Cesa

FRINGE 2011 WORKSHOP

Advances in the Science and Applications of SAR Interferometry and Sentinel-1 Preparatory Workshop

Ice & Snow Session

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Seed Questions

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European Space Agency



- What recommendations does this thematic community have for Sentinel-1 observation scenarios over InSAR areas of interest (global/supersite), in terms of revisit frequency and pass (ascending / descending)? Data delivery ?
- 2. What major challenges remain for glaciology, and how can satellite observations (InSAR in particular) assist?
- 3. What are the relative advantages and disadvantages of InSAR observations of ice at C-band and L-band?
- 4. What are the advantages of a short-repeat InSAR mission for glaciology? In terms of providing new understanding of physical processes, how short do we need?



- 5. What are the advantages of acquiring simultaneous range and azimuth displacements for glaciology?
- 6. What are the observables that glaciology wants from SAR and InSAR datasets?
- 7. With three InSAR missions phased out in 2011, the community is facing a potential data gap until new missions like Sentinel-1 are online. What are the most important regions for the cryosphere community that the remaining InSAR missions should provide data for (at minimum)?