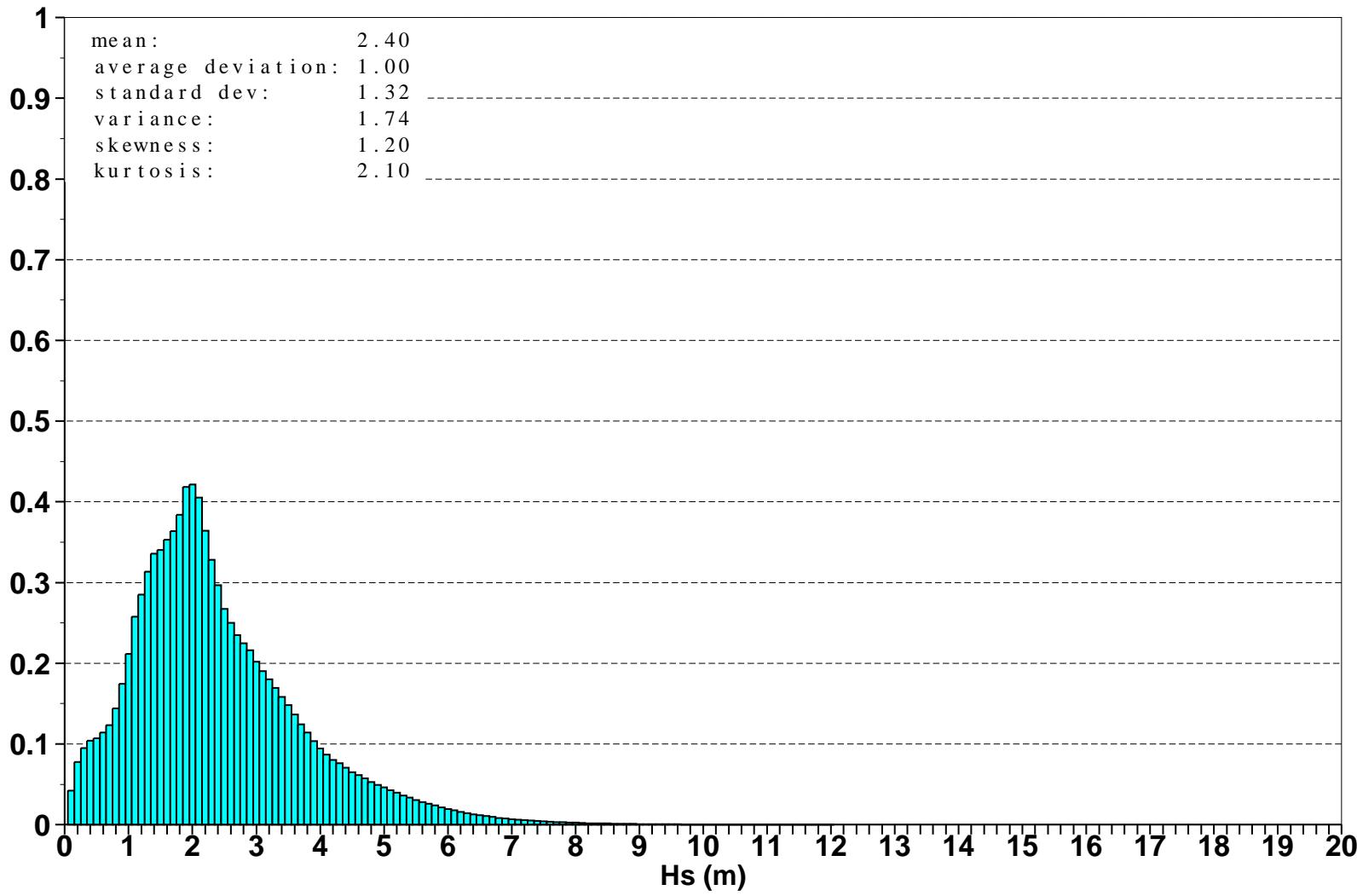


Figure 20: Global distribution of ECMWF First-Guess wave heights for July 2004

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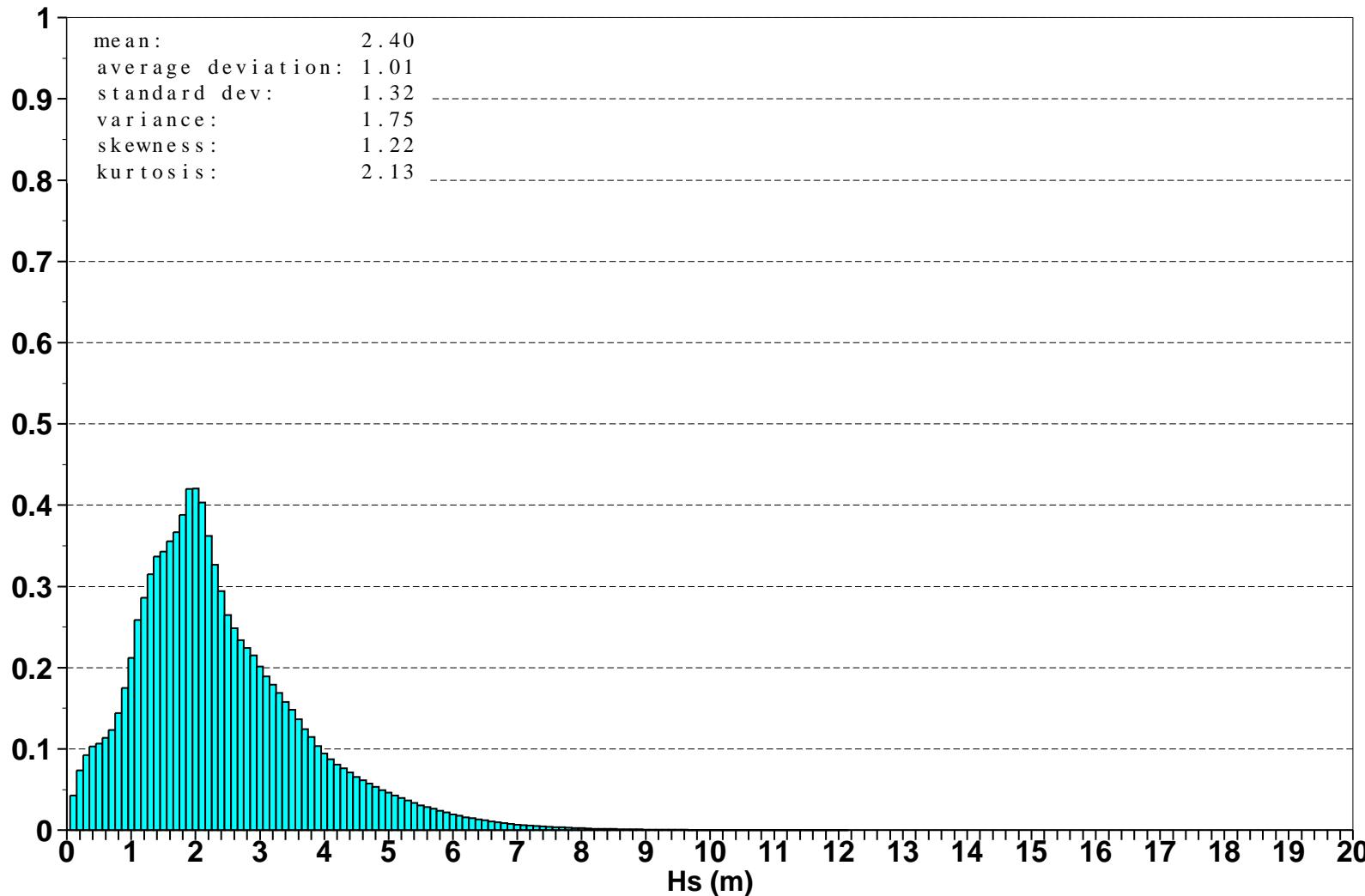


Figure 21: Global distribution of ECMWF Analysis (using ERS-2 data) wave heights for July 2004

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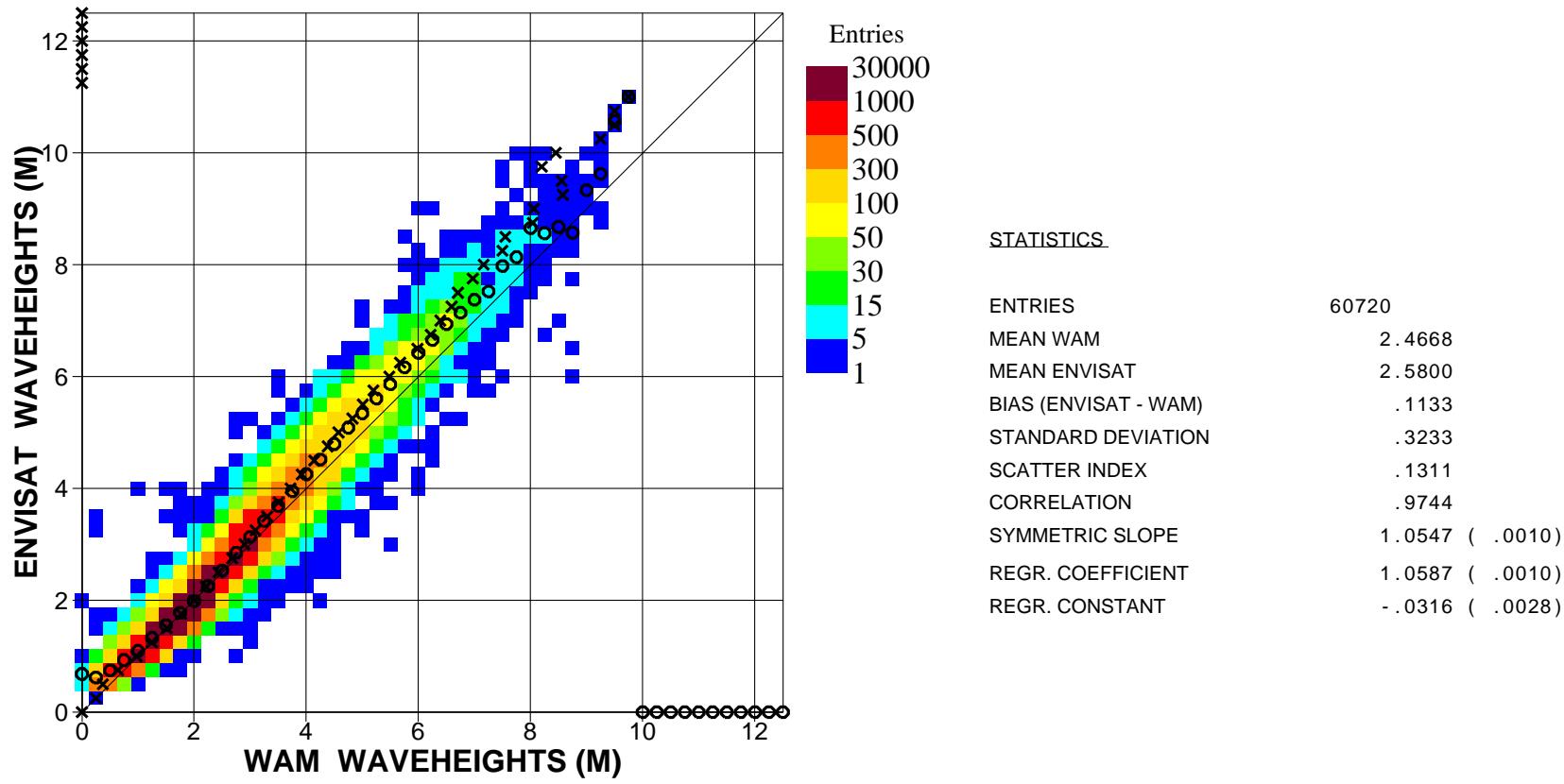


Figure 22. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (Global)

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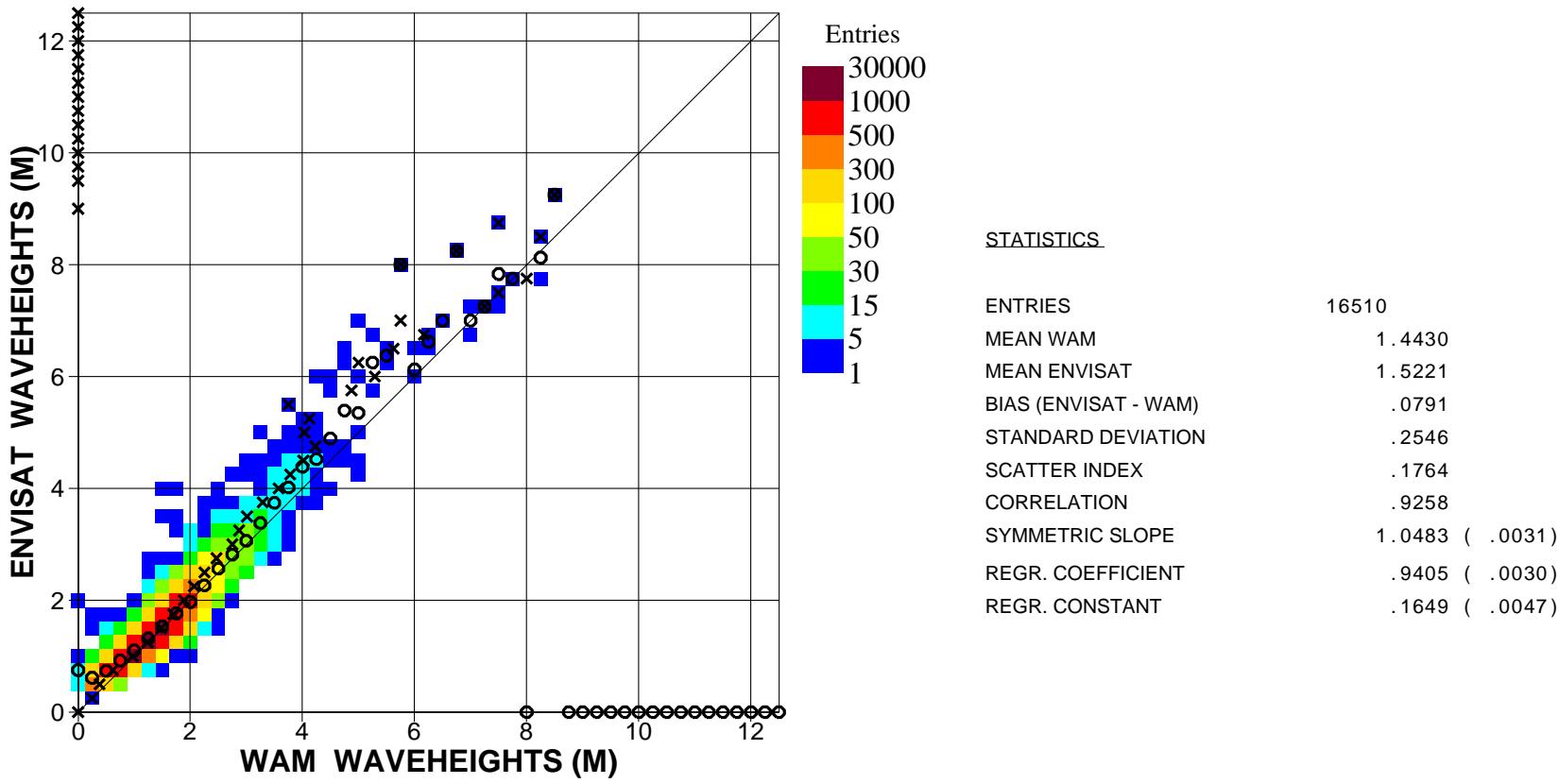


Figure 23. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

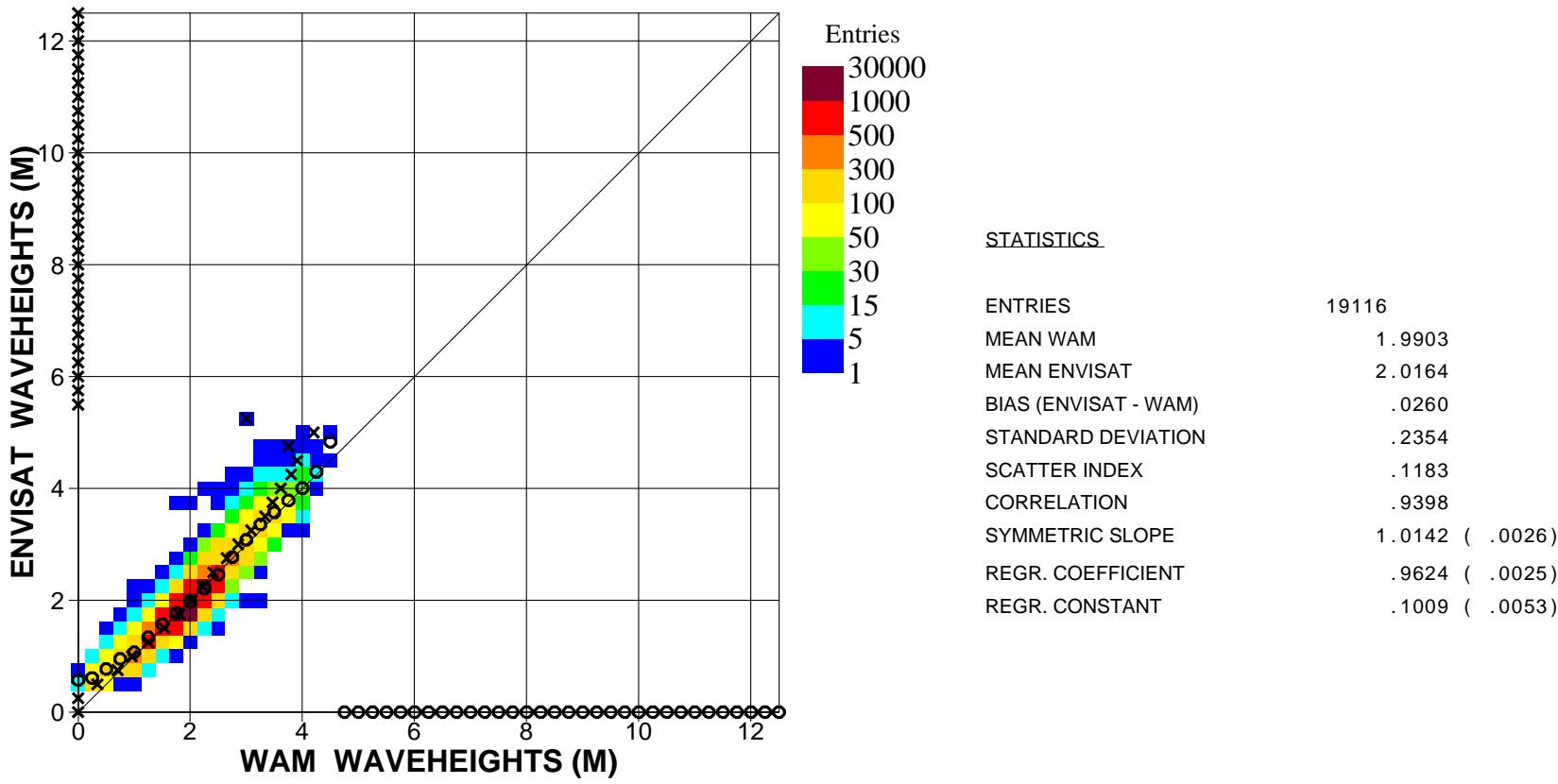


Figure 24. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (Tropics)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

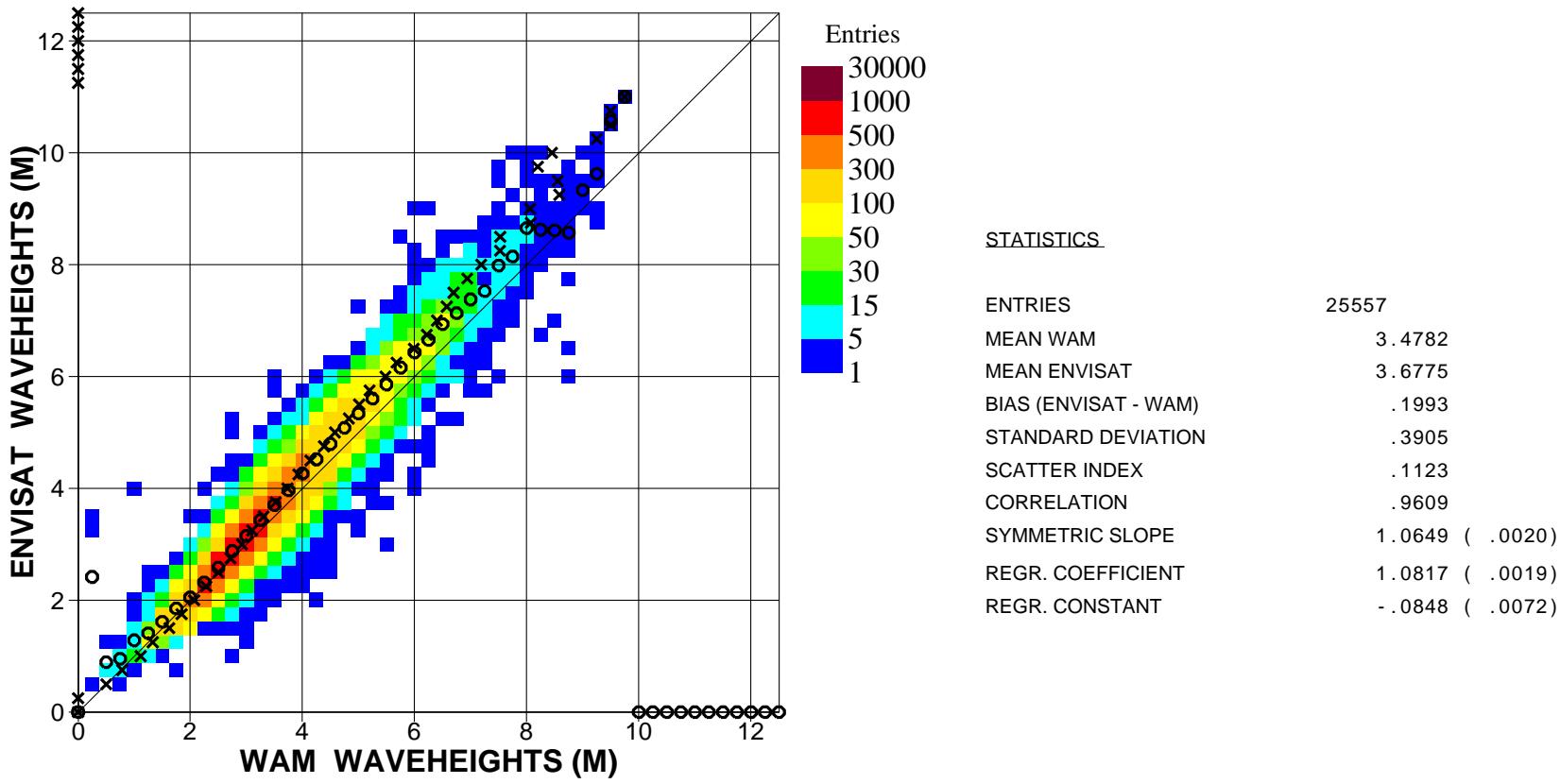


Figure 25. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (S.Hem.)

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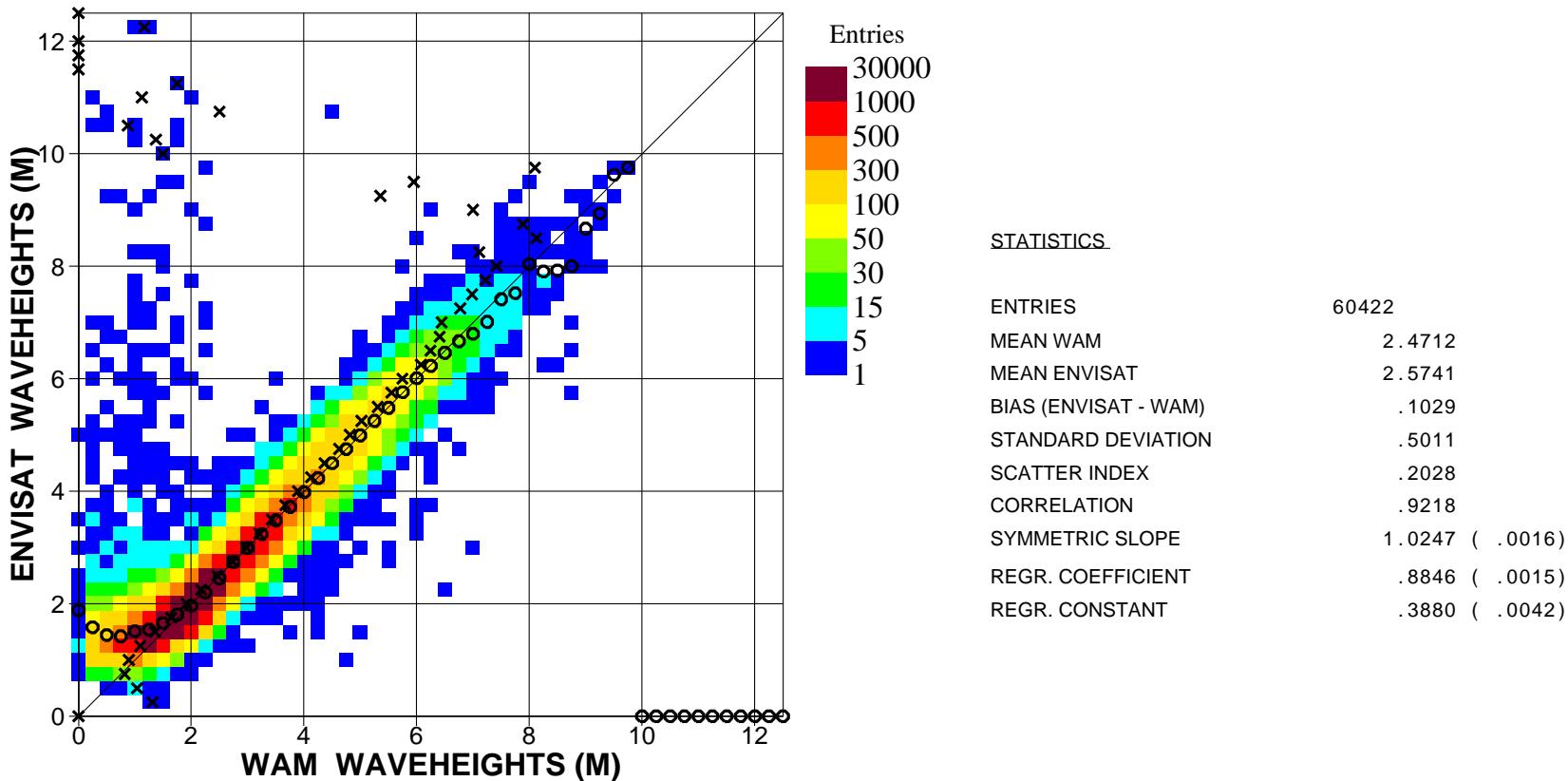


Figure 26. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (Global)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

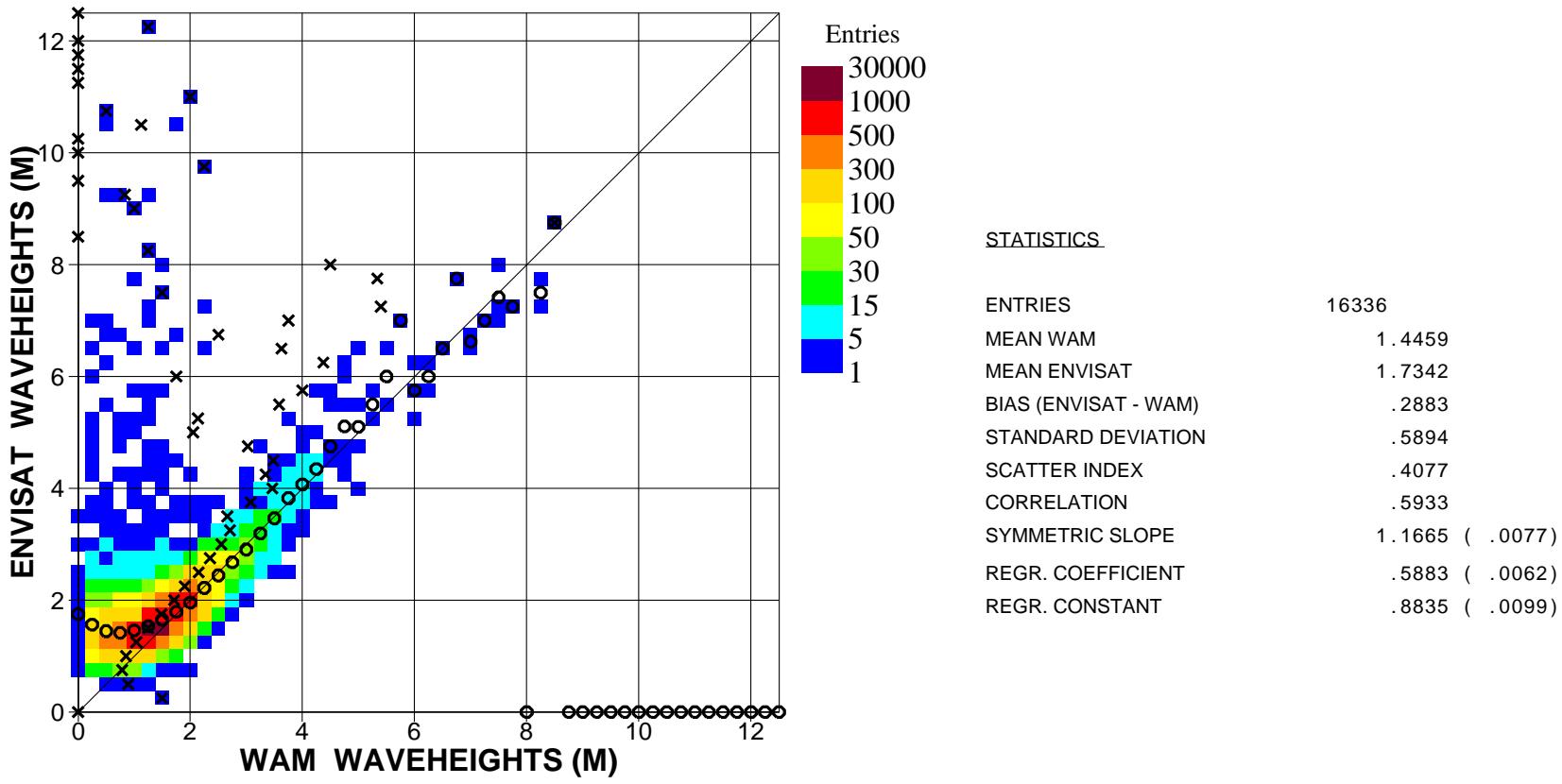


Figure 27. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

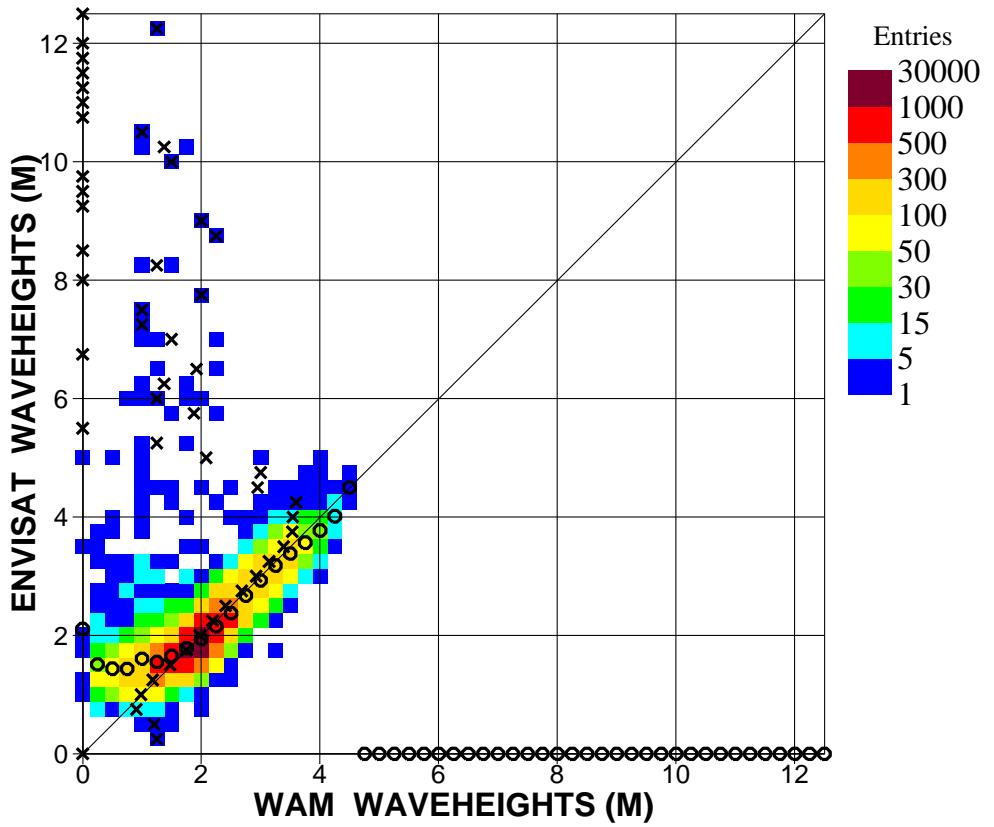


Figure 28. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (Tropics)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	19027
MEAN WAM	1.9937
MEAN ENVISAT	2.0546
BIAS (ENVISAT - WAM)	.0609
STANDARD DEVIATION	.4896
SCATTER INDEX	.2456
CORRELATION	.7236
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.0247 (.0054)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.7023 (.0049)
REGR. CONSTANT	.6544 (.0102)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

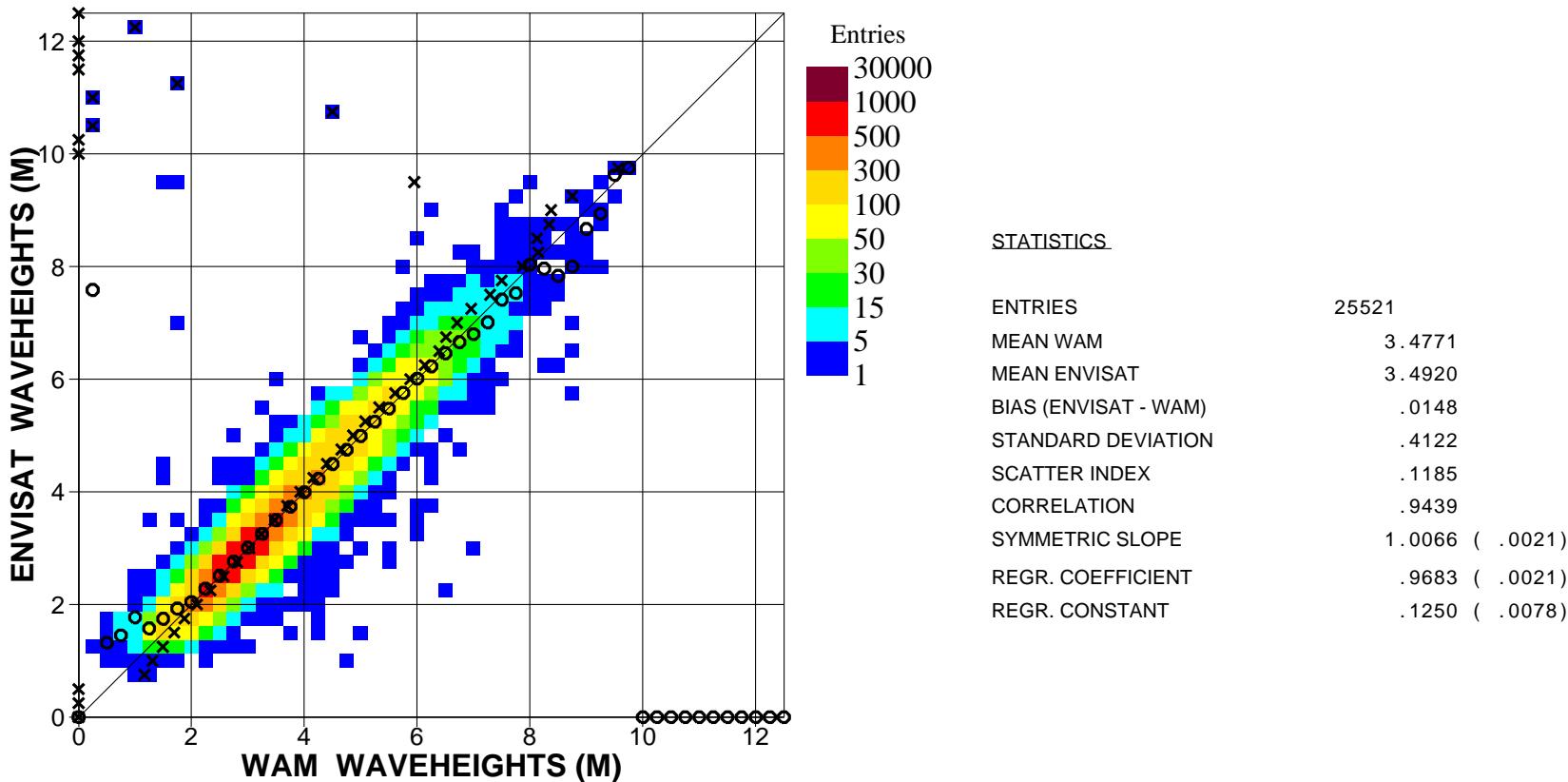


Figure 29. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and WAM (first guess) significant wave heights for July 2004 (S.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

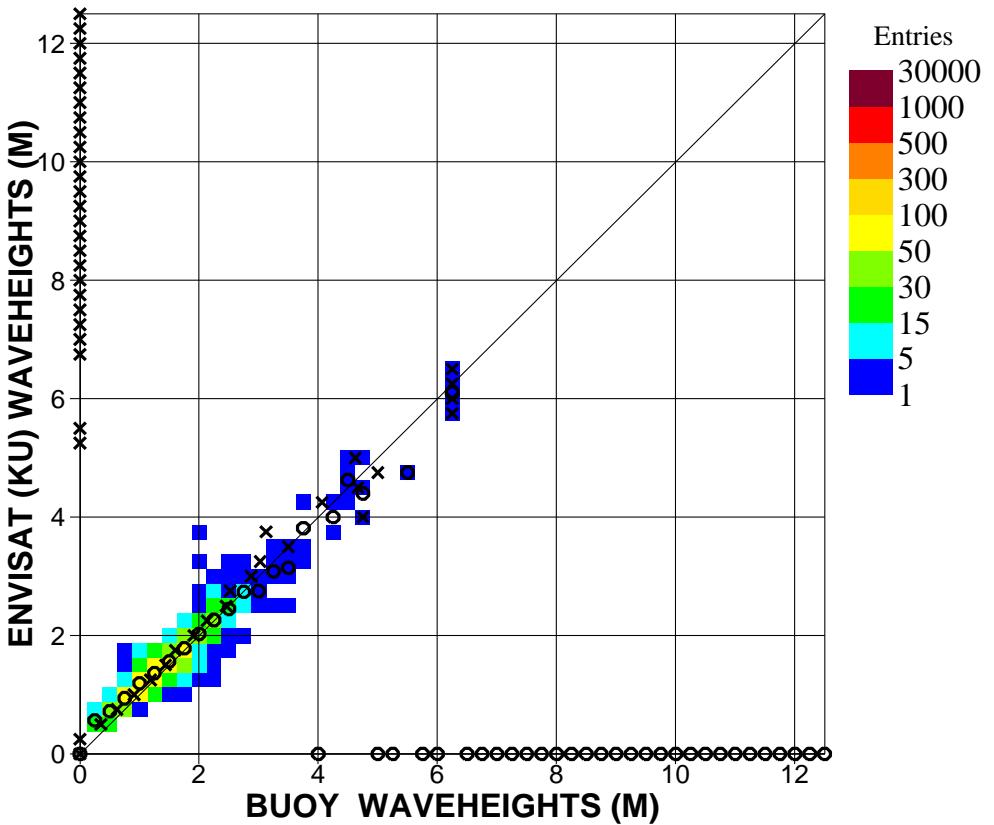


Figure 30. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (Global)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	1128
MEAN BUOY	1.4912
MEAN ENVISAT	1.5868
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	.0956
STANDARD DEVIATION	.2466
SCATTER INDEX	.1654
CORRELATION	.9493
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.0368 ( .0100)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.8837 ( .0087)
REGR. CONSTANT	.2691 ( .0147)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

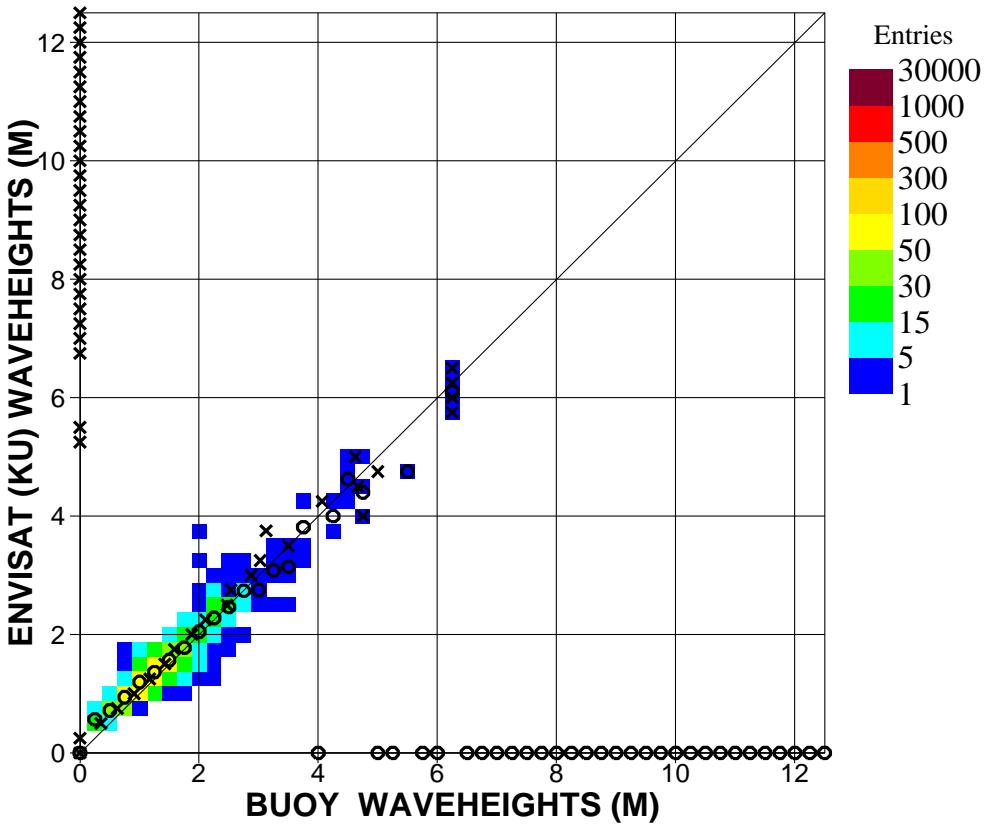


Figure 31. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	1002
MEAN BUOY	1.4535
MEAN ENVISAT	1.5580
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	.1045
STANDARD DEVIATION	.2506
SCATTER INDEX	.1724
CORRELATION	.9507
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.0408 (.0105)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.8868 (.0091)
REGR. CONSTANT	.2691 (.0152)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

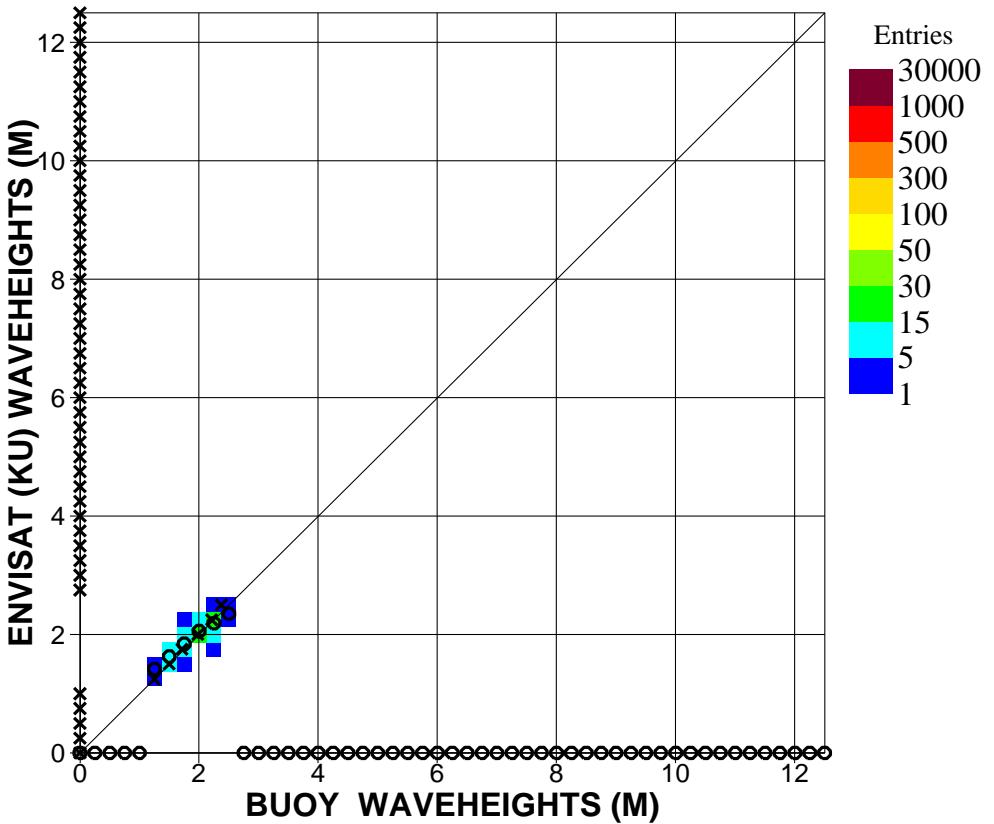


Figure 32. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (Tropics)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	91
MEAN BUOY	1.9294
MEAN ENVISAT	1.9744
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	.0450
STANDARD DEVIATION	.1300
SCATTER INDEX	.0674
CORRELATION	.8808
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.0219 ( .0515)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.8314 ( .0474)
REGR. CONSTANT	.3702 ( .0923)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

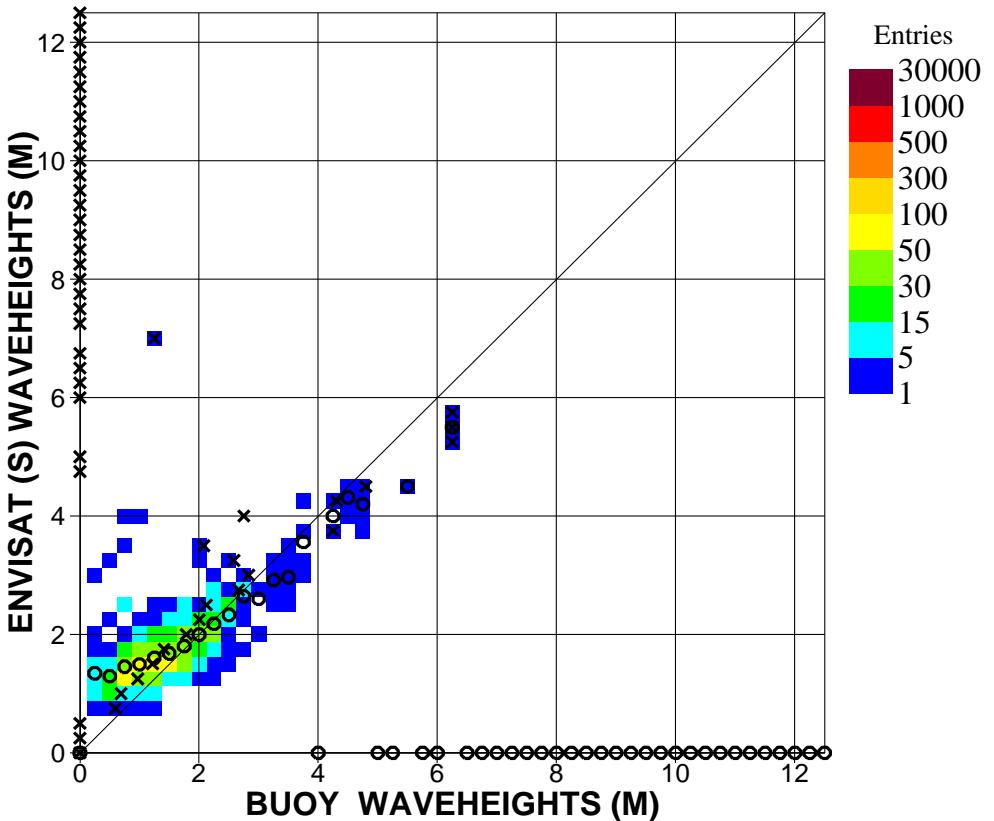
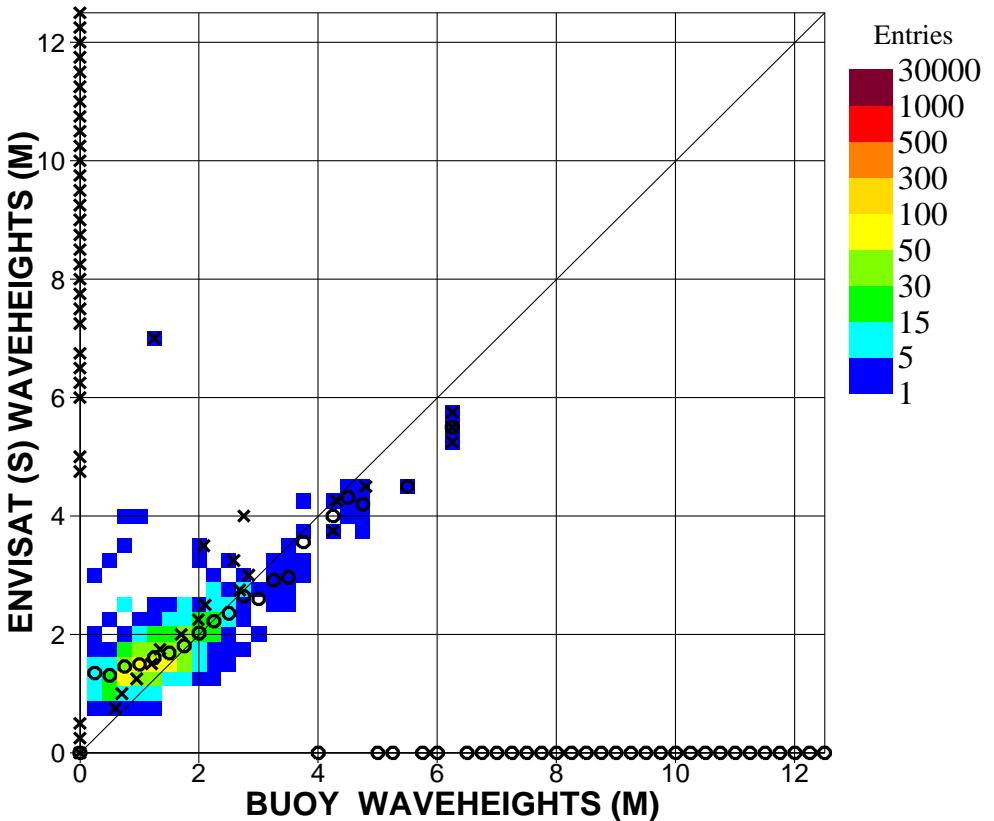


Figure 33. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (Global)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	1124
MEAN BUOY	1.4925
MEAN ENVISAT	1.7765
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	.2840
STANDARD DEVIATION	.4877
SCATTER INDEX	.3268
CORRELATION	.7831
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.1147 (.0213)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.6118 (.0145)
REGR. CONSTANT	.8634 (.0245)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■



## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	998
MEAN BUOY	1.4548
MEAN ENVISAT	1.7698
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	.3150
STANDARD DEVIATION	.4967
SCATTER INDEX	.3415
CORRELATION	.7885
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	1.1308 ( .0228)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.6232 ( .0154)
REGR. CONSTANT	.8632 ( .0256)

Figure 34. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

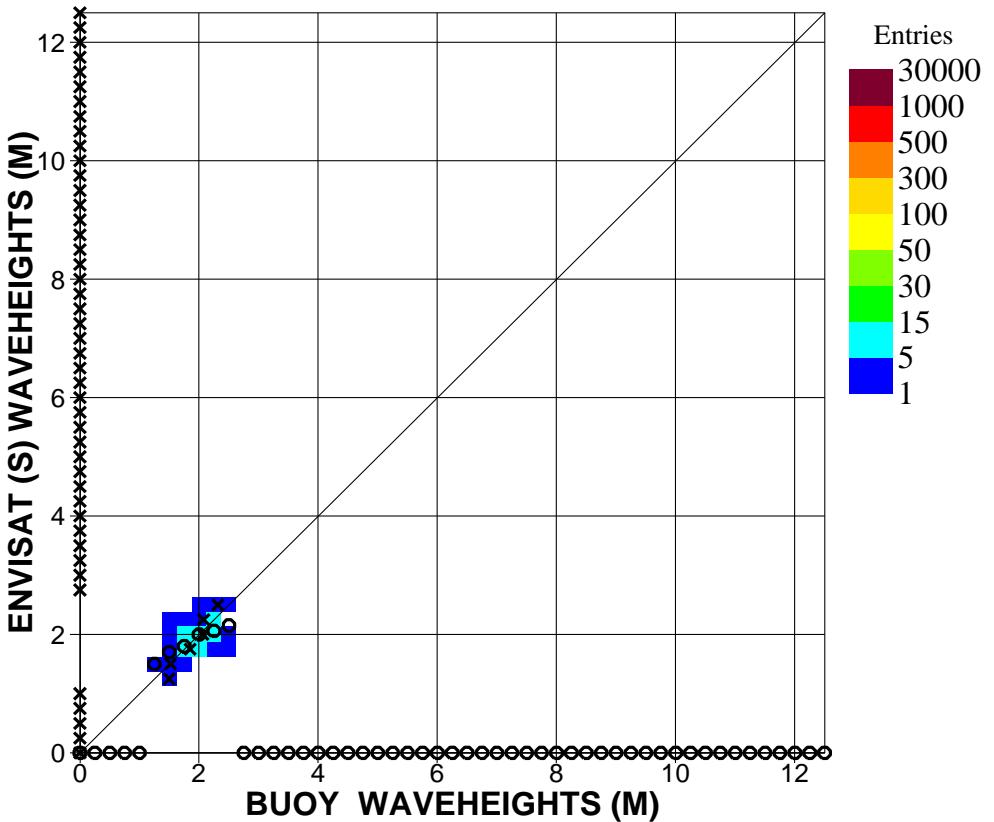


Figure 35. Comparison between ENVISAT Altimeter S-Band and buoy significant wave heights for July 2004 (Tropics)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	91
MEAN BUOY	1.9294
MEAN ENVISAT	1.9173
BIAS (ENVISAT - BUOY)	- .0121
STANDARD DEVIATION	.2344
SCATTER INDEX	.1215
CORRELATION	.6130
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	.9930 ( .0910)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.5863 ( .0801)
REGR. CONSTANT	.7860 ( .1560)

# ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004

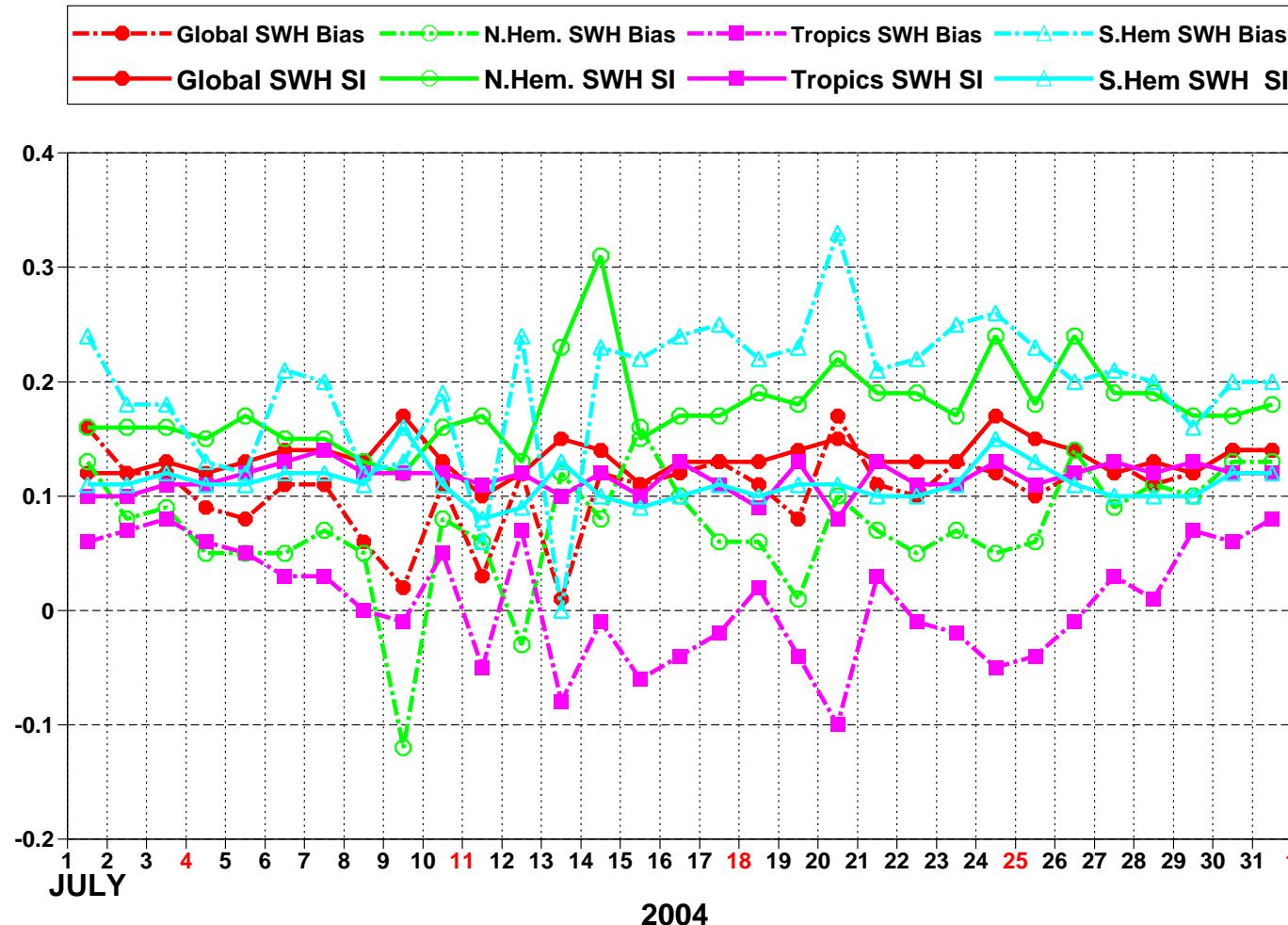


Figure 36: ENVISAT Altimeter Ku-band wave heights: Timeseries of bias (ENVISAT - WAM\_FG) and scatter index (SI)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

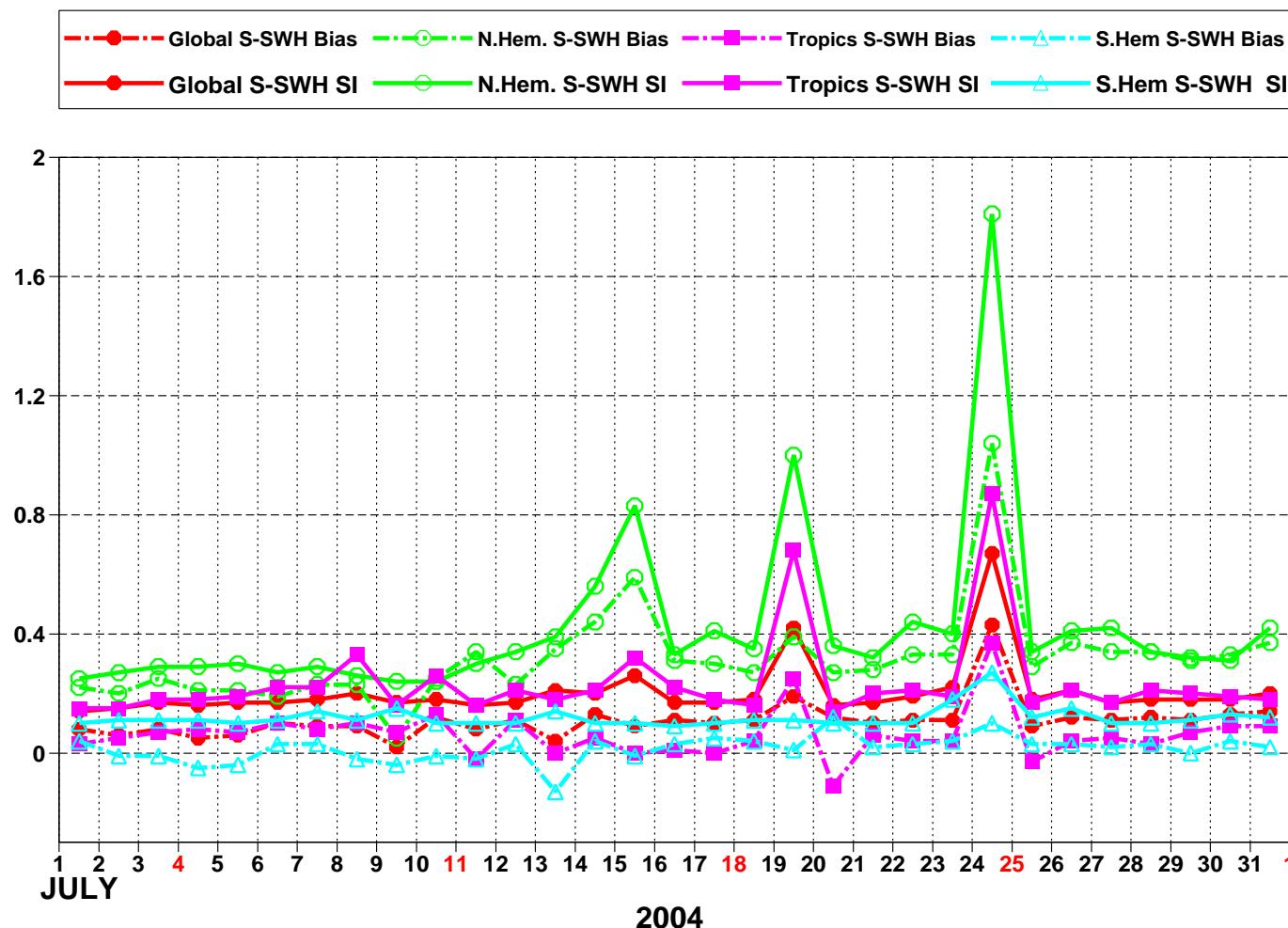


Figure 37: ENVISAT Altimeter S-band wave heights: Timeseries of bias (ENVISAT - WAM\_FG) and scatter index (SI)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

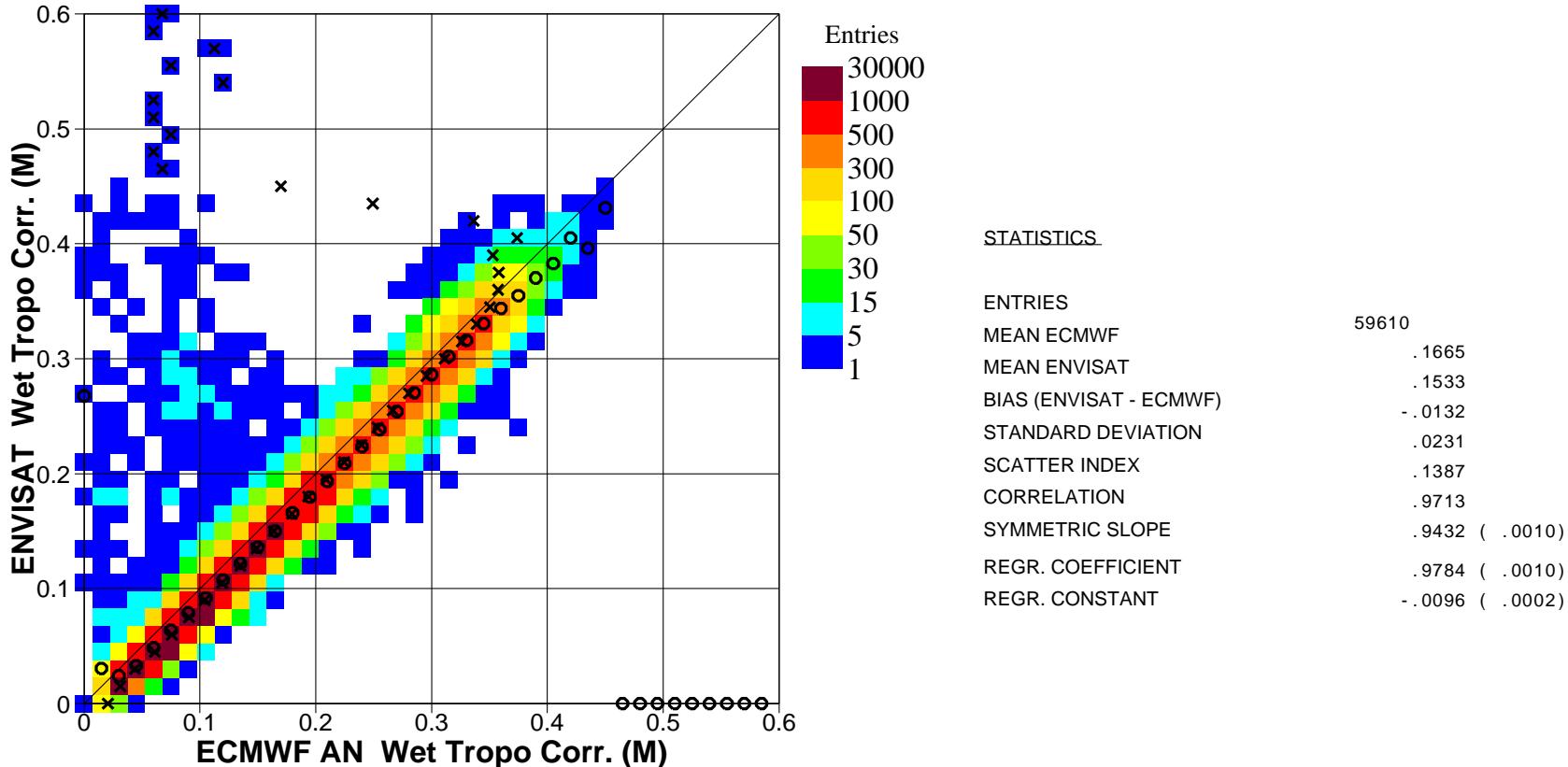


Figure 38. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) wet tropo correction for July 2004 (Global)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

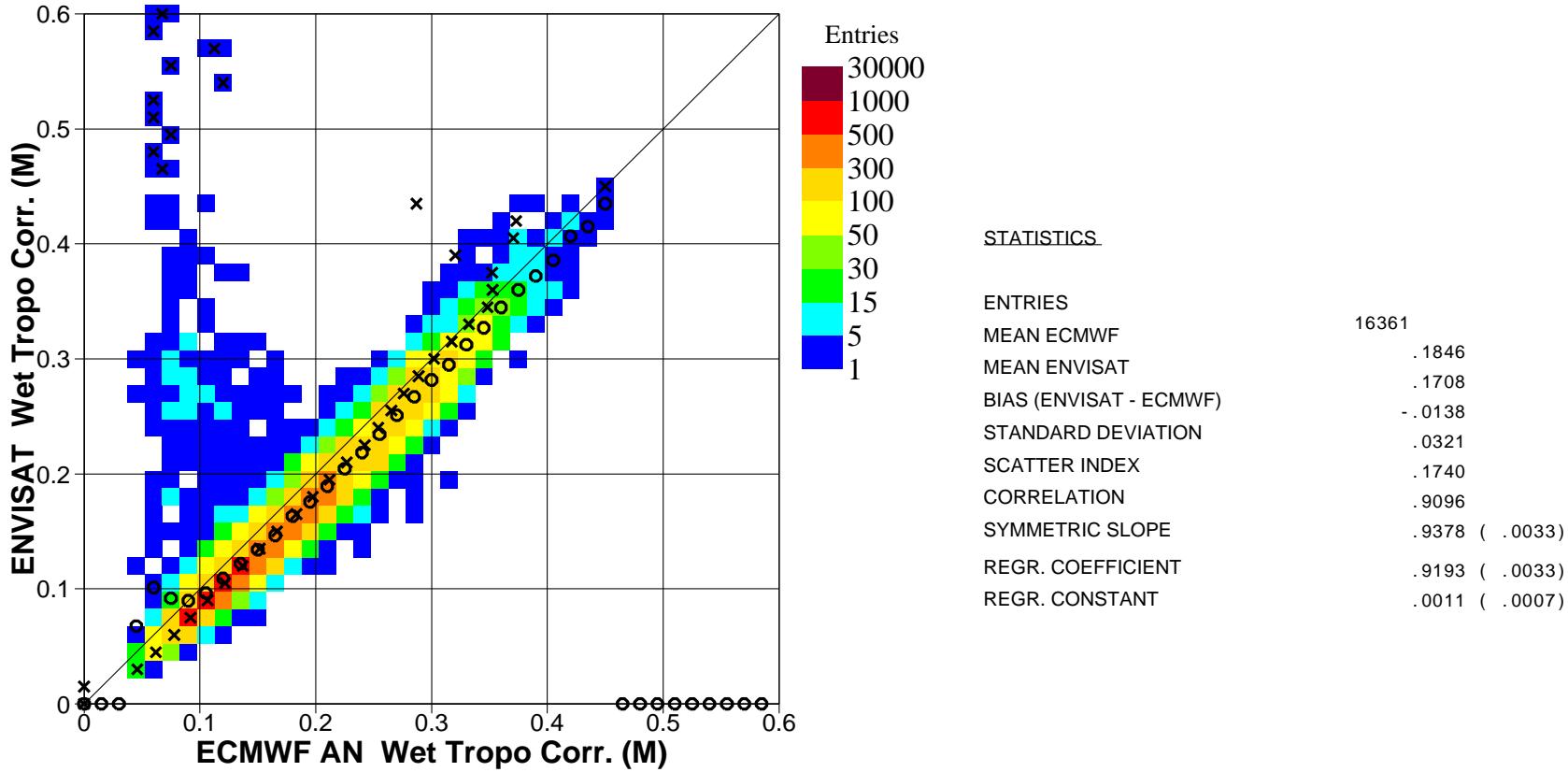


Figure 39. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) wet tropo correction for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

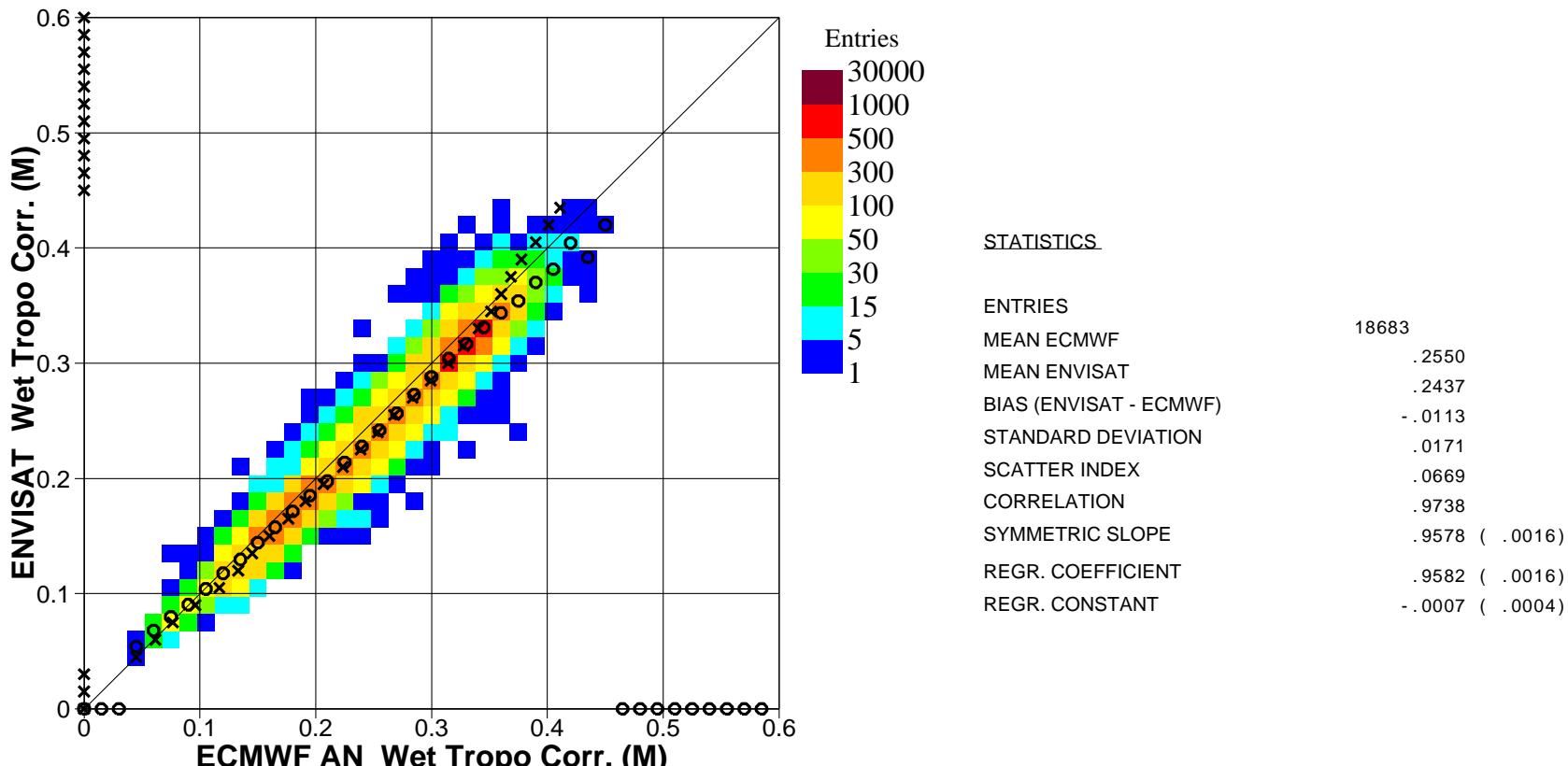


Figure 40. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) wet tropo correction for July 2004 (Tropics)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

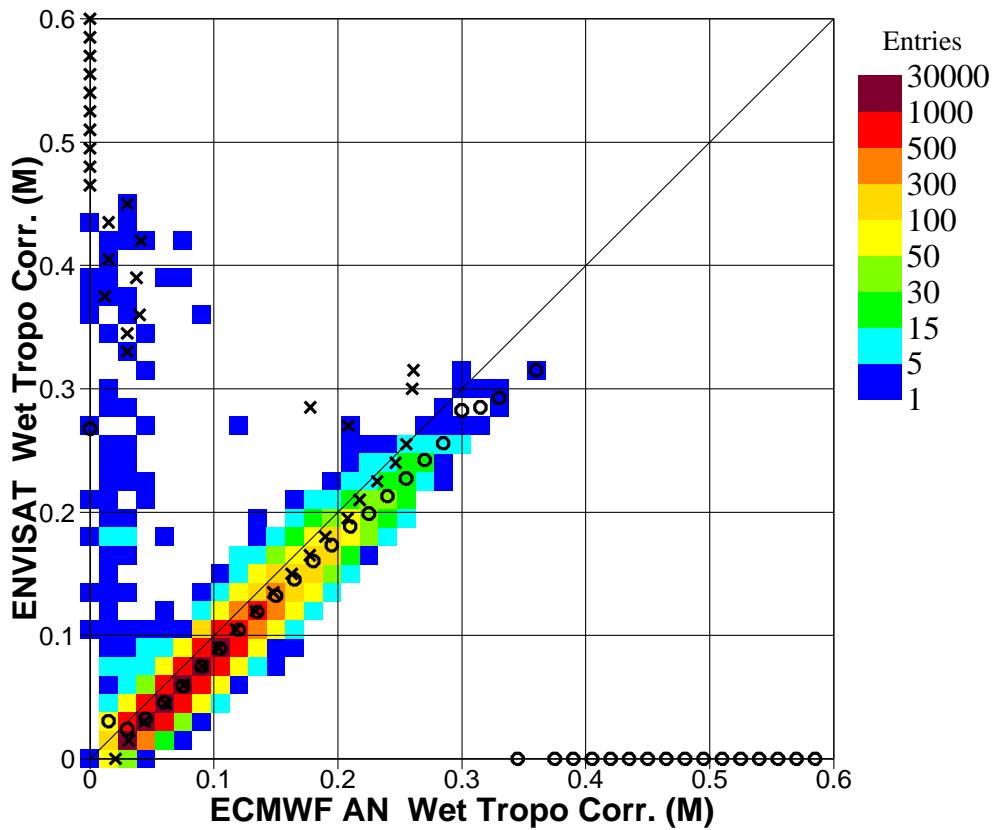


Figure 41. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) wet tropo correction for July 2004 (S.Hem.)

## STATISTICS

ENTRIES	25021
MEAN ECMWF	.0894
MEAN ENVISAT	.0753
BIAS (ENVISAT - ECMWF)	-.0140
STANDARD DEVIATION	.0195
SCATTER INDEX	.2181
CORRELATION	.9128
SYMMETRIC SLOPE	.8801 ( .0026)
REGR. COEFFICIENT	.9171 ( .0026)
REGR. CONSTANT	-.0066 ( .0003)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

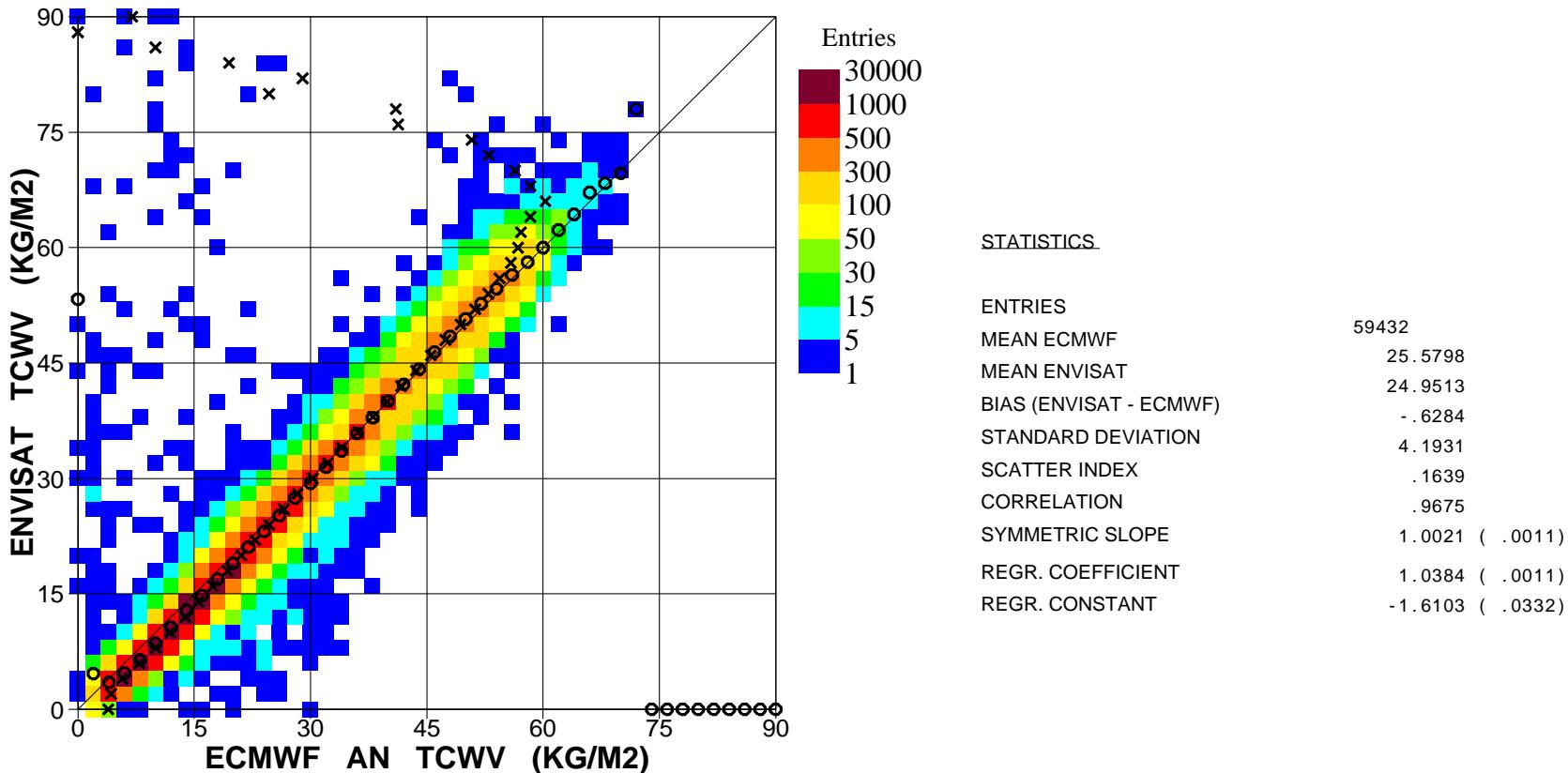


Figure 42. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) total column water vapour for July 2004 (Global)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

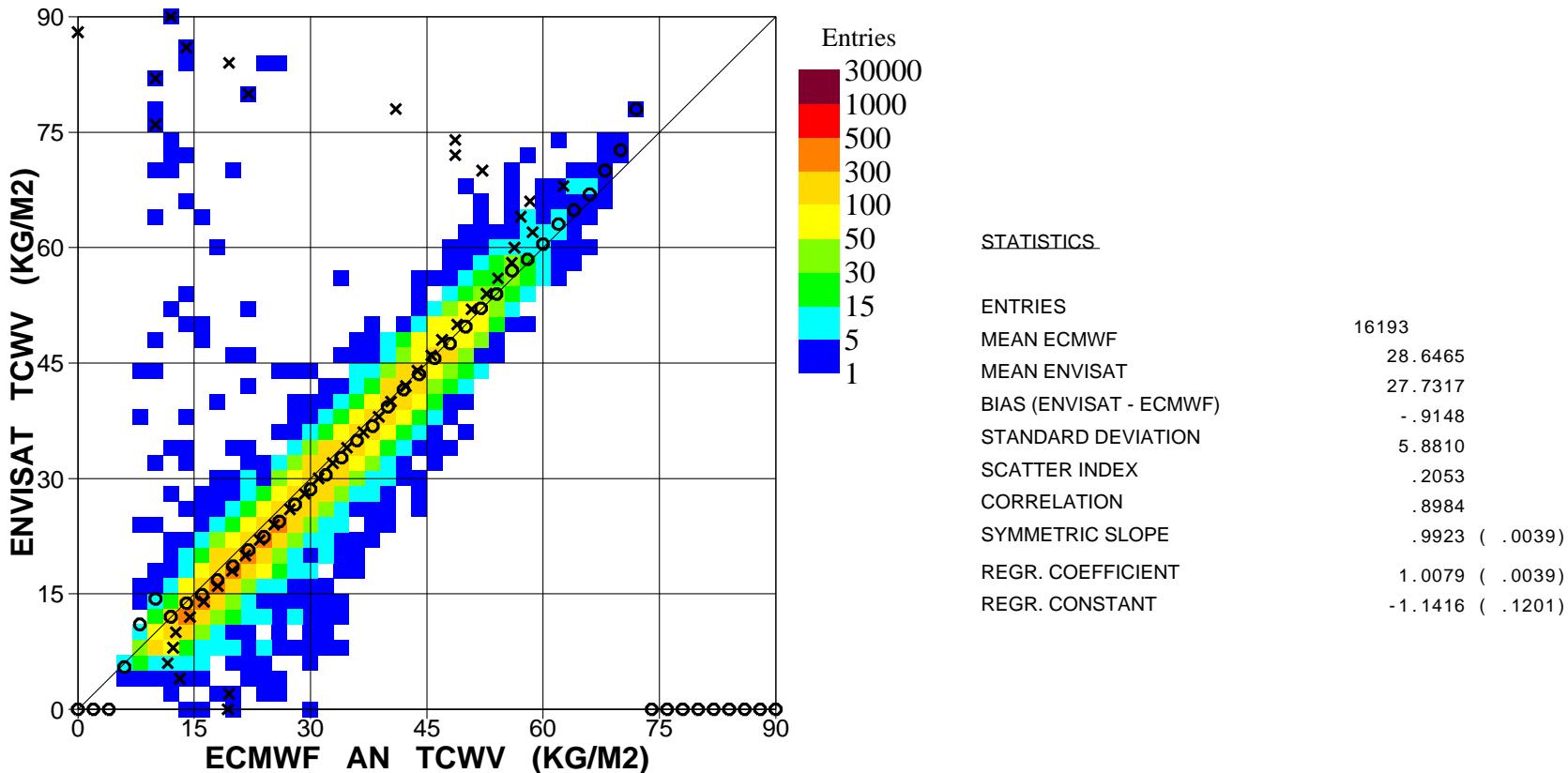


Figure 43. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) total column water vapour for July 2004 (N.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

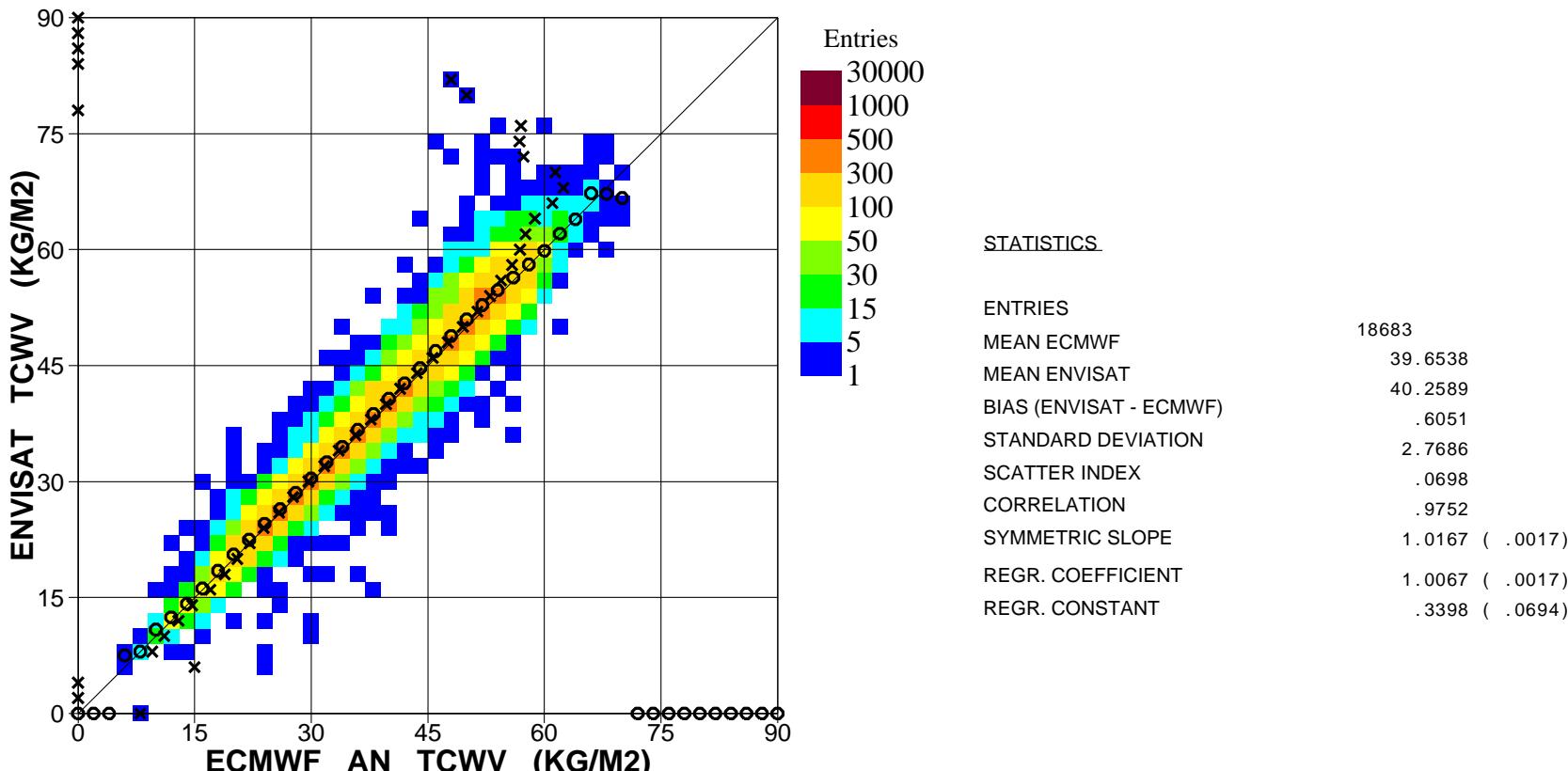


Figure 44. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) total column water vapour for July 2004 (Tropics)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

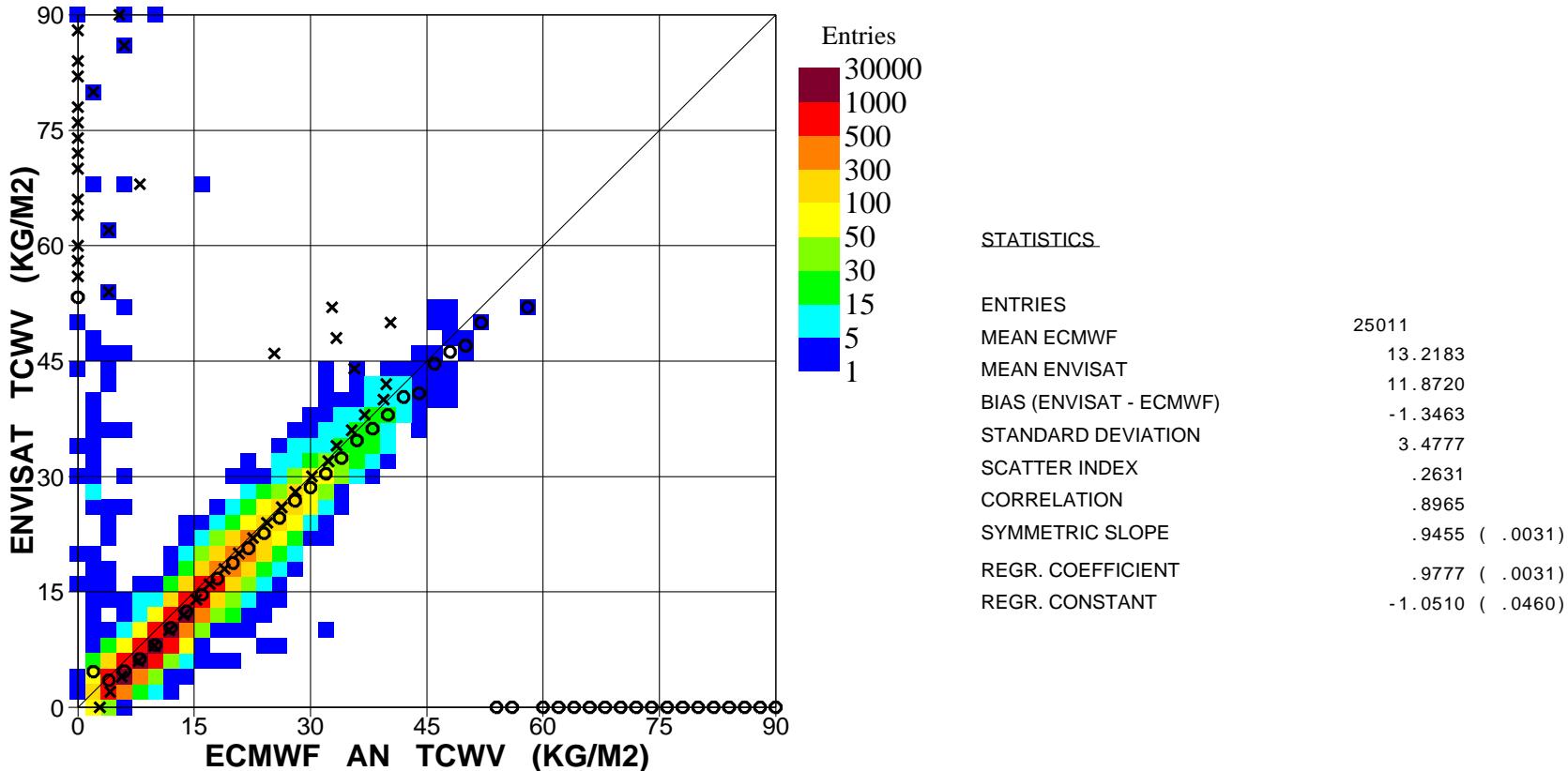


Figure 45. Comparison between ENVISAT MWR and ECMWF (analysis) total column water vapour for July 2004 (S.Hem.)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

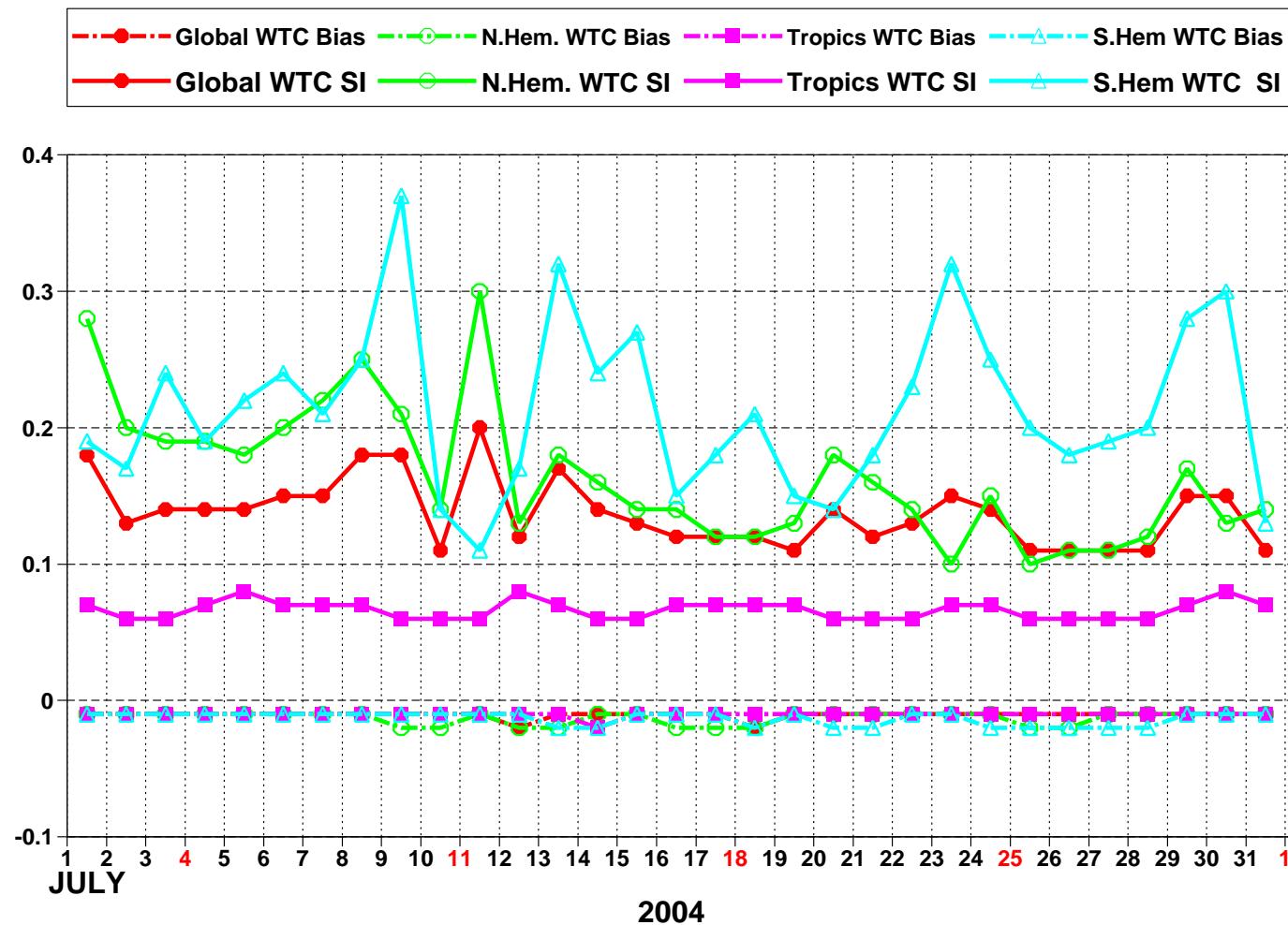


Figure 46: ENVISAT Altimeter wet tropo correction: Timeseries of bias (ENVISAT - ECMWF) and scatter index (SI)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

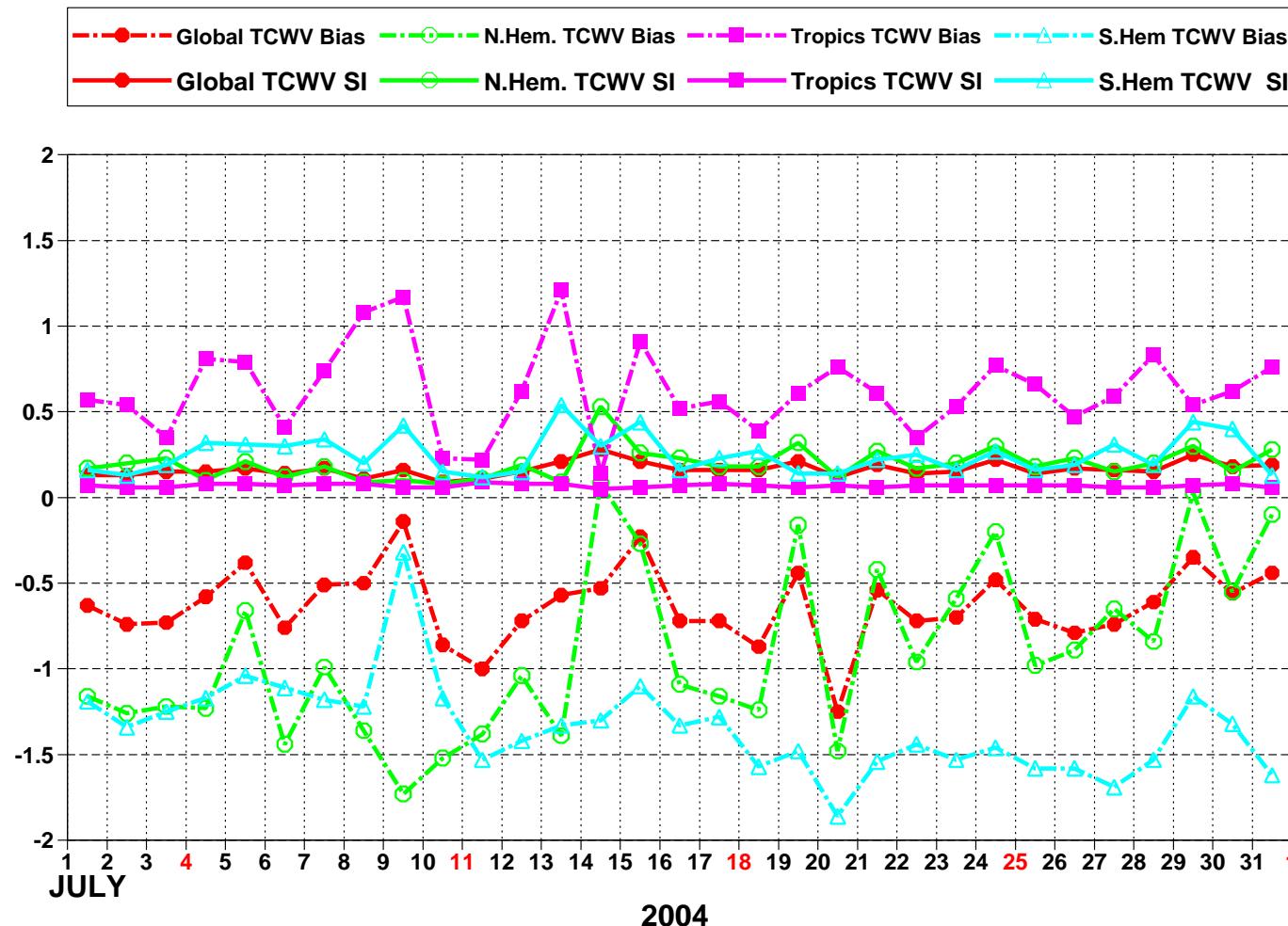


Figure 47: ENVISAT Altimeter total column water vapour: Timeseries of bias (ENVISAT - ECMWF) and scatter index (SI)

# ■ ECMWF Report on ENVISAT RA-2 for July 2004 ■

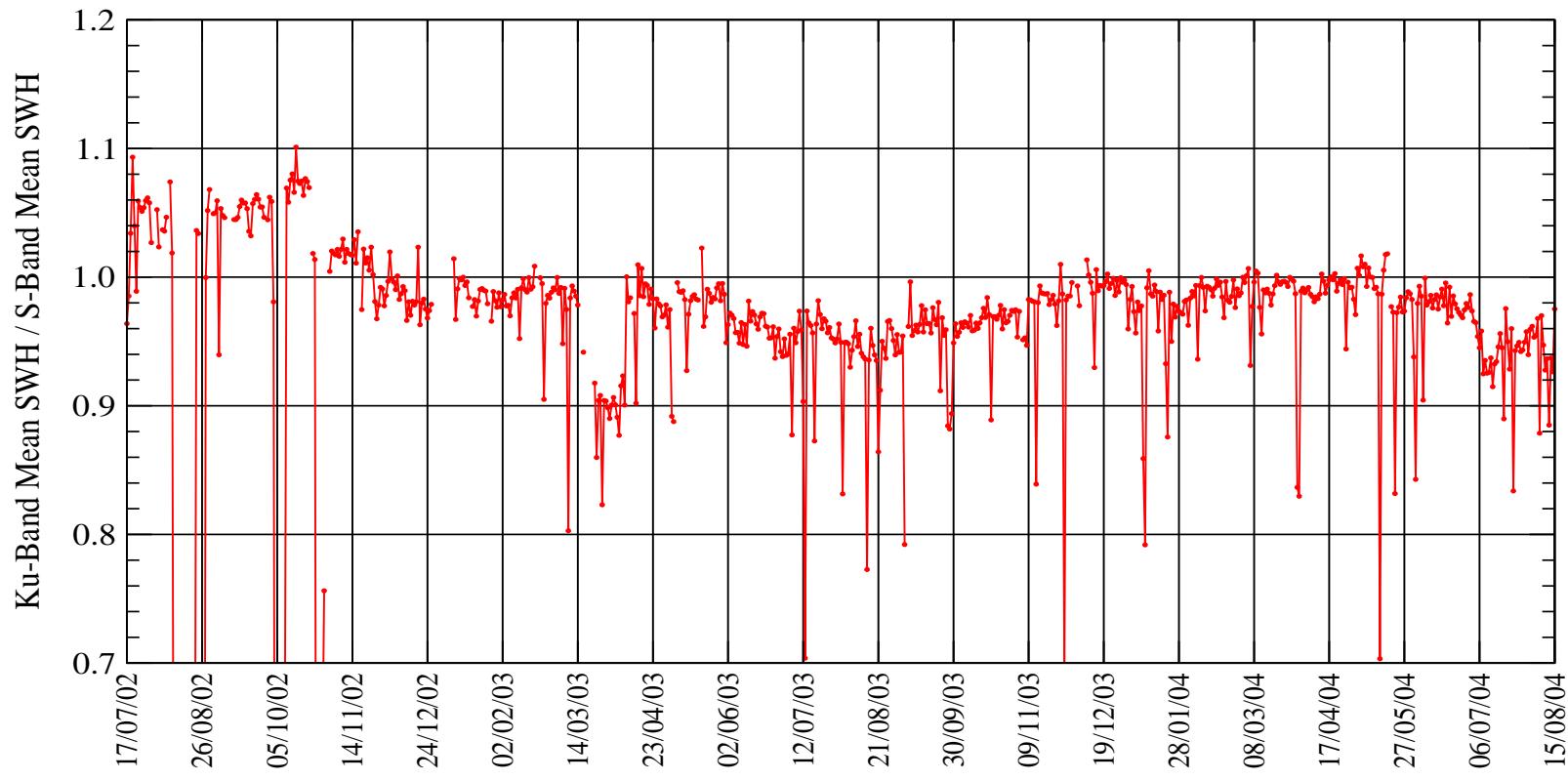


Figure 48. Timeseries of daily global ratio between mean Ku-Band to mean S-Band significant wave heights since the 18th. of July 2002.