

## → SEASAR 2012

The 4<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Advances in SAR Oceanography

# Direct ocean surface velocity mapping with Wide Swath SAR:

## A user's guide to the range Doppler method

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The 4<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Advances in SAR Oceanography

# High resolution surface velocity mapping with Wide Swath SAR:

## A user's guide to the range Doppler method

The idea for this manual is essentially coming from Beal, Young, Monaldo, Thompson, Winstead and Scott book on High Resolution Wind Monitoring with Wide Swath SAR:  
A Users' Guide (published by NOAA in June 2005)

## MOTIVATION

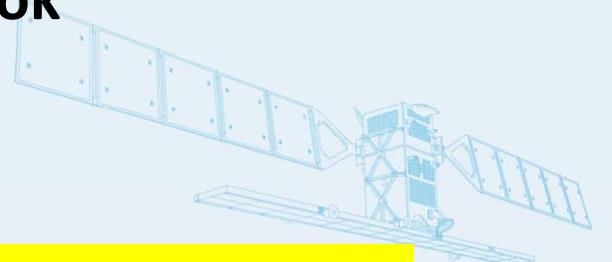
Operated as a “speed-gun” in space the ASAR Doppler shift anomalies manifest the range component of the sea surface current. Building on more than 5000 synoptic wide coverage acquisitions since 2007, new high-resolution gridded maps ( $\sim 10 \text{ km} \times 10 \text{ km}$ ) of intense surface current regimes have been established.

The ASAR based surface velocity estimates that can be related to surface current are not error free, and they rely on careful processing and correction for near surface wind speed effects and wave motions. This will be demonstrated.

A broad range of examples will be given with coincident ASAR roughness, wind field and range Doppler velocity together with auxiliary data and information such as surface drifter data, satellite altimetry and gravimetry, sea surface temperature measurements which all together can resolve circulation patterns that have important implications for oceanographic and air-sea interaction research.

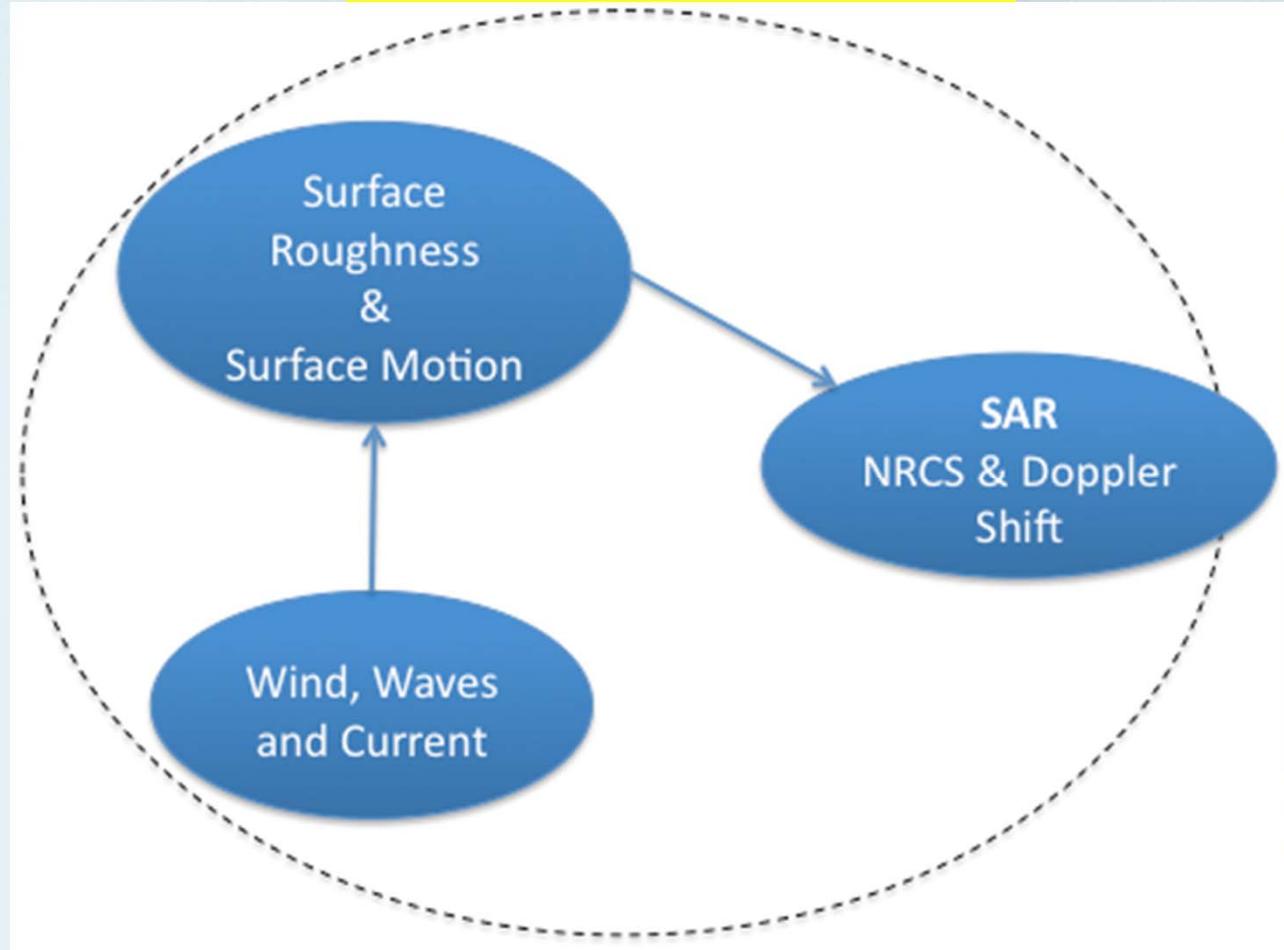
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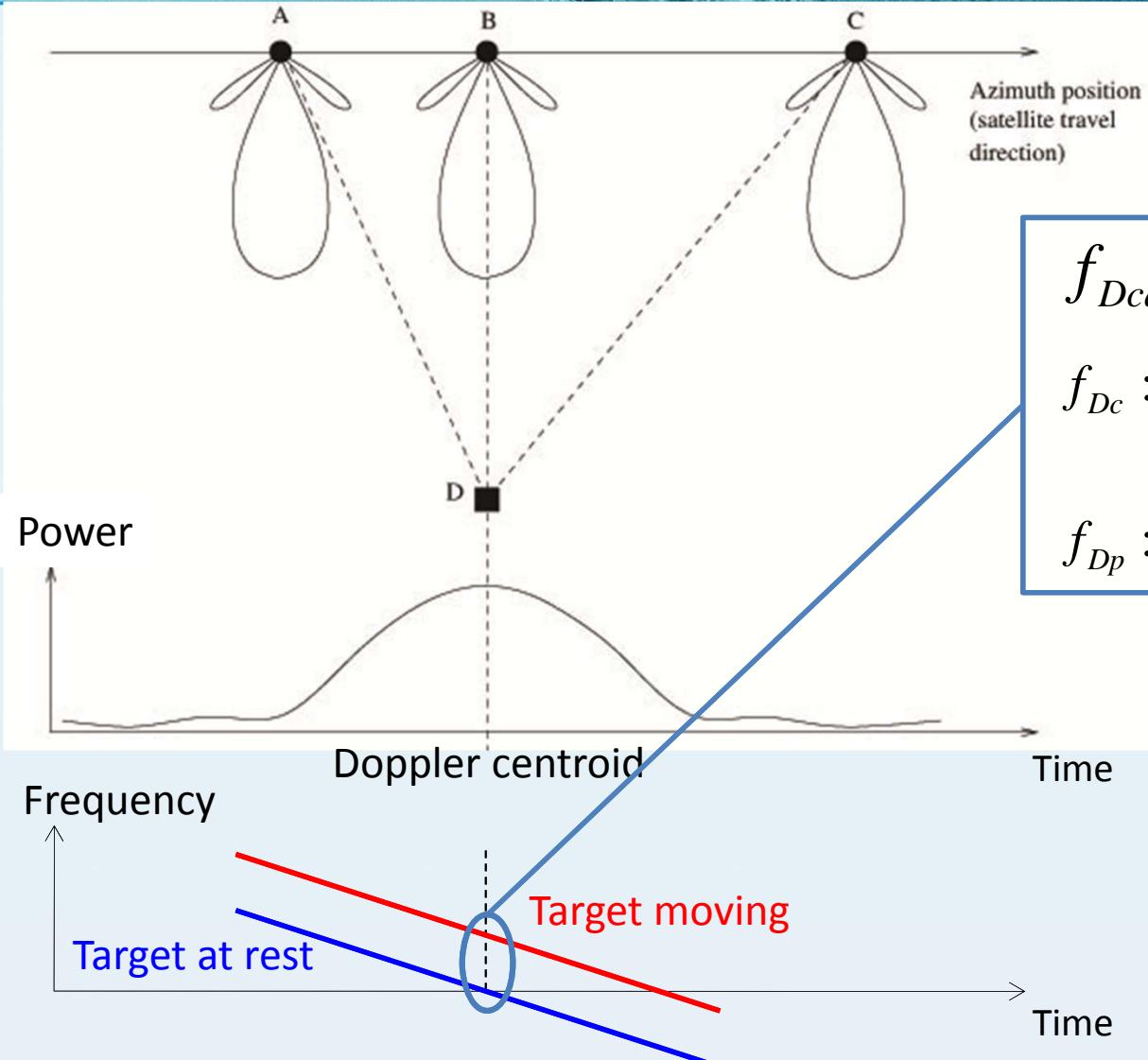
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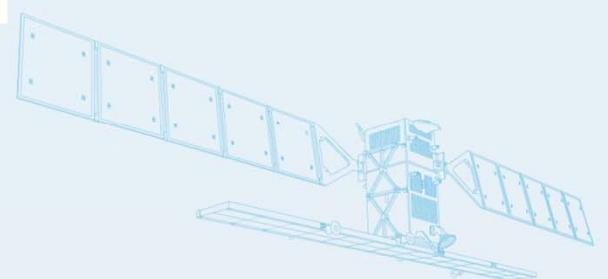
**The book will be colorful and about 100 pages long in landscape format**

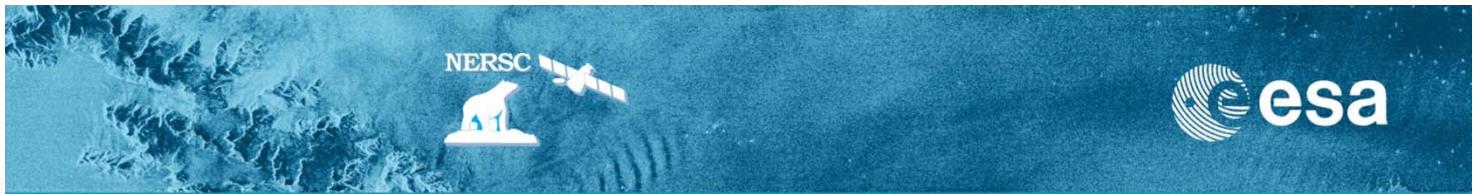
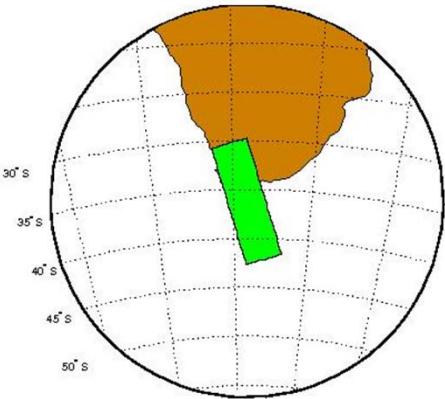
## The Speed-gun in space





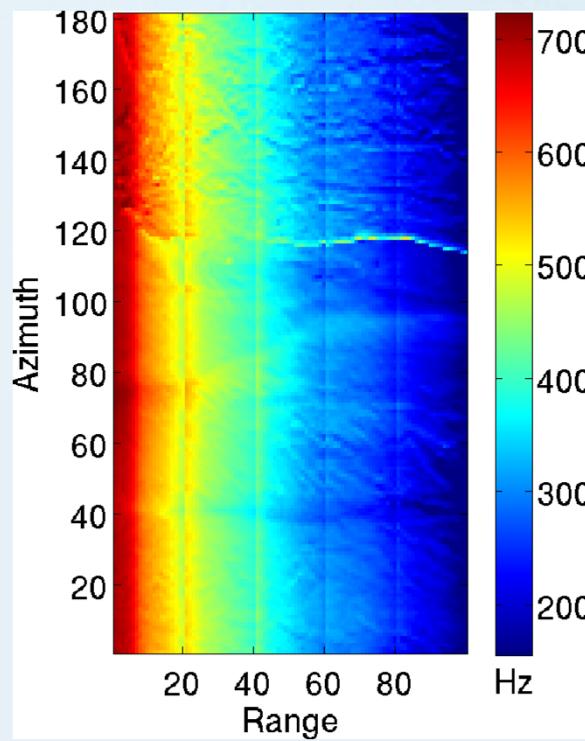
Chapron et al. (2003, 2005)



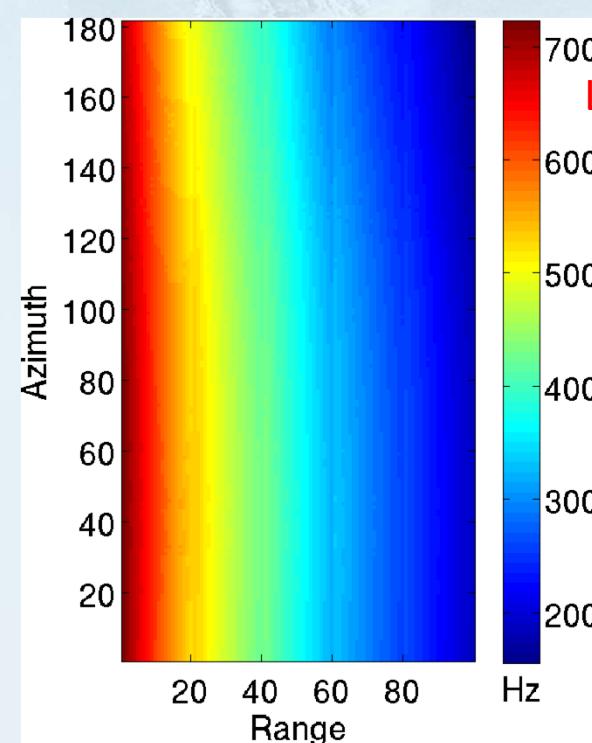


Envisat ASAR scene off the South African coast  
14 September 2010, 21:15 UTC  
Hansen et al., 2011 (IEEE TGRS)

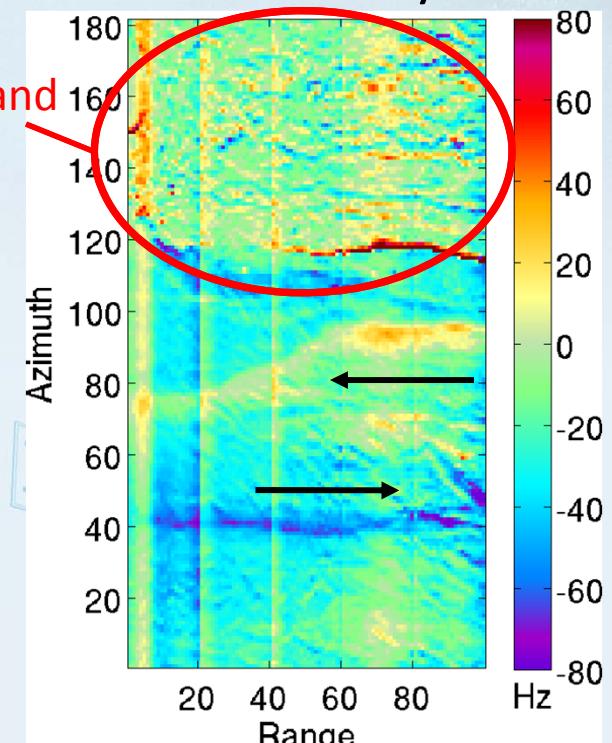
Observed



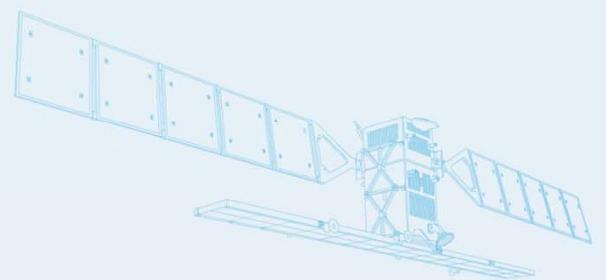
Predicted



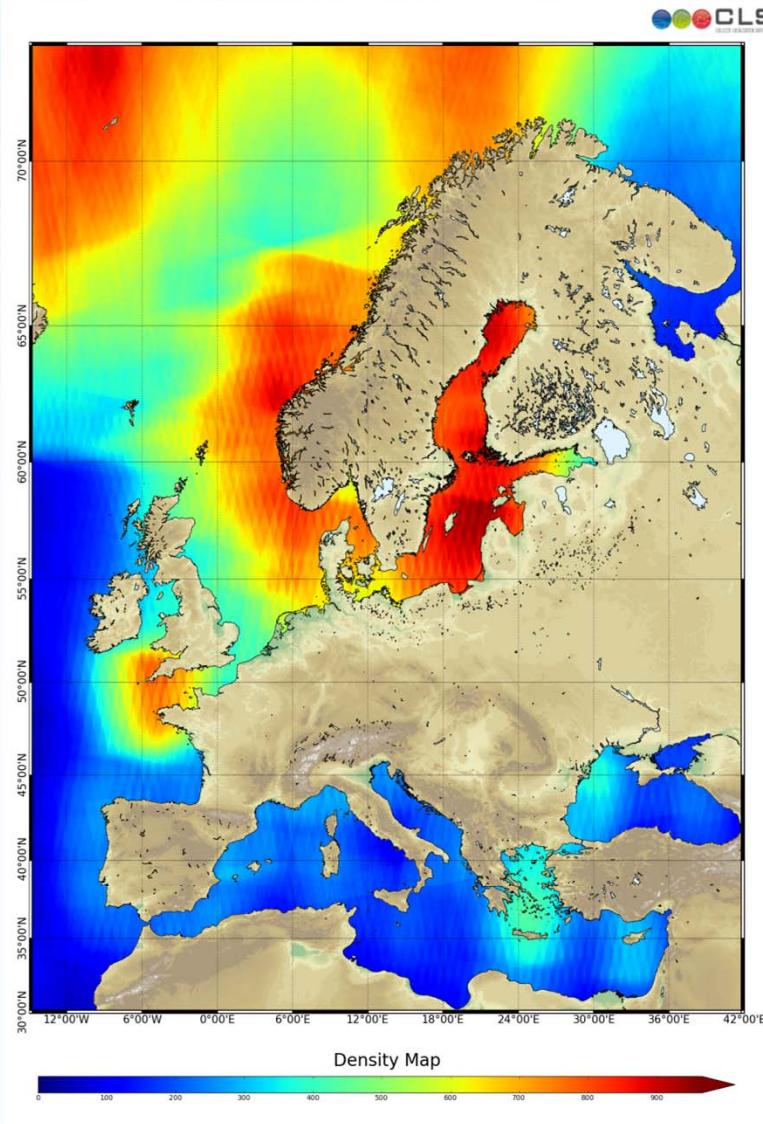
Doppler centroid anomaly

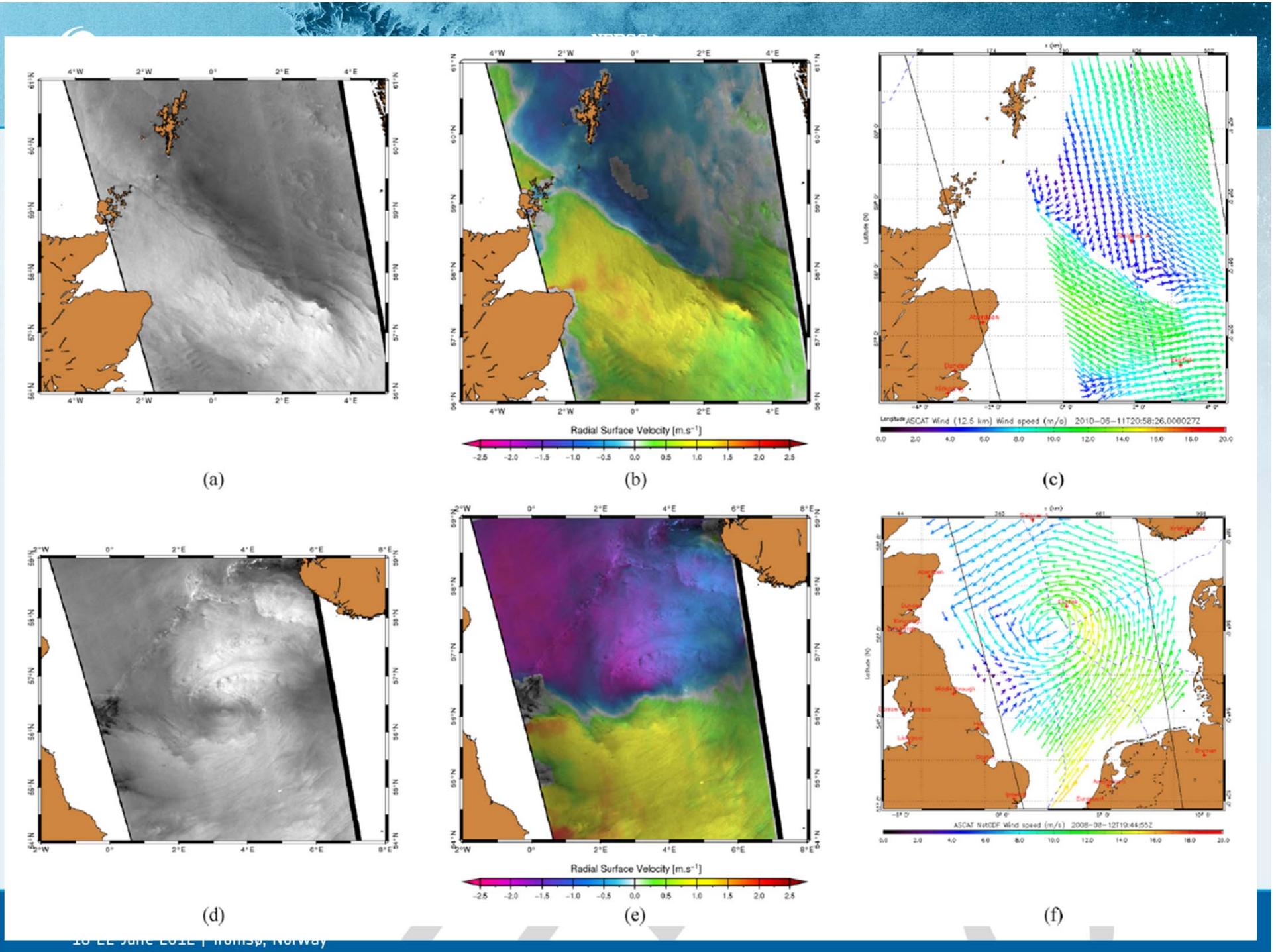


## Estimation of wind and waves effects

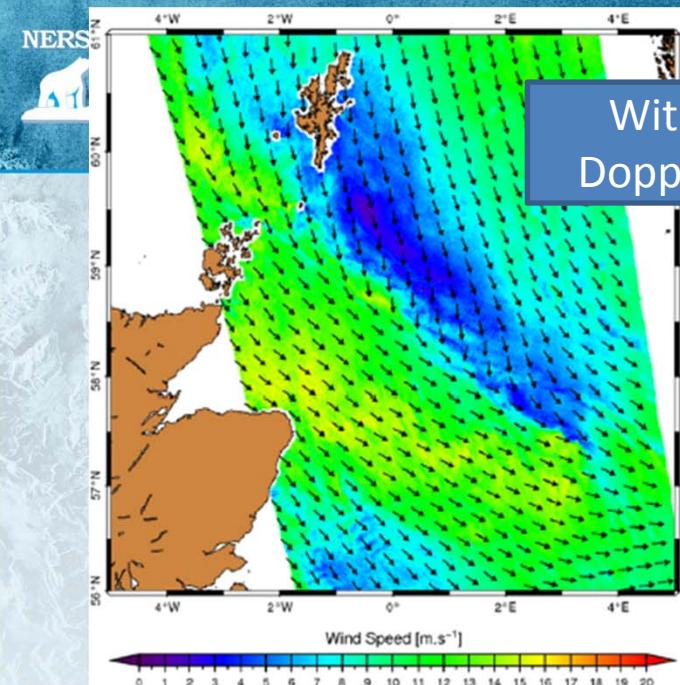
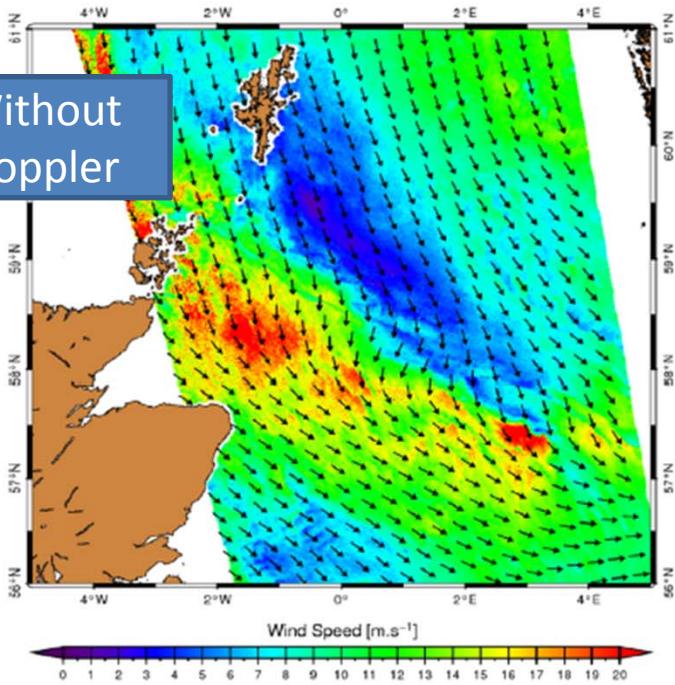


## Data Coverage





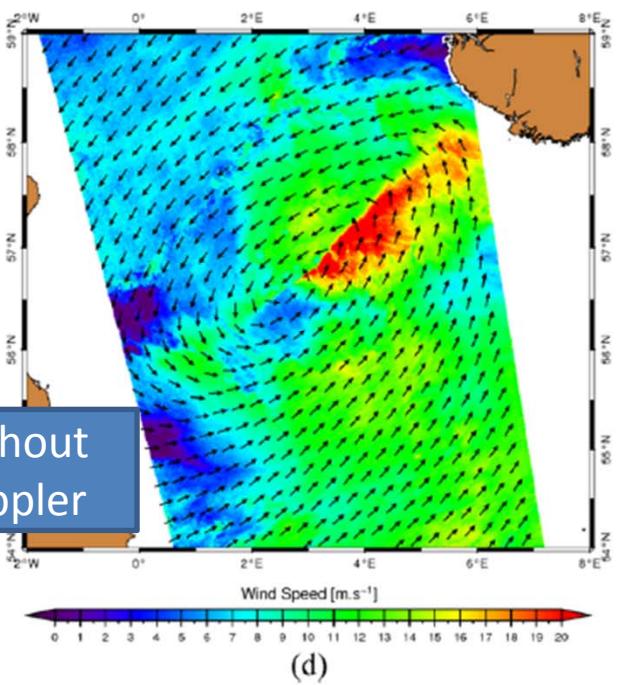
Without  
Doppler



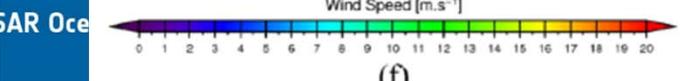
(a)

(c)

Without  
Doppler



(d)



(f)

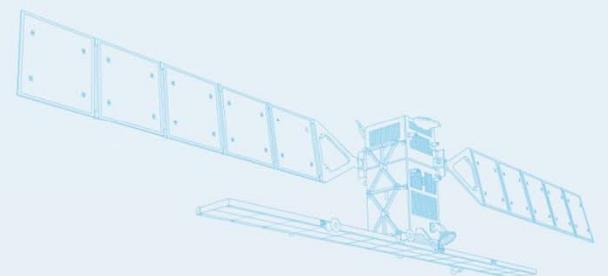
esa



## Monitoring intense current regimes

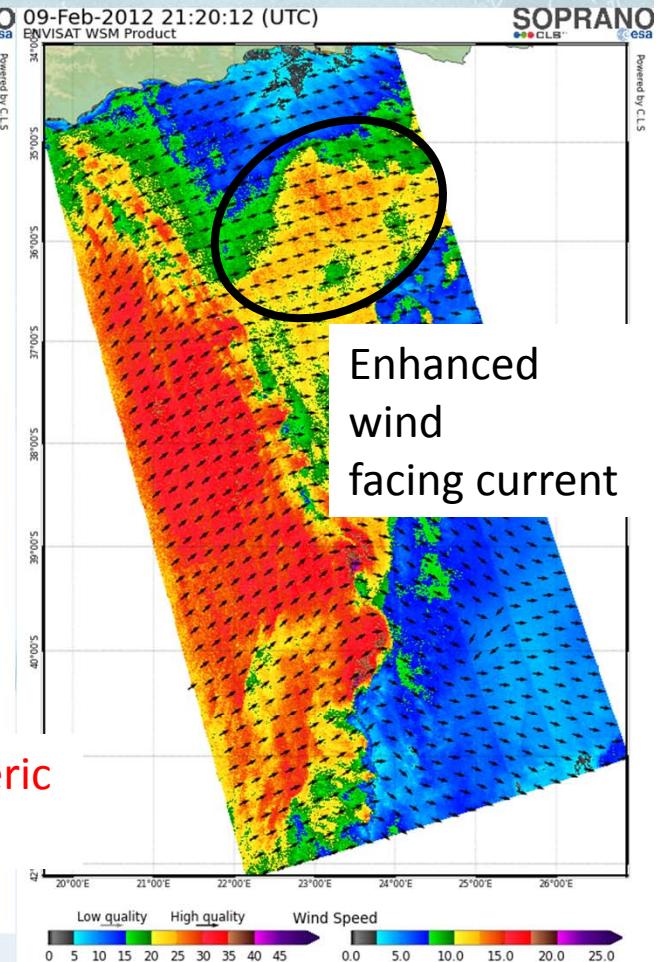
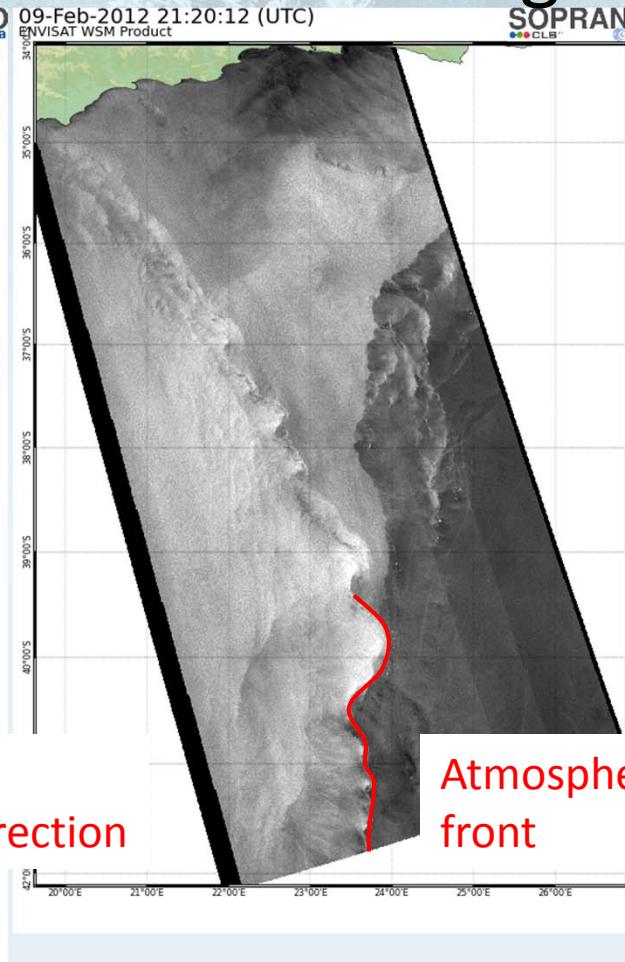
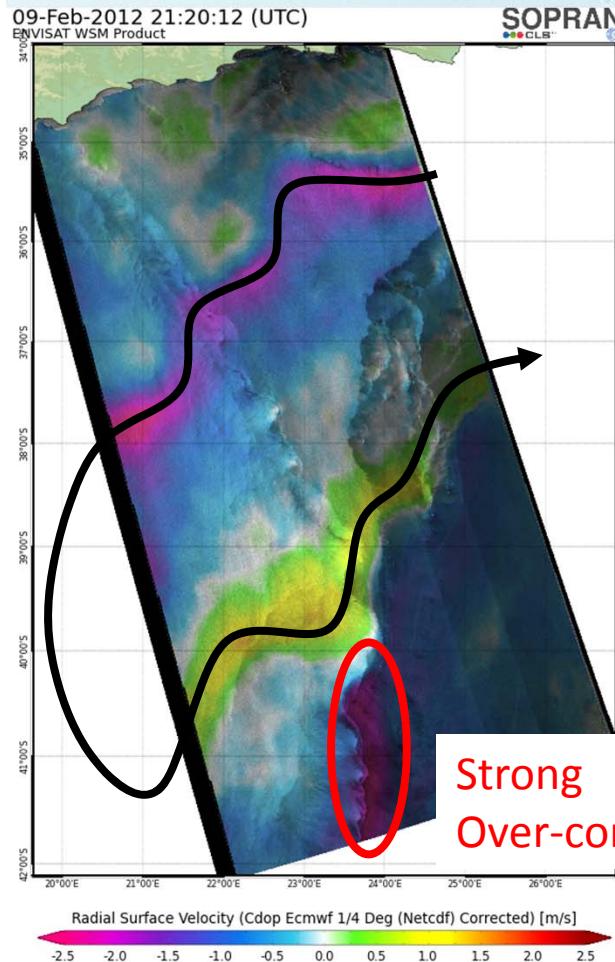
L2 and L3 products from

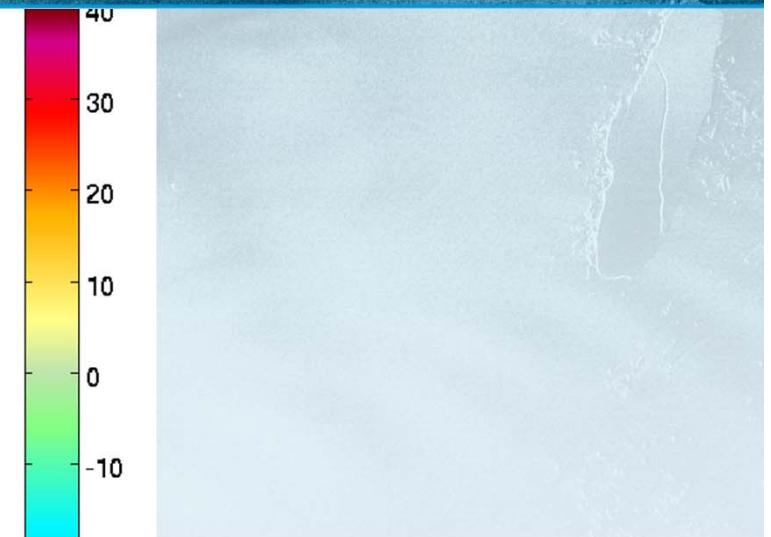
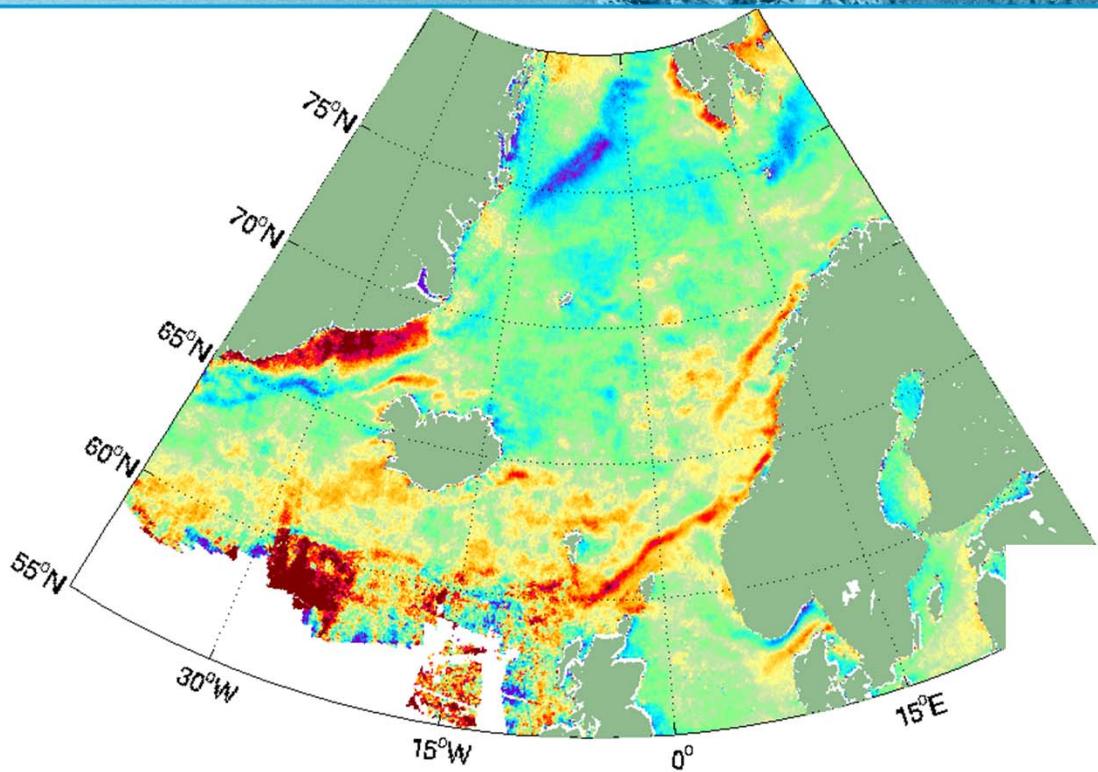
- Agulhas Current
- Gulf Stream
- North Brazilian
- Norwegian Sea



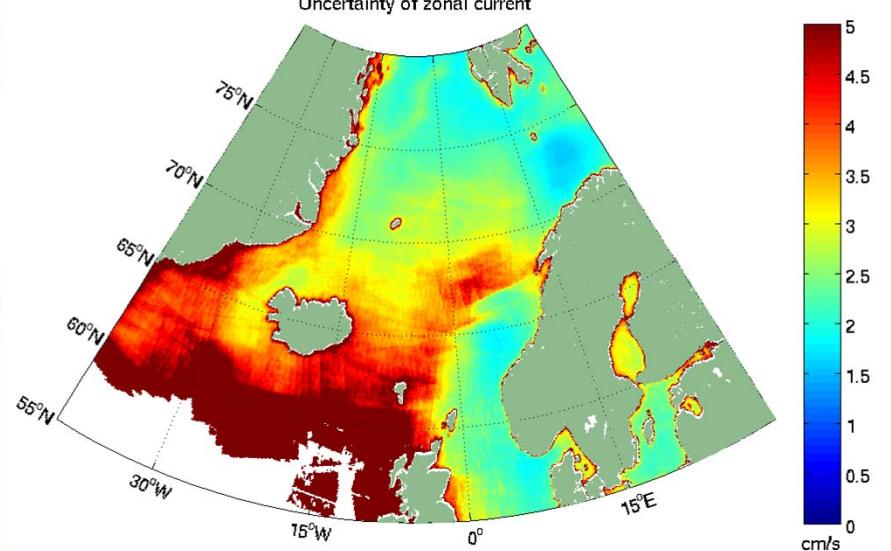
# Exemple over Agulhas current

# Radial current sea surface roughness wind

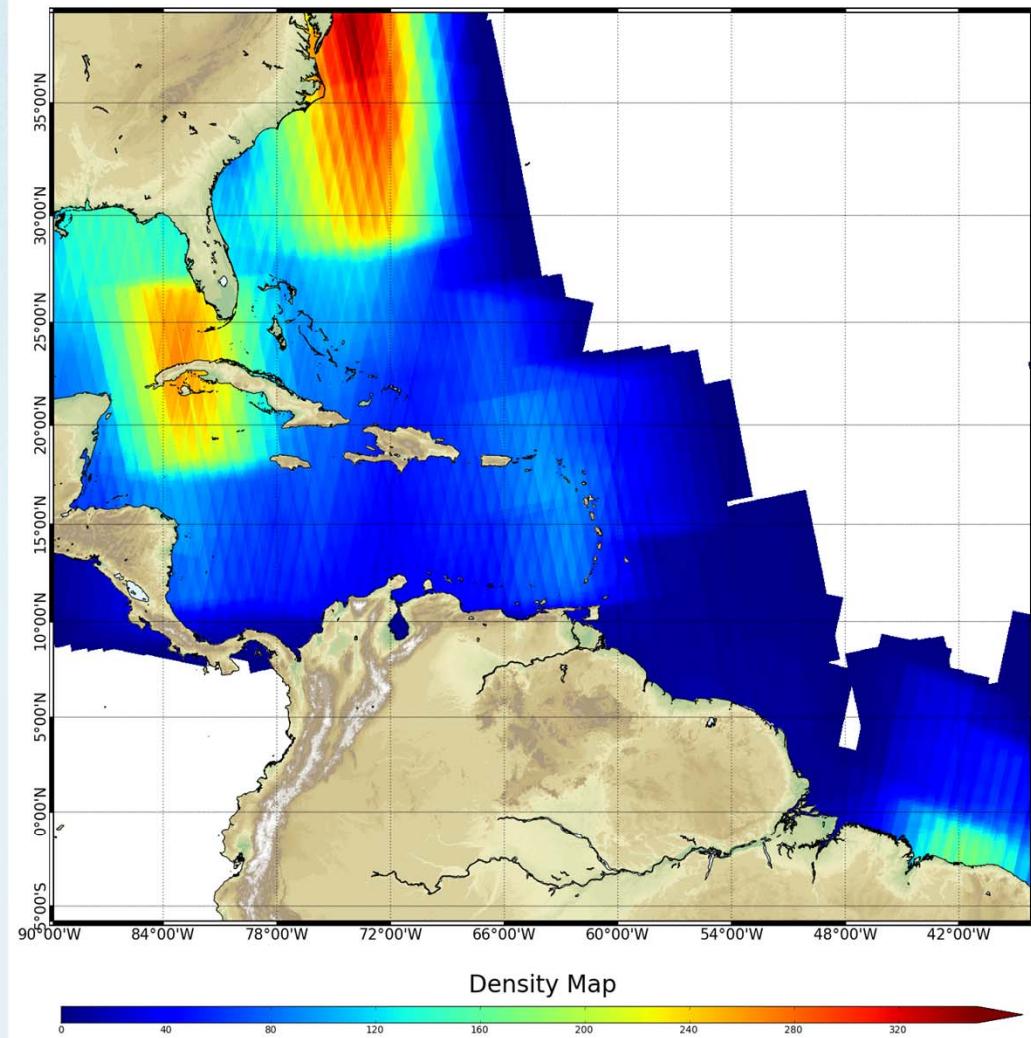


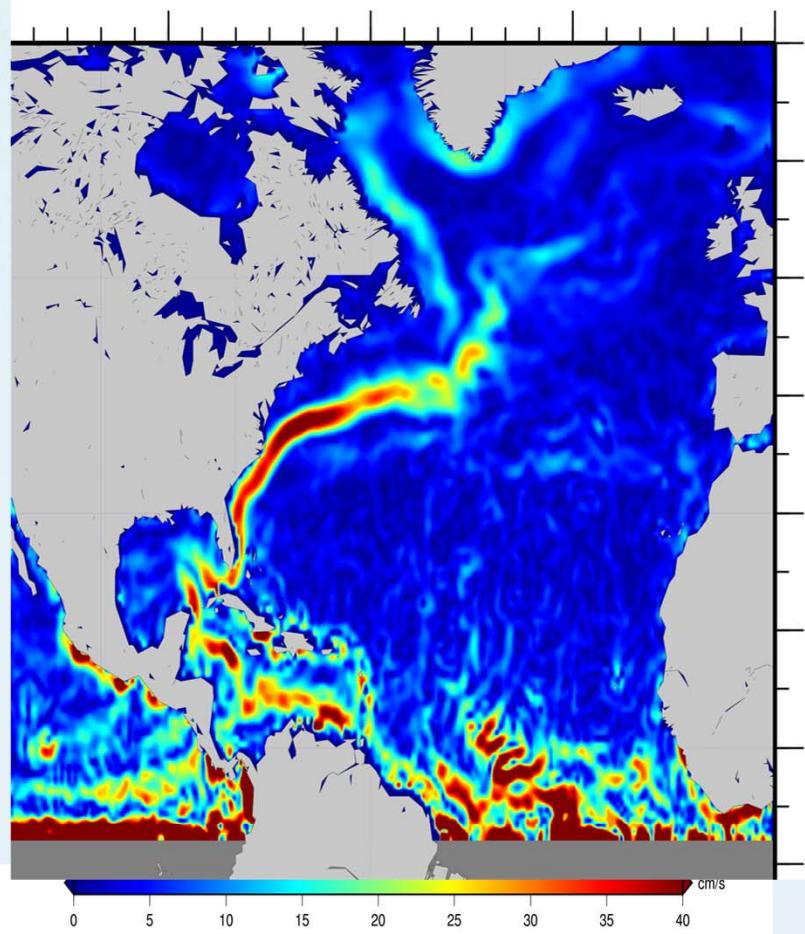


## Zonal Current in the Nordic Seas

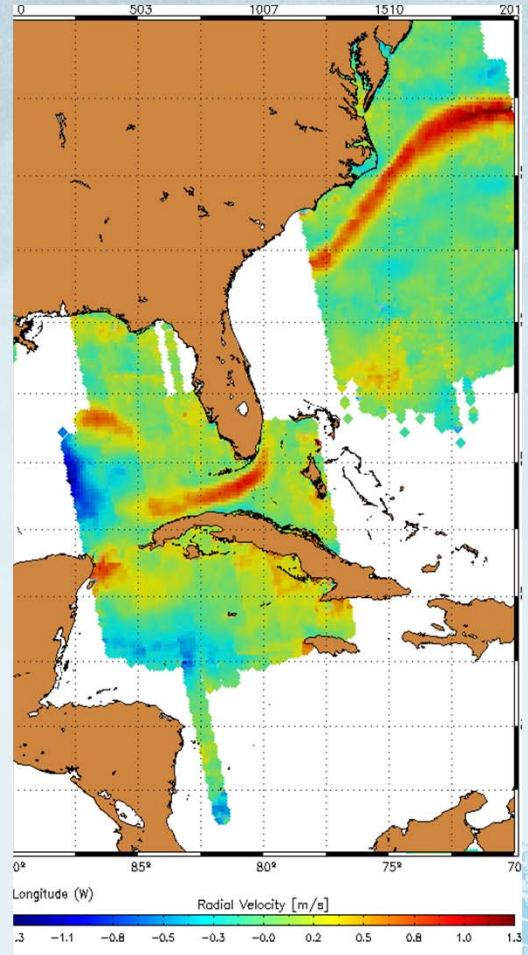


## Data Coverage



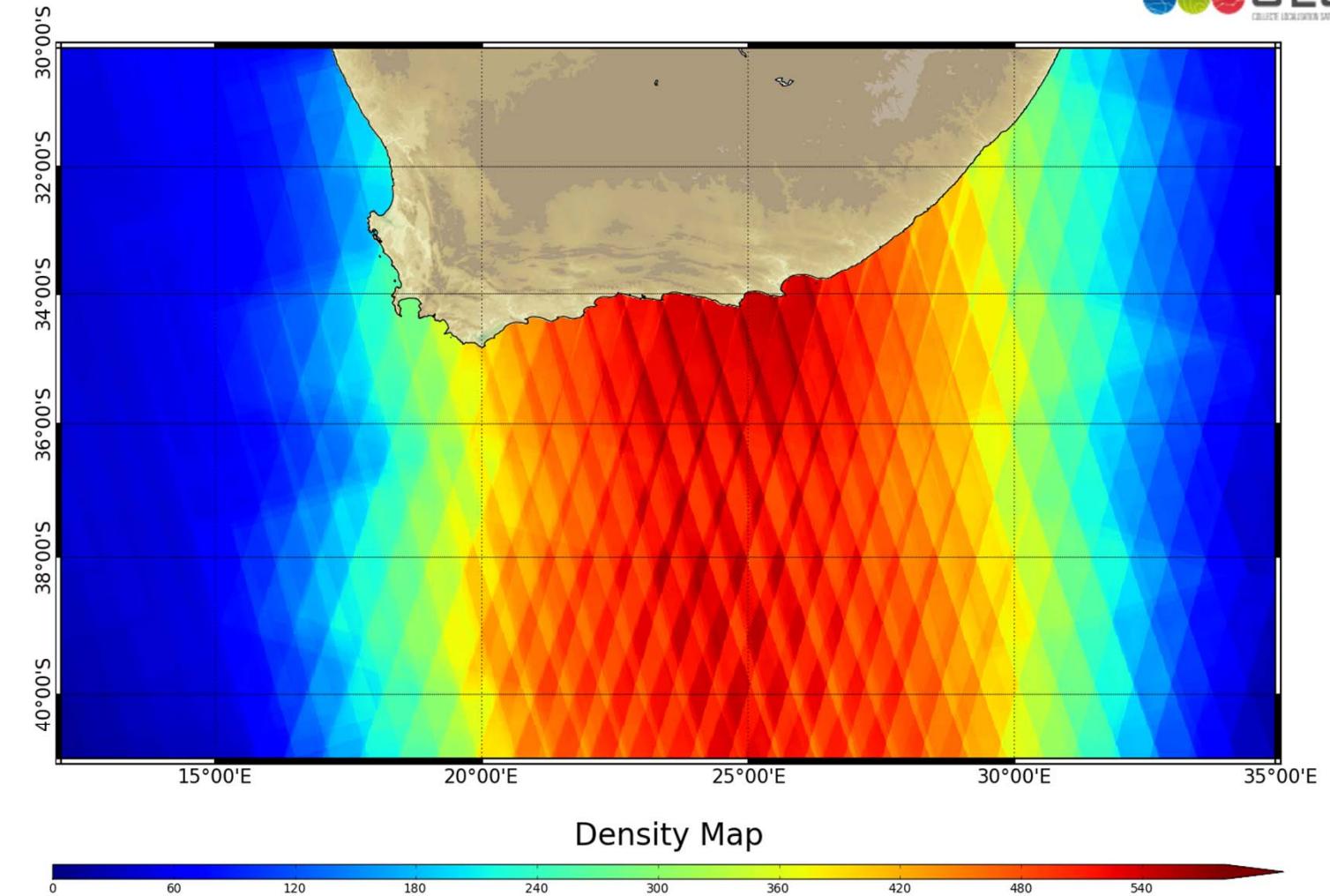


GOCE – 1 year integration

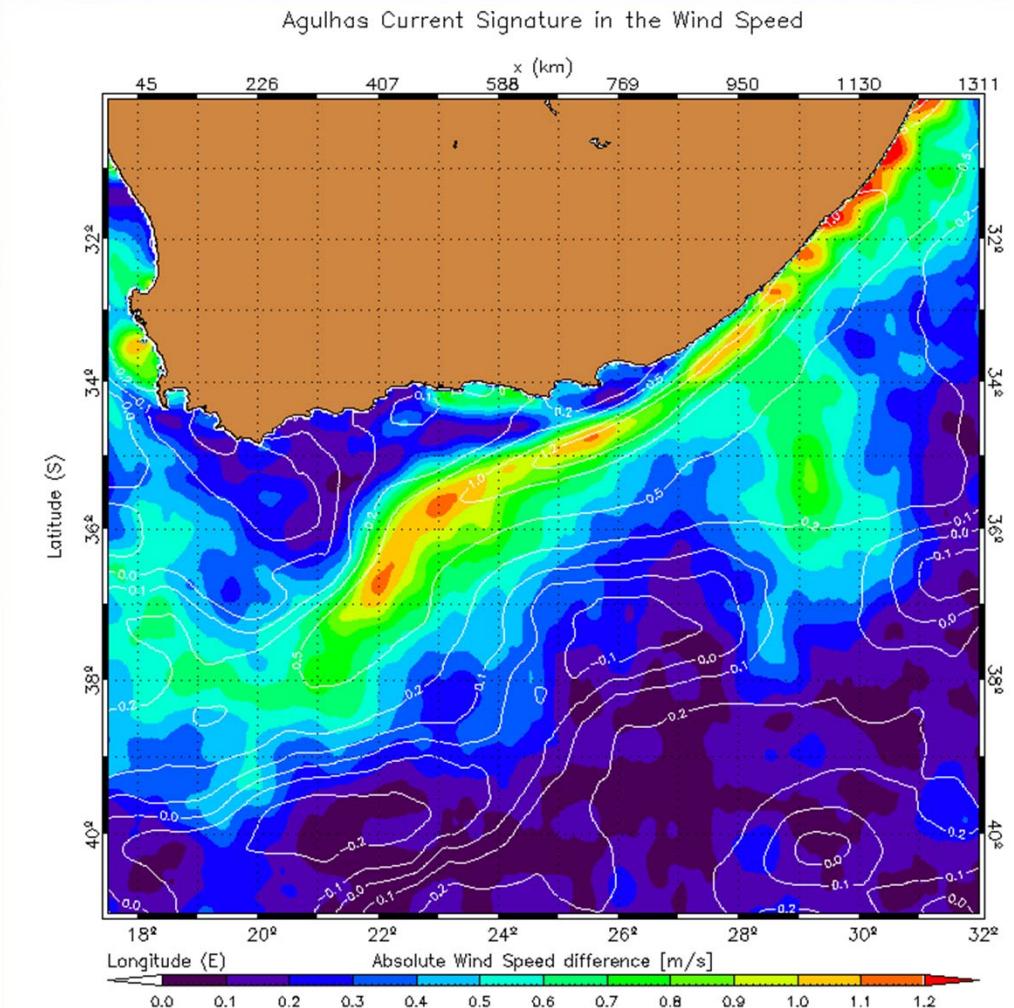


ASAR 2007- 2011 Climatology

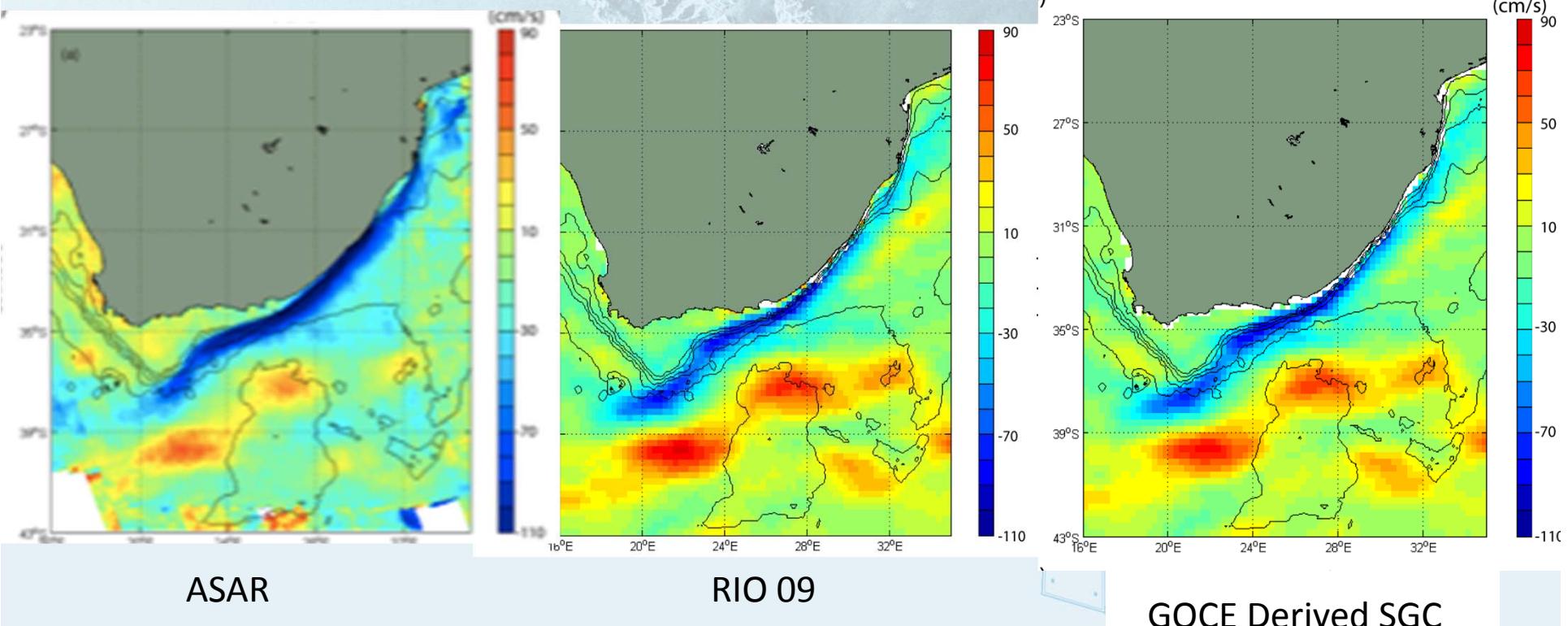
## Data Coverage



Wind field anomalies  
(SAR wind-ECMWF)  
contains surface  
current information  
(cross section modified  
in the presence of  
surface current and  
SST front (via ABL  
adjustment)



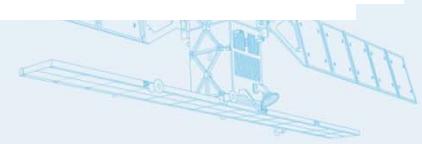
## Mean Doppler range velocities and Mean Dynamic Topography



ASAR

RIO 09

GOCE Derived SGC

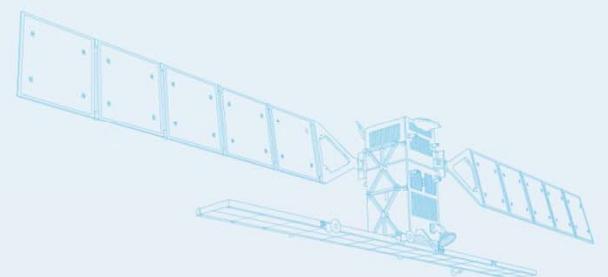


## Examples of additional Monitoring Capabilities

Strong river outflow

Hurricanes

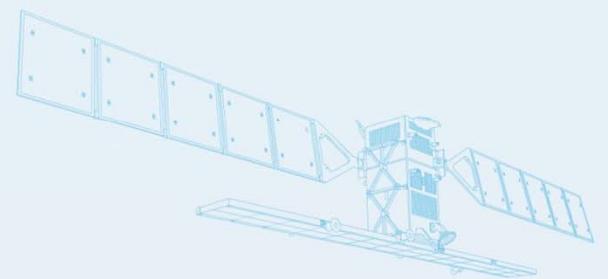
Intense rainfall



## Challenge – emerging Applications – outlook

From ENVISAT ASAR to Sentinel 1 A/B

With the launch of the Sentinel-1 missions in 2013 and 2015 a Doppler grid product will be made available.



The manual will be released in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2013

