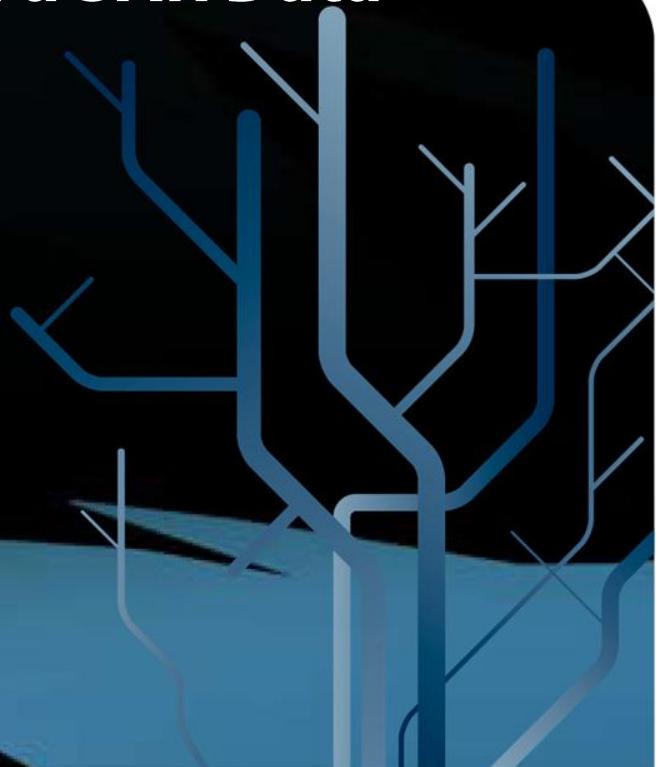


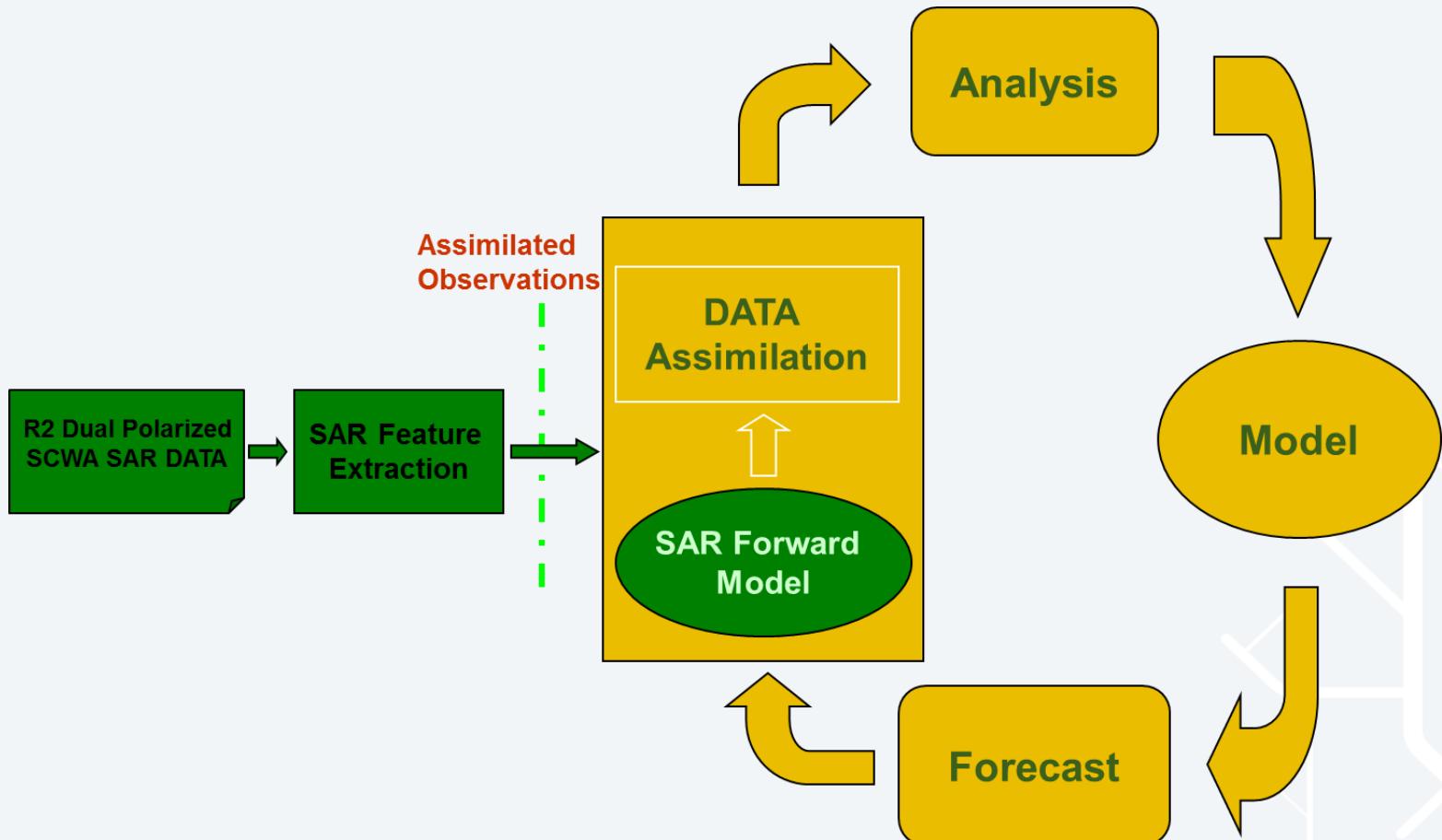


## Sea Ice Concentration Retrievals by Using Composite ScanSAR Features in a SAR Data Assimilation Process

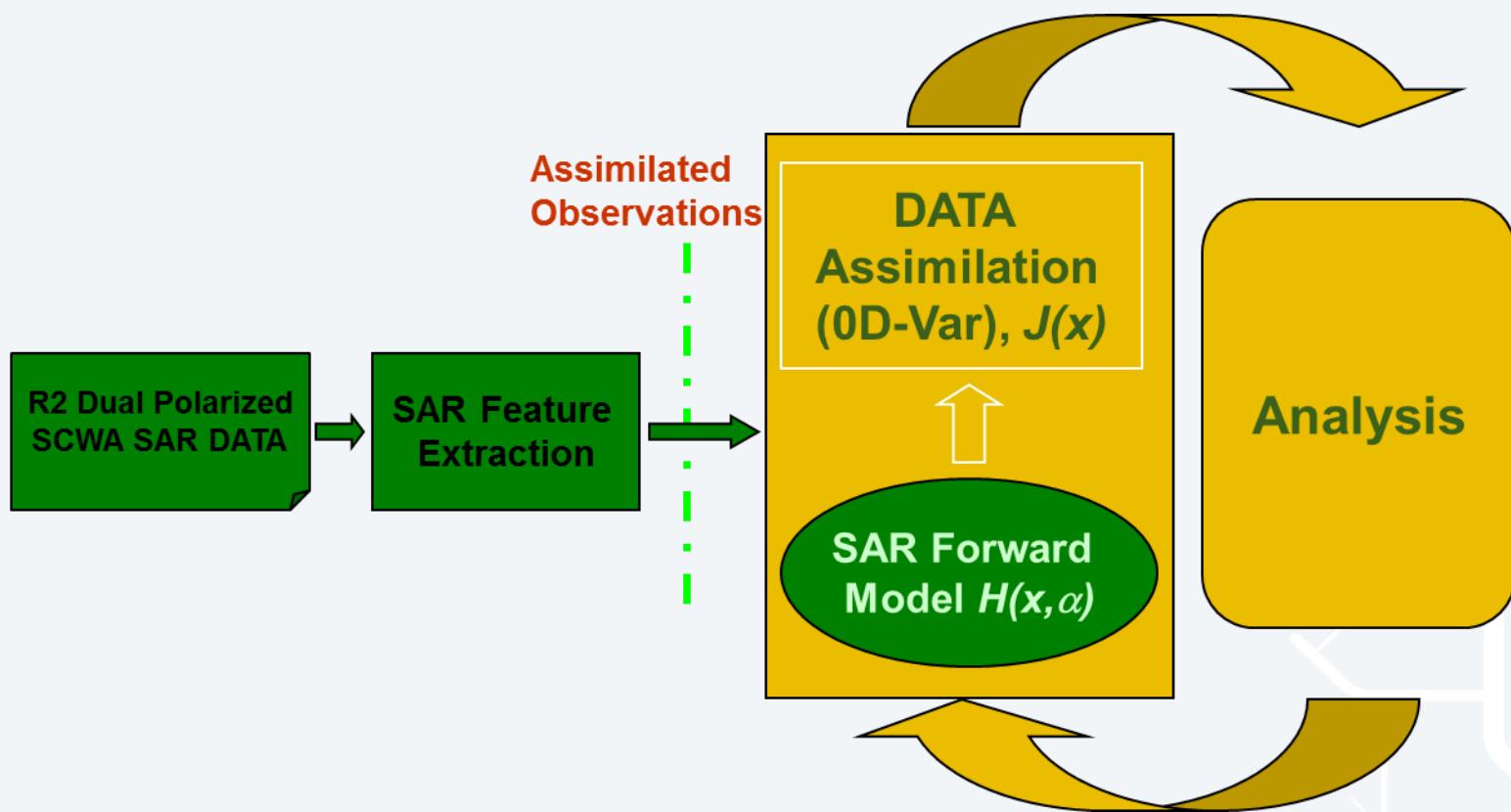
N. Gökhan Kasapoğlu  
Dept. of Physics and Technology



# SAR Data Assimilation



# SAR Data Assimilation



# Data Assimilation Formulation

$$J(x) = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} (y - H(x, \alpha))^T R^{-1} (y - H(x, \alpha))}_{J_{\text{obs}}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} (x - x^b)^T B^{-1} (x - x^b)}_{J_b}$$



- $y$  : the observed SAR features
- $H$  : the forward model,  $H(x, \alpha)$  is the predicted SAR feature
- $x$  : ice concentration
- $\alpha$  : incidence angle
- $R$  : observation error covariance matrix
- $B$  : background error covariance matrix

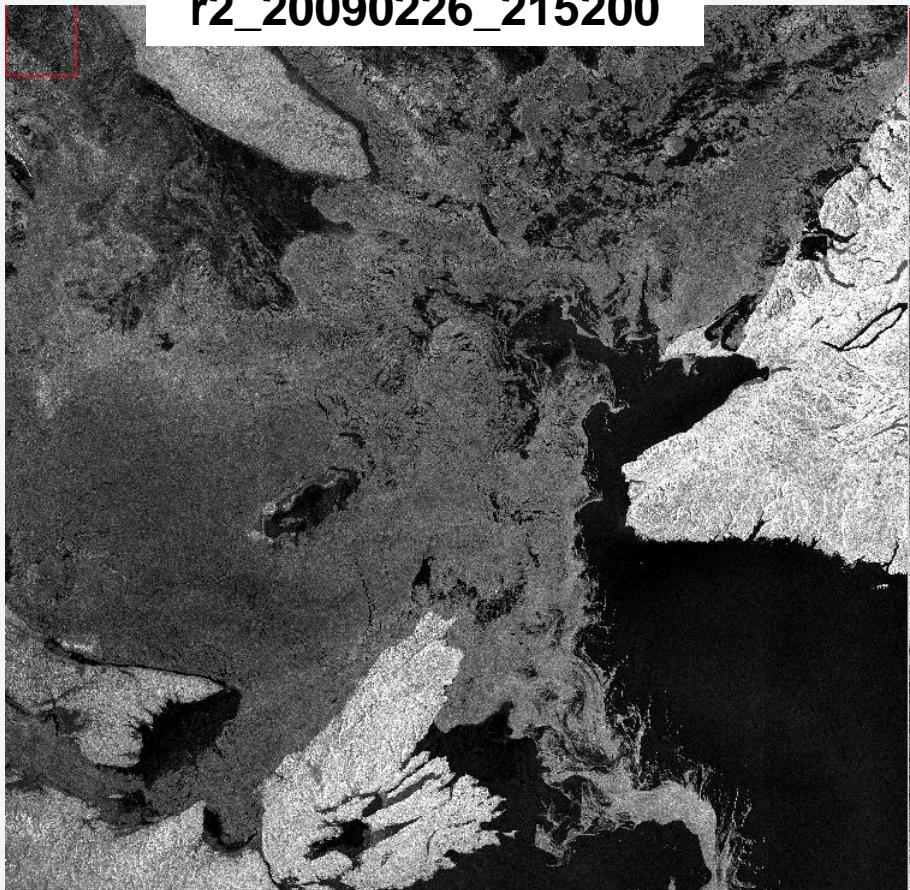
# RadarSAT-2 ScanSAR data

- RadarSAT-2 SCWA Dual-polarized data
  - C Band, 5.6 GHz
  - HH and HV channels
  - 500 km swath width
  - 100 m pixel spacing



# SAR Features

- RadarSAT-2 SCWA SGF Product – HH channel



r2\_20090226\_215200



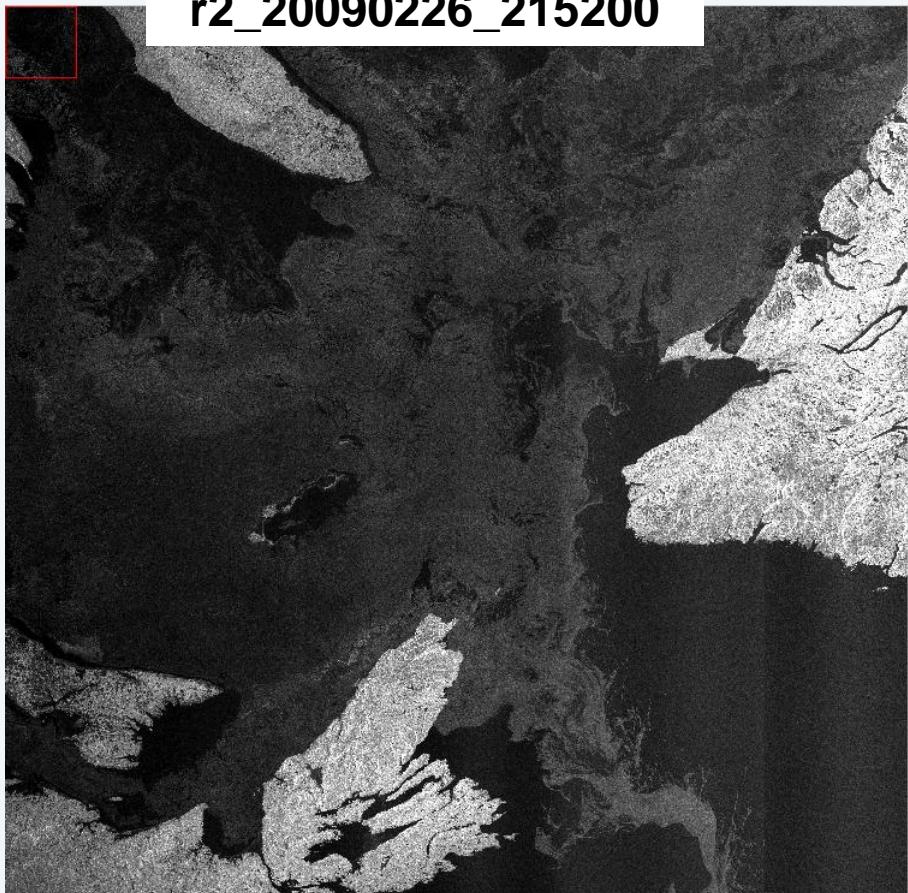
r2\_20090301\_220402



# SAR Features

- RadarSAT-2 SCWA SGF Product – HV channel

r2\_20090226\_215200



r2\_20090301\_220402



RADARSAT-2 Data and Products © MacDonald, Dettwiler  
and Associates Ltd. (2009) - All Rights Reserved.

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# SAR Features

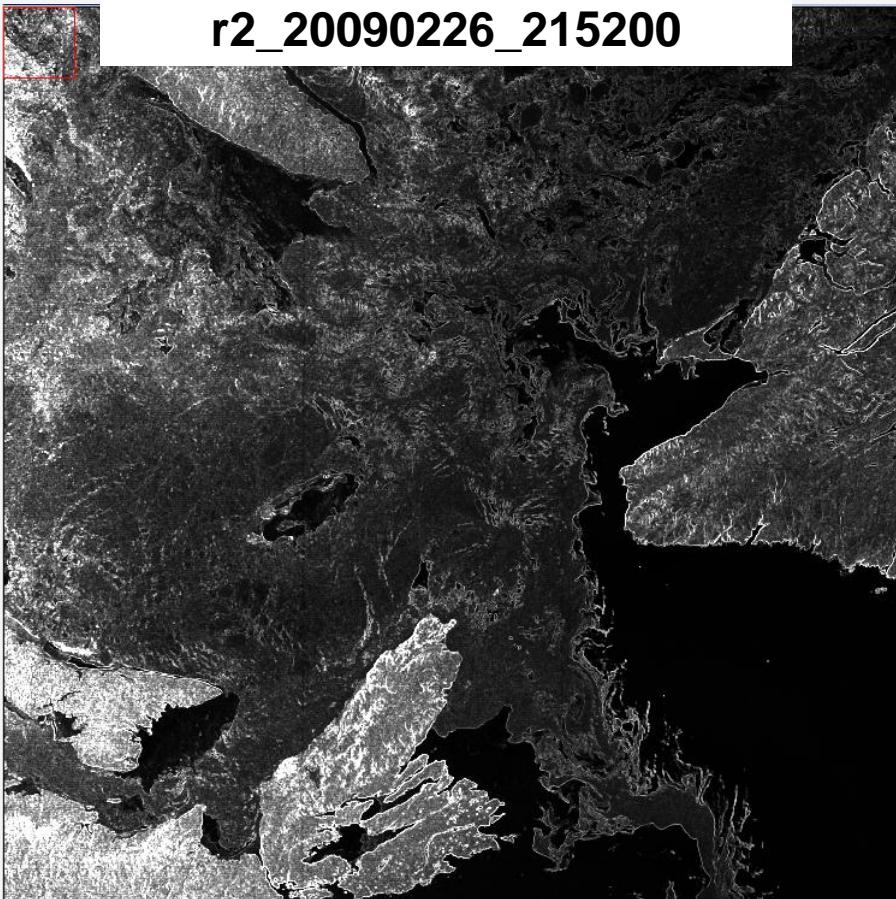


F. ID	SAR Texture	Polarization	Description
0	Amplitude Sigma Nought	HH	Sigma Nought
1			Lee Filtered Image
2			Mean
3			Variance
4			Homogeneity
5			Contrast
6			Dissimilarity
7			Entropy
8			Second Moment
9			Correlation
10			Data-Range
11			Mean Euclidean Distance
12		HV	Sigma Nought
13			Lee Filtered Image
14			Mean
15			Variance
16			Homogeneity
17			Contrast
18			Dissimilarity
19			Entropy
20			Second Moment
21			Correlation
22			Data-Range
23			Mean Euclidean Distance
24	Combination of Polarizations	HH/HV	
25		HH-HV	
26	Sigma Nought Power	HH	Sigma Nought
27		HV	Sigma Nought
28	Sigma Nought Power (dB)	HH	Sigma Nought (dB)
29		HV	Sigma Nought (dB)

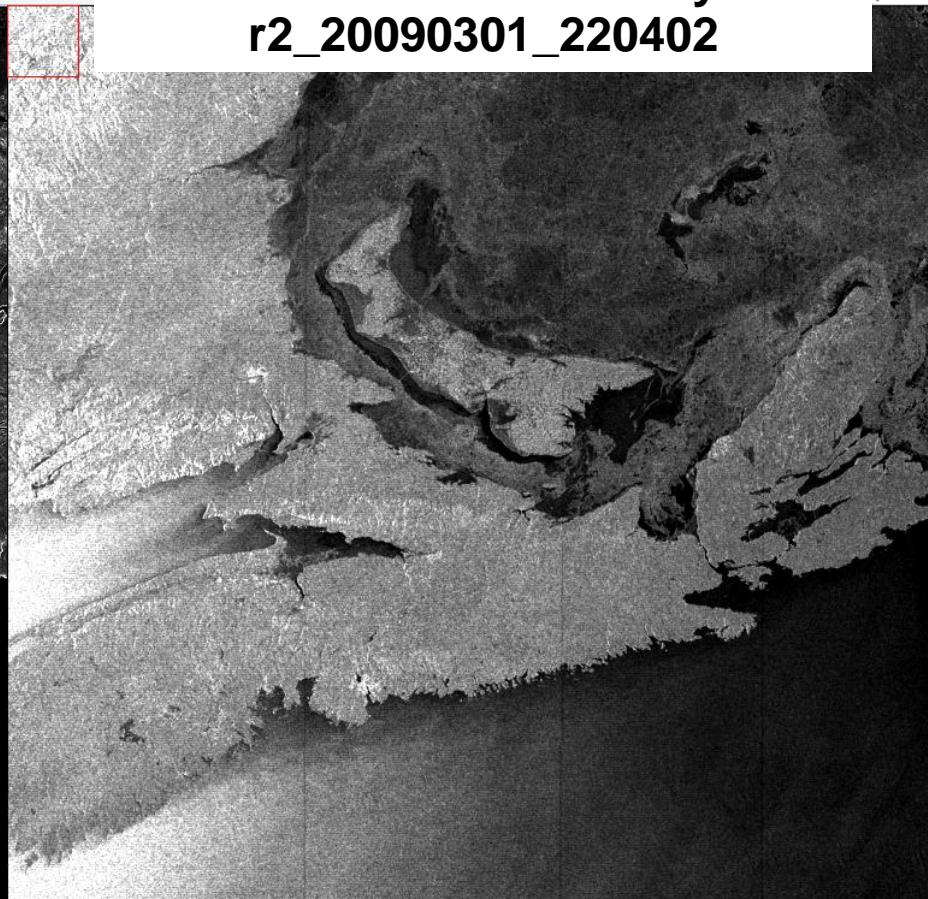
# SAR Features

- Texture Feature Examples

Observed HH-Variance from  
r2\_20090226\_215200



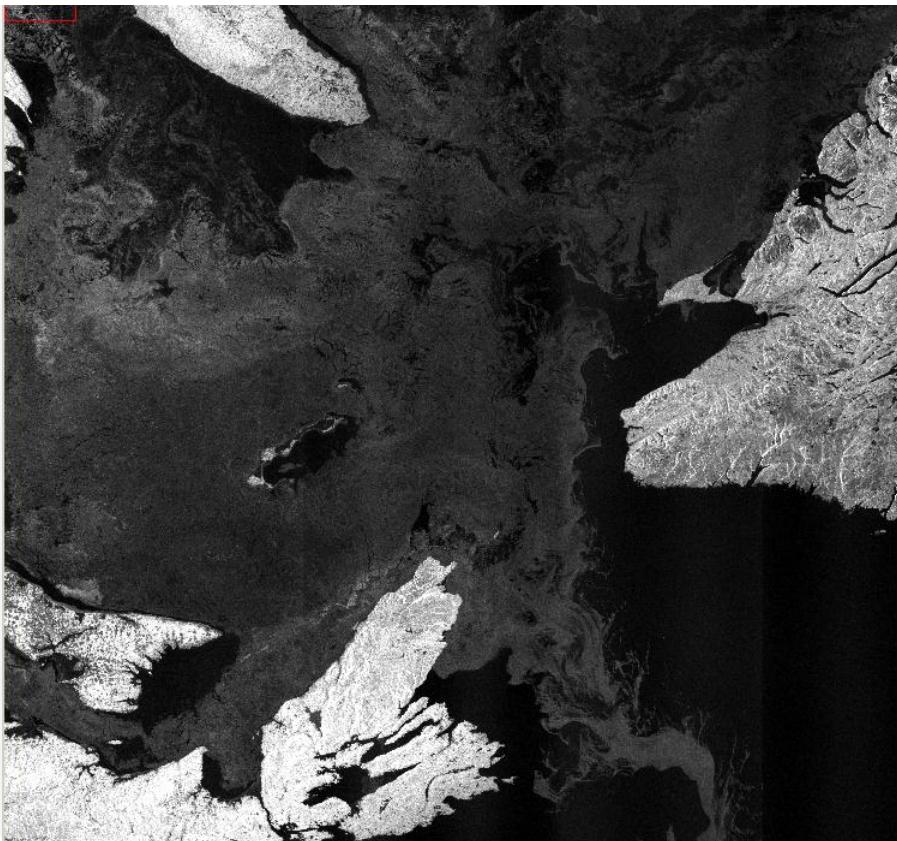
Observed HH-Dissimilarity from  
r2\_20090301\_220402



# SAR Features

- Texture Feature Examples

Observed HV-Lee Filtered Image from  
R2\_20090226\_215200



21.06.2012

Observed HV-Entropy from  
R2\_20090301\_220402



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# Forward Model



$$\text{SAR feature} = IC \cdot \{a_9\alpha + a_8 ITh + a_7 ITh \cdot \alpha + a_6 SD + a_5 SAT + a_4 SD \cdot SAT\} + \\ (1 - IC) \cdot \{a_3 WS \cdot \alpha \cdot \cos 2\phi\} + a_2 IC + a_1 \alpha + a_0$$

**ITh** = ice thickness (from CIS image analysis chart)

**IC** = ice concentration (from CIS image analysis chart)

$\alpha$  = incidence angle (know)

**SAT** = surface air temperature (from GEM)

**SD** = snow depth (from GEM)

**WS** = wind speed (from GEM)

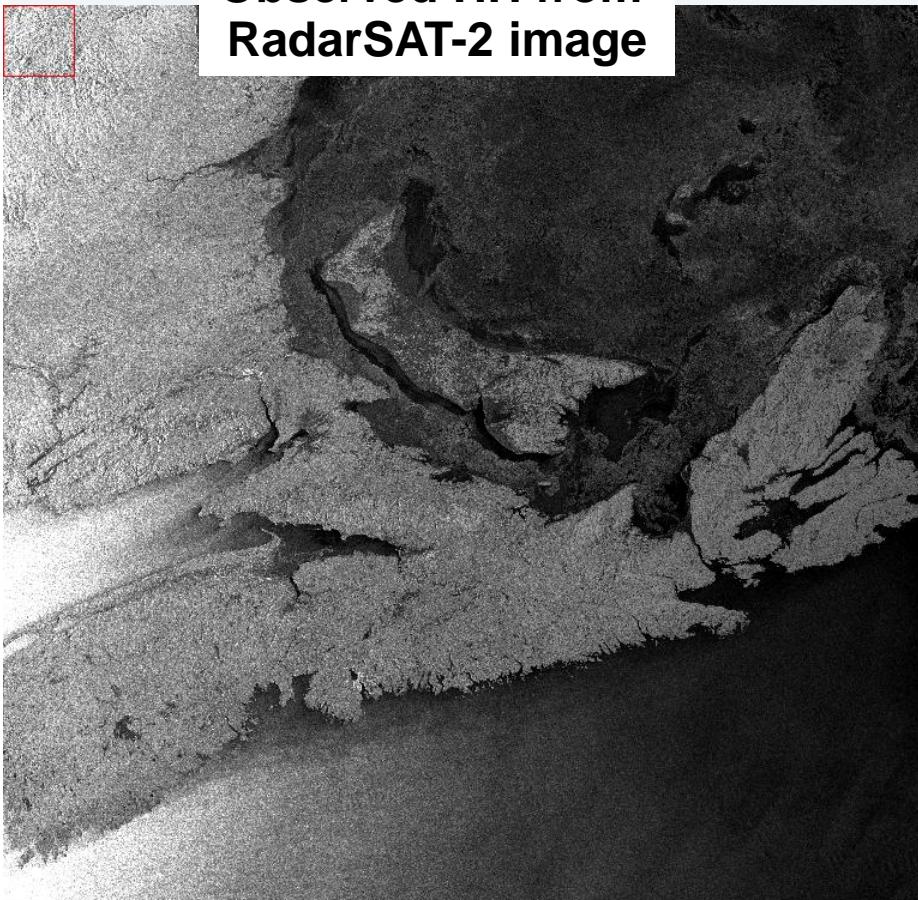
$\phi$  = angle between instrument angle (know) and wind direction (from GEM)

$a_i$  = “optimal” model coefficients estimated from “training data”

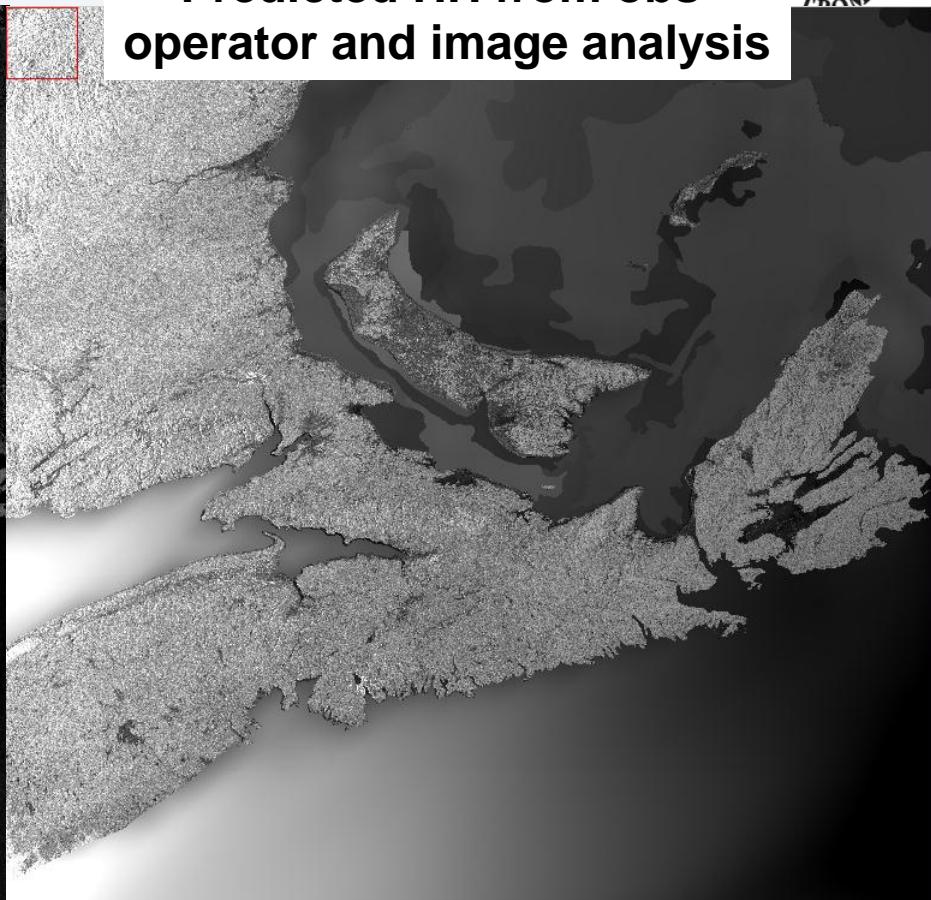
# Simulated SAR Features

- r2\_20090301\_220402

Observed HH from  
RadarSAT-2 image



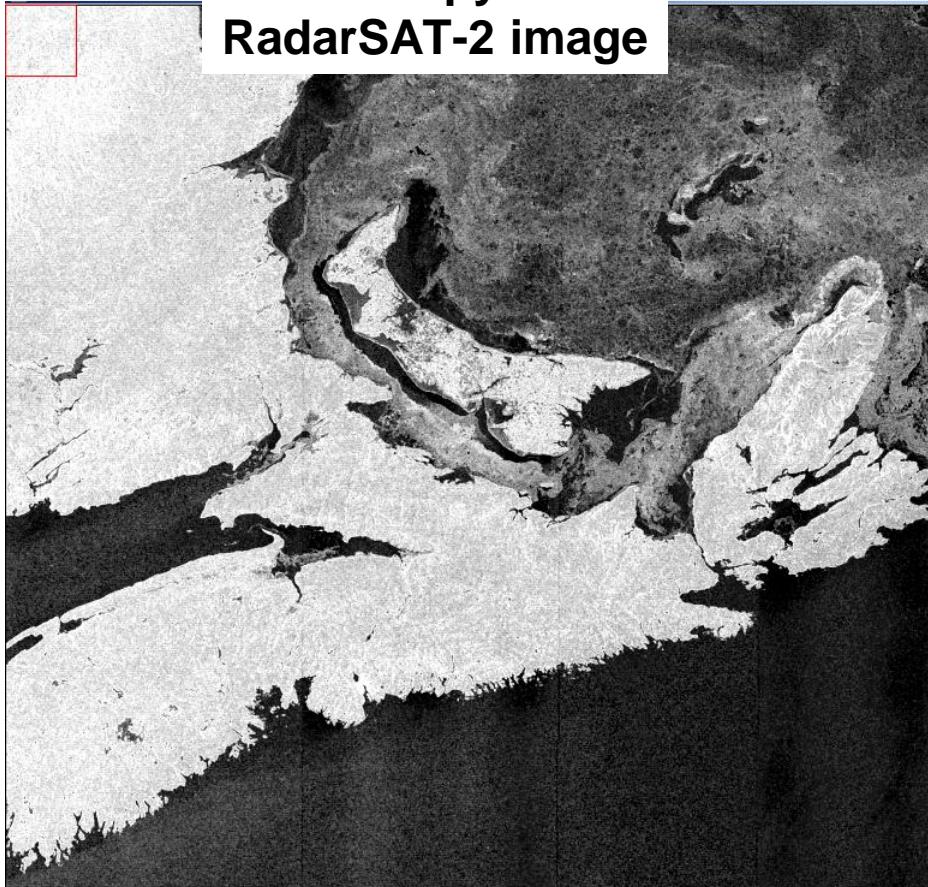
Predicted HH from obs  
operator and image analysis



# Simulated SAR Features

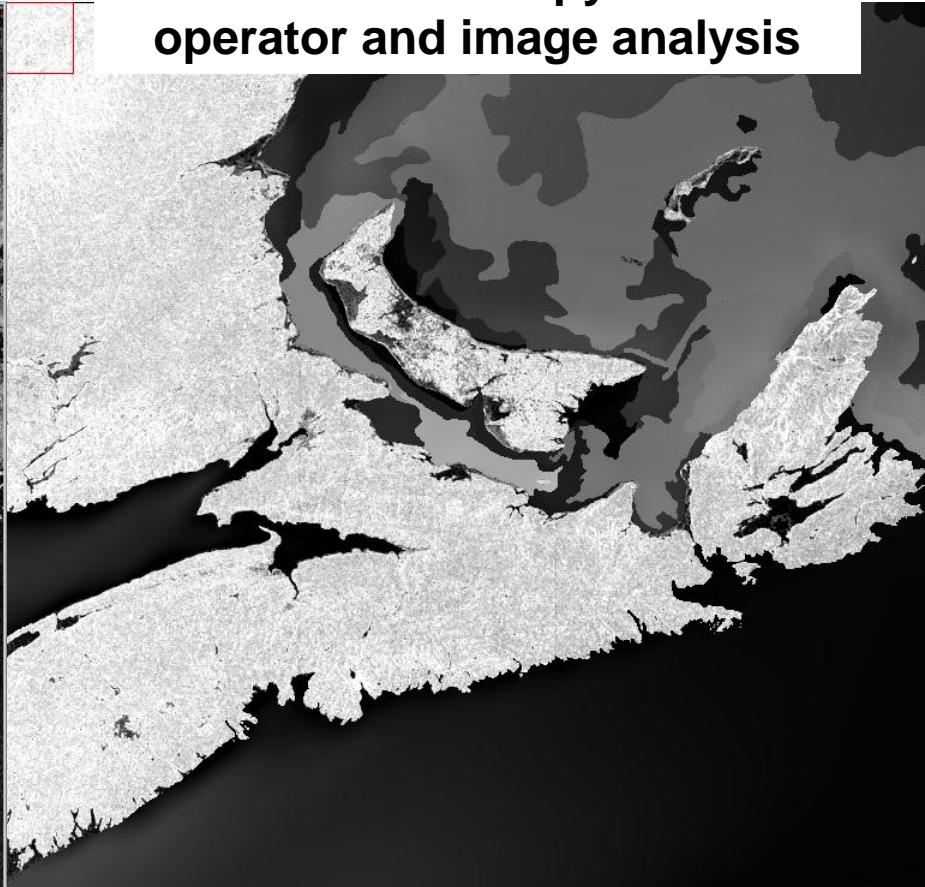
- r2\_20090301\_220402

HV-Entropy from  
RadarSAT-2 image



21.06.2012

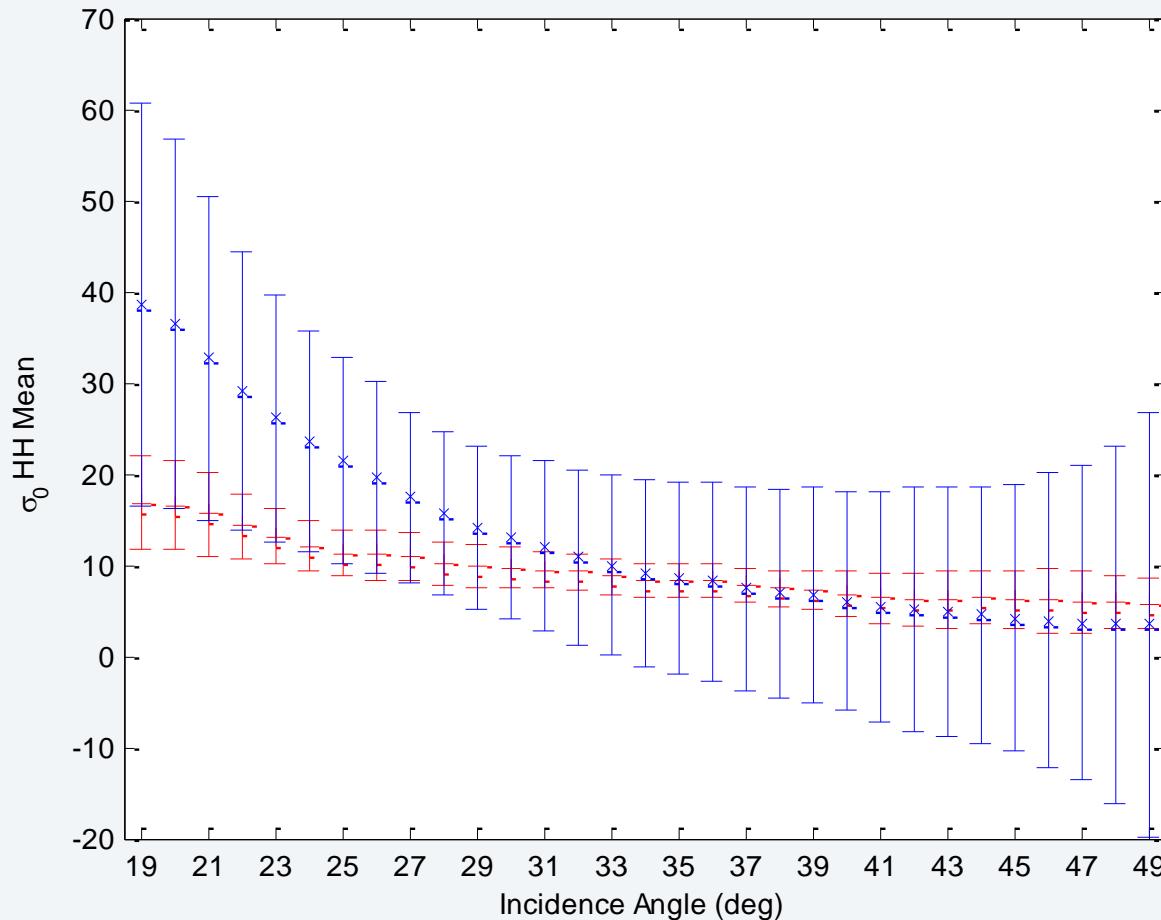
Predicted HV-Entropy from obs  
operator and image analysis



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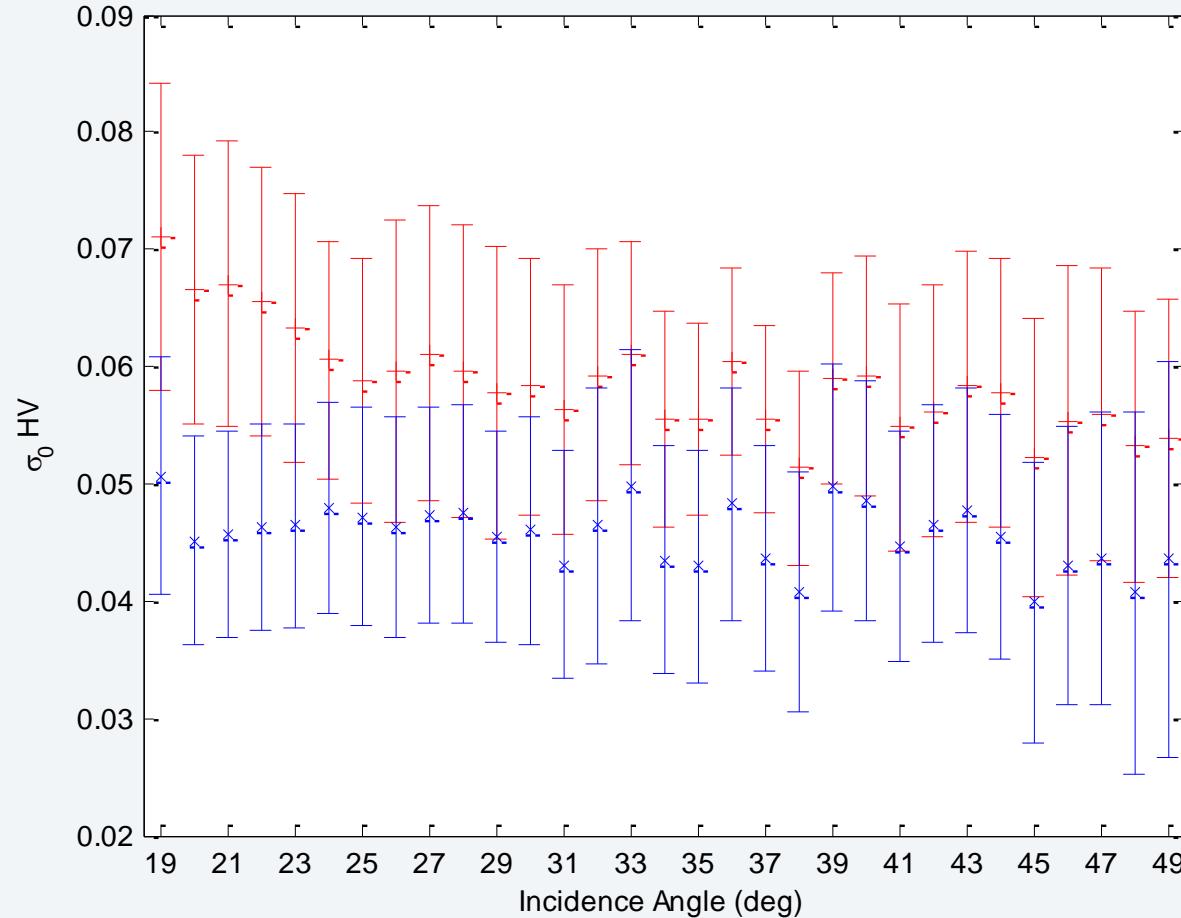
# Sea-Ice Open Water Discrimination

Mean and Standard deviation of SAR feature ( $\sigma_0$  HH Mean) for **Sea ice (Red)** with IC>%95 and **Open Water (Blue)** versus incidence Angle



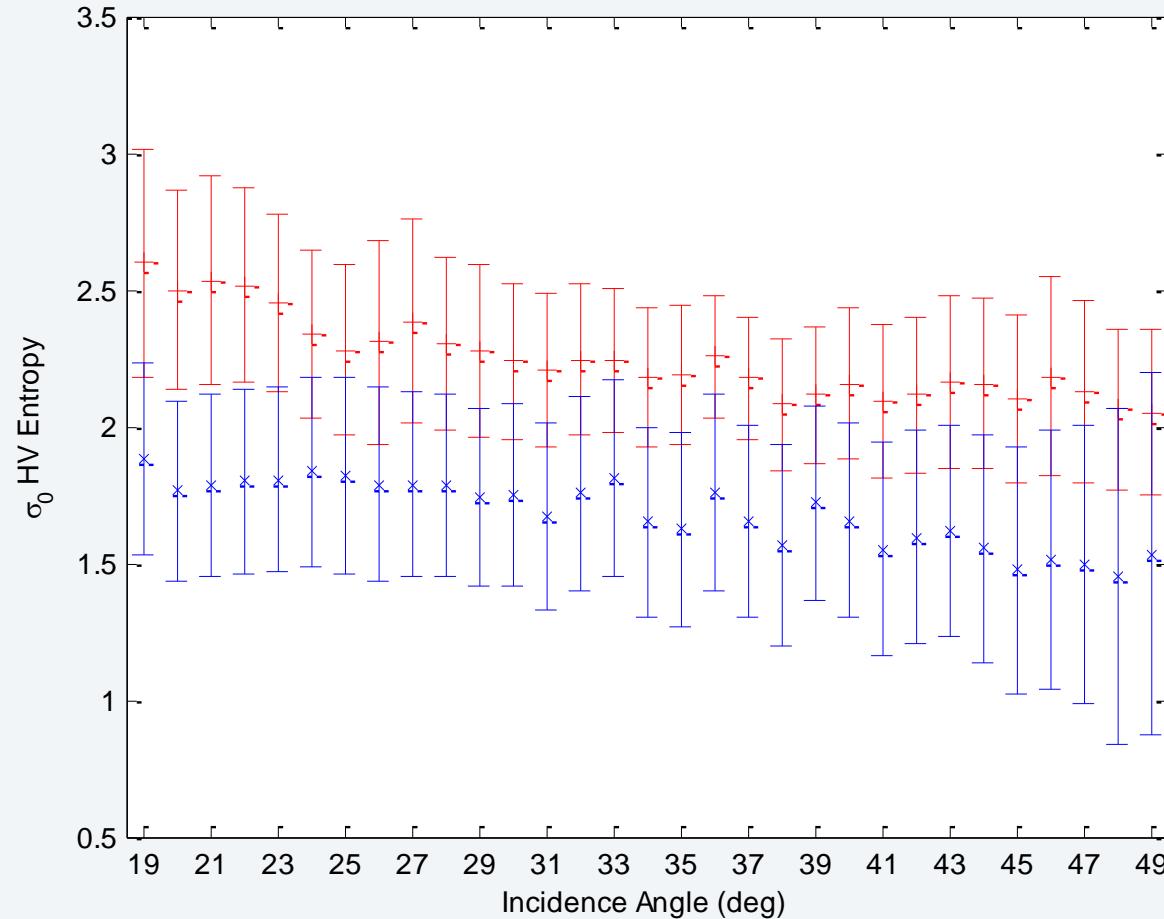
# Sea-Ice Open Water Discrimination

Mean and Standard deviation of SAR feature ( $\sigma_0$  HV) for **Sea ice (Red)** with IC>%95 and **Open Water (Blue)** versus incidence Angle



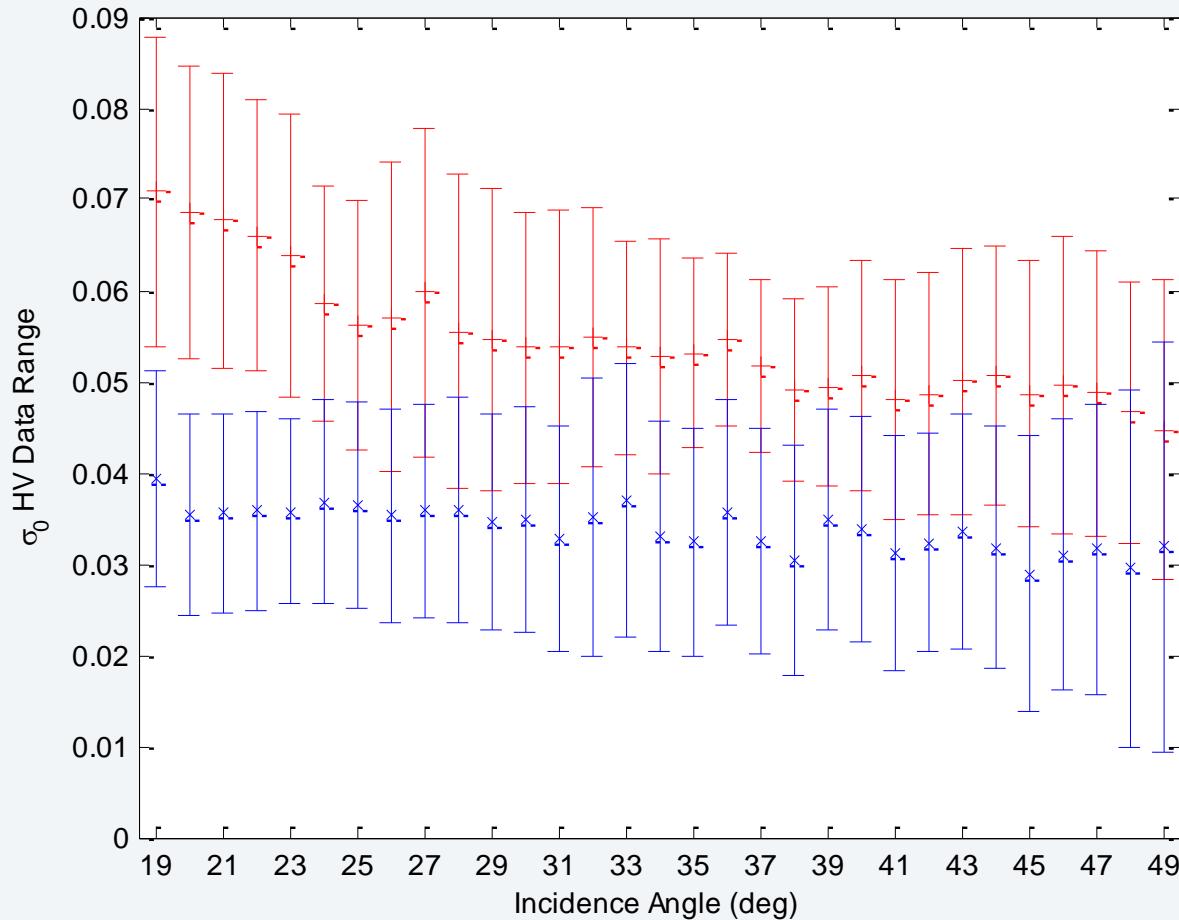
# Sea-Ice Open Water Discrimination

Mean and Standard deviation of SAR feature ( $\sigma_0$  HV Entropy) for Sea ice (Red) with IC>%95 and Open Water (Blue) versus incidence Angle



# Sea-Ice Open Water Discrimination

Mean and Standard deviation of SAR feature ( $\sigma_0$  HV Data Range) for Sea ice (Red) with IC>%95 and Open Water (Blue) versus incidence Angle



# Simple Forward Model



$$H(IC, \alpha_O) = \text{SARfeature} = tp_{ice}(\alpha_O) \cdot IC + tp_{ow}(\alpha_O) \cdot (1 - IC)$$

$H$  : Observation operator (forward model operator)

IC : Ice Concentration

$\alpha_i$  : Incidence Angle

$\alpha_o = \text{floor}(\alpha_i)$

$\alpha_o$  : Rounded Incidence Angle

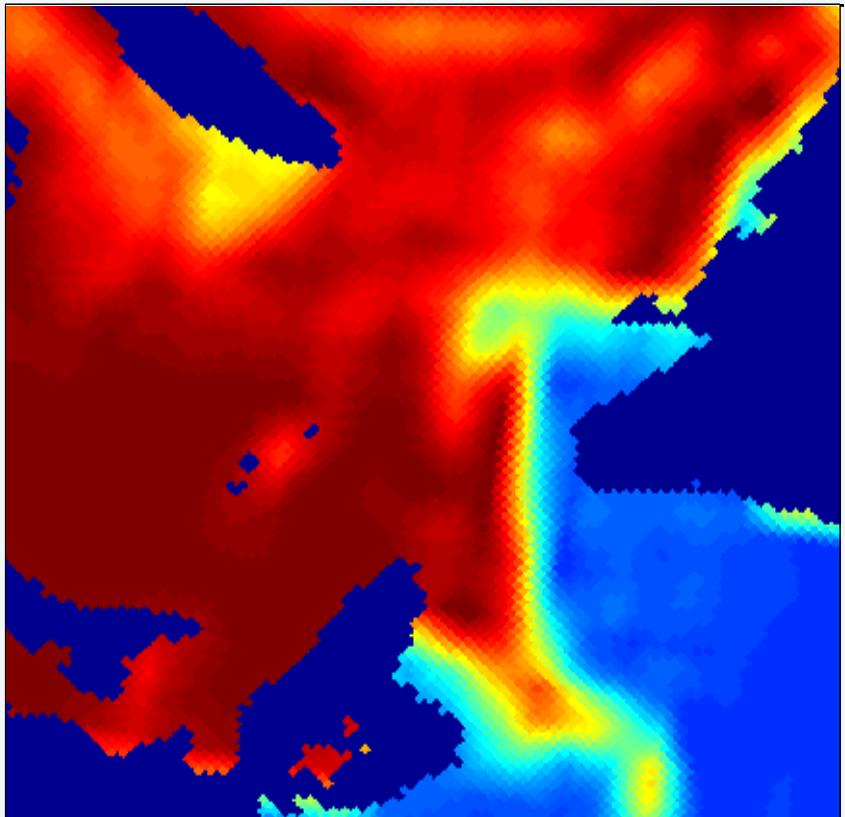
$\alpha_o = 19, 20, \dots, 49$  for SCWA

Number of Incidence Angle quantization level: 31

# 0D-Var Analysis Results

F\_ID: 3\_4\_7\_8\_9\_11\_13\_23

$X_b$ : Background State; PM data only



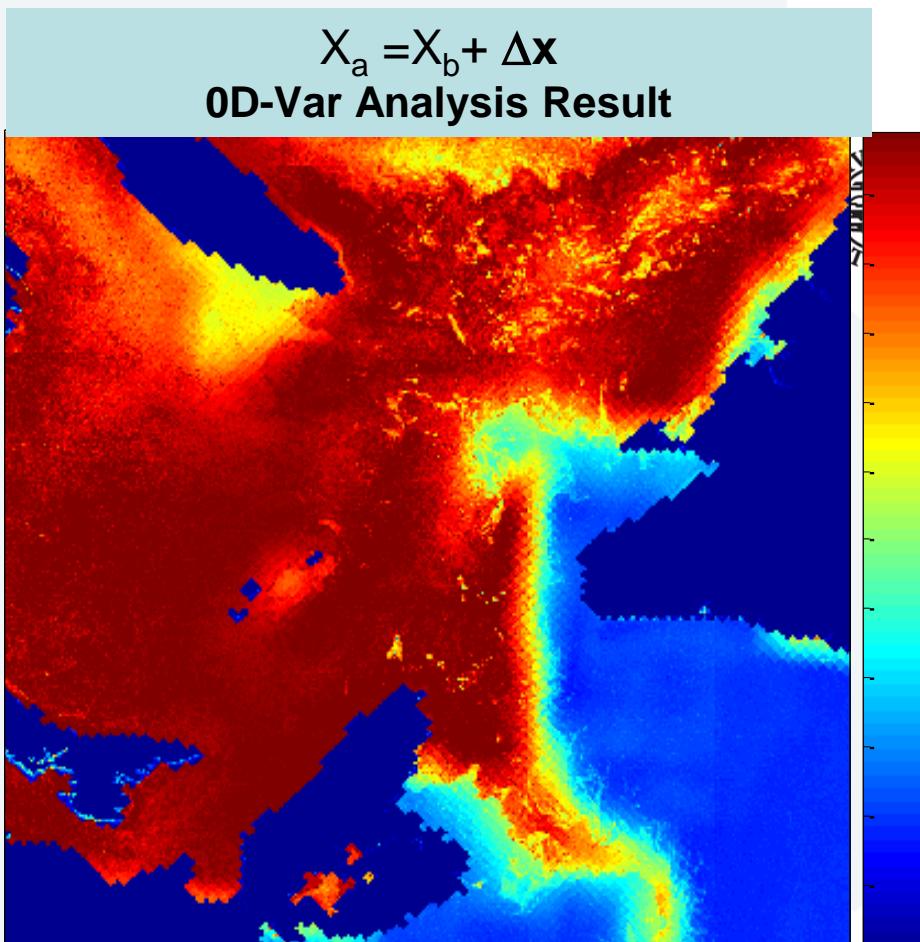
Background\_Bias

**-0.0744**

Background\_Std

**0.199**

$X_a = X_b + \Delta x$   
0D-Var Analysis Result



Analysis\_Bias

**-0.0667**

Analysis\_std

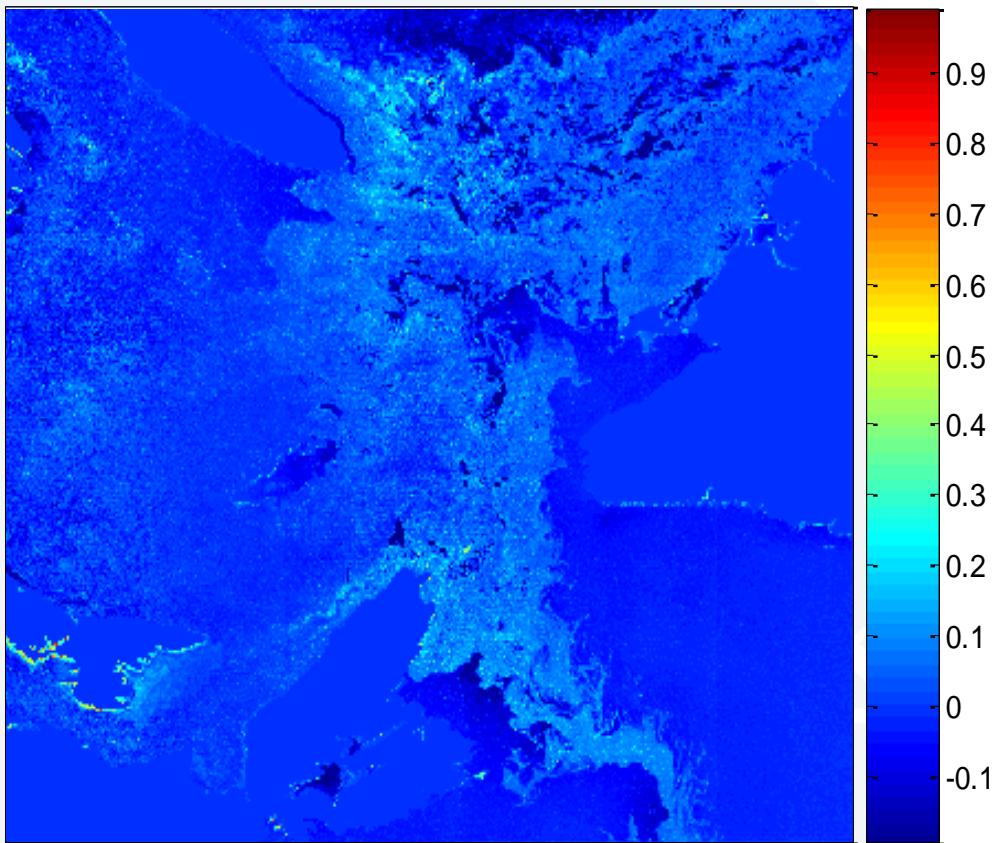
**0.194**

# OD-Var Analysis Results

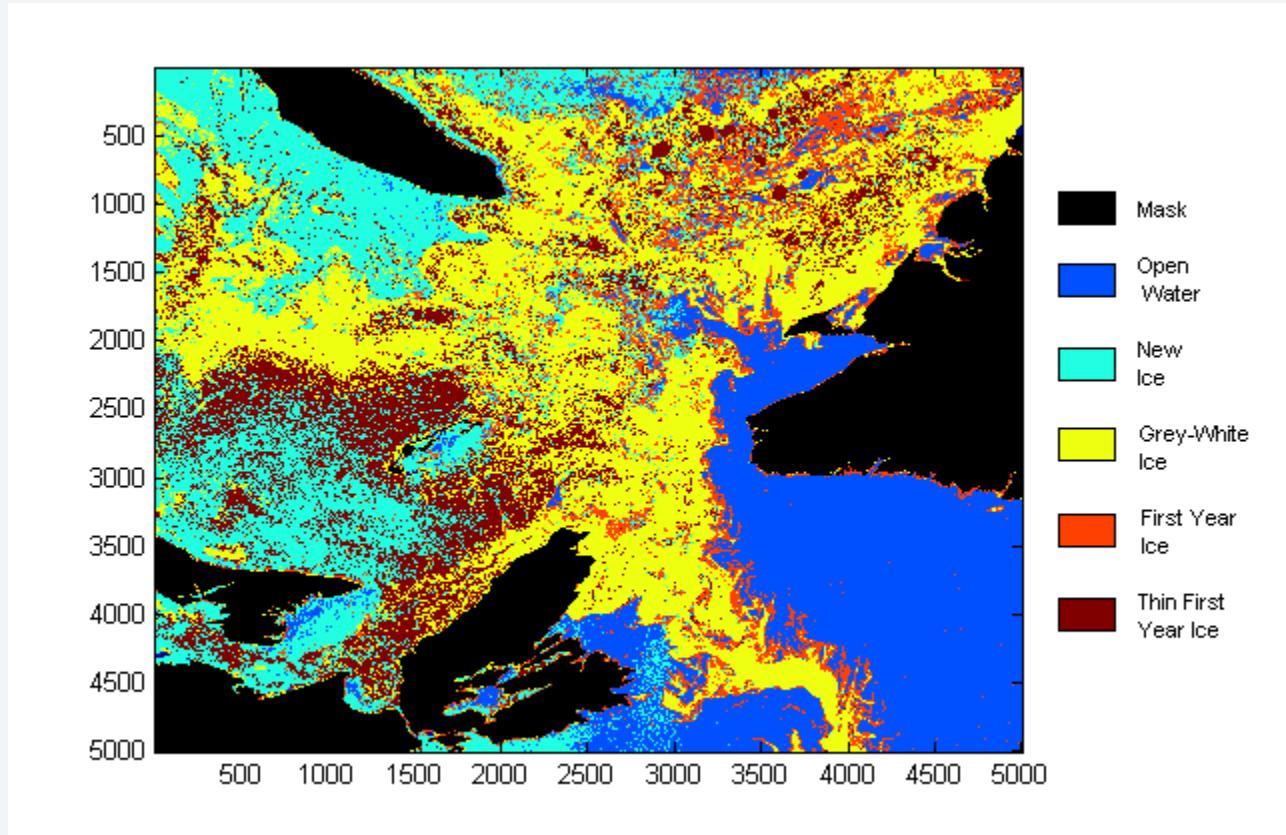
R: HH Lee-Filtered Image  
G: HH Variance  
B: HV Mean

R2\_20090226\_215200

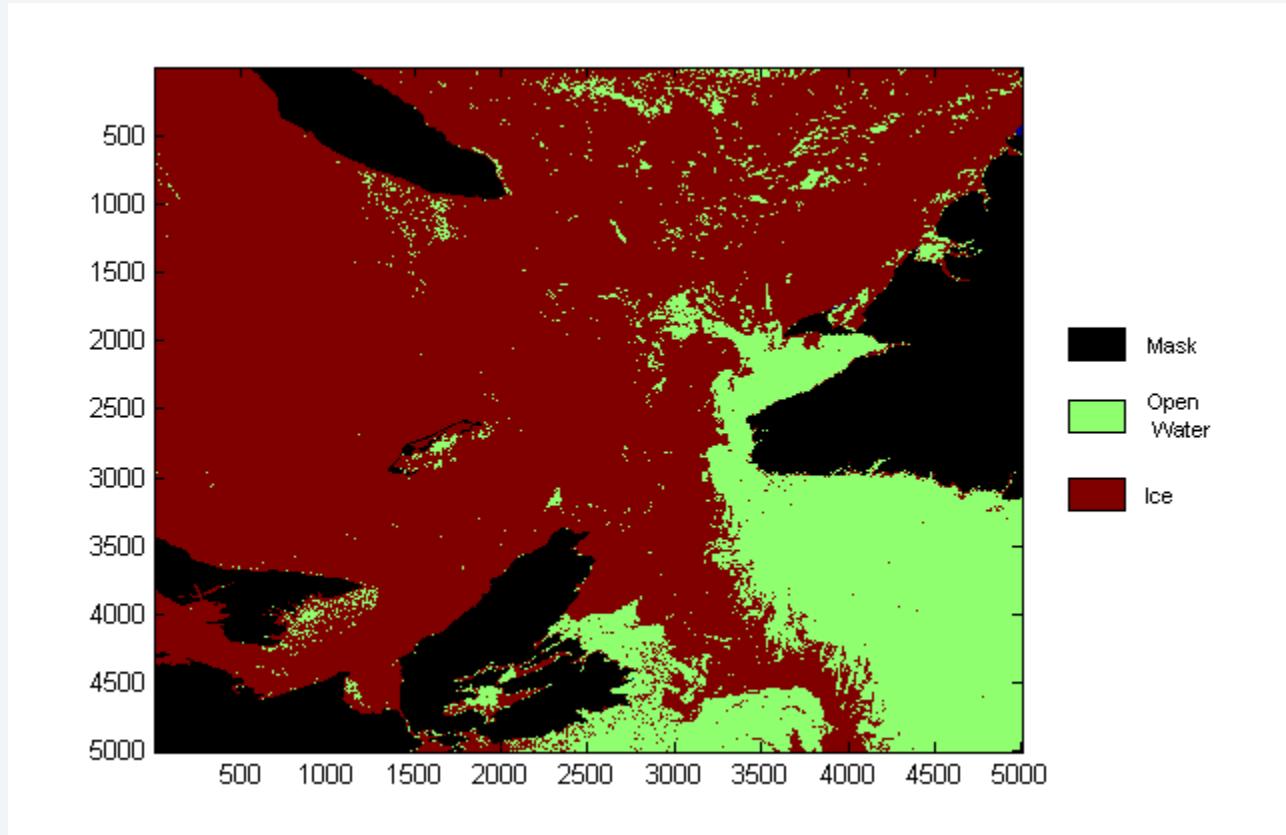
Analysis Increment:  $\Delta x$



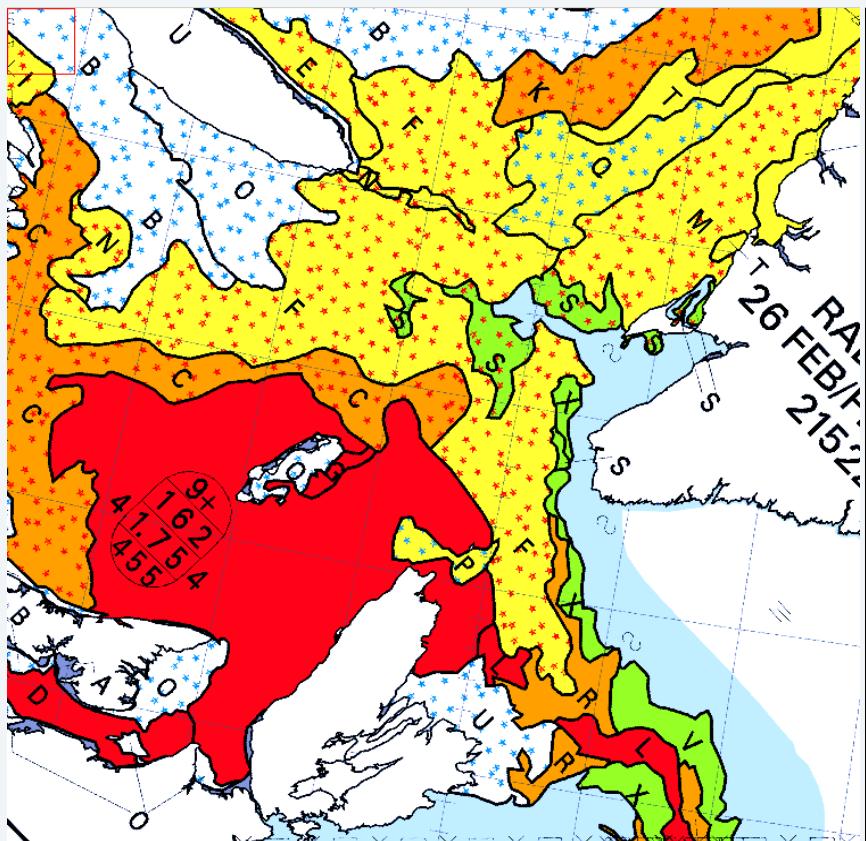
# RBF-SVM, c=5



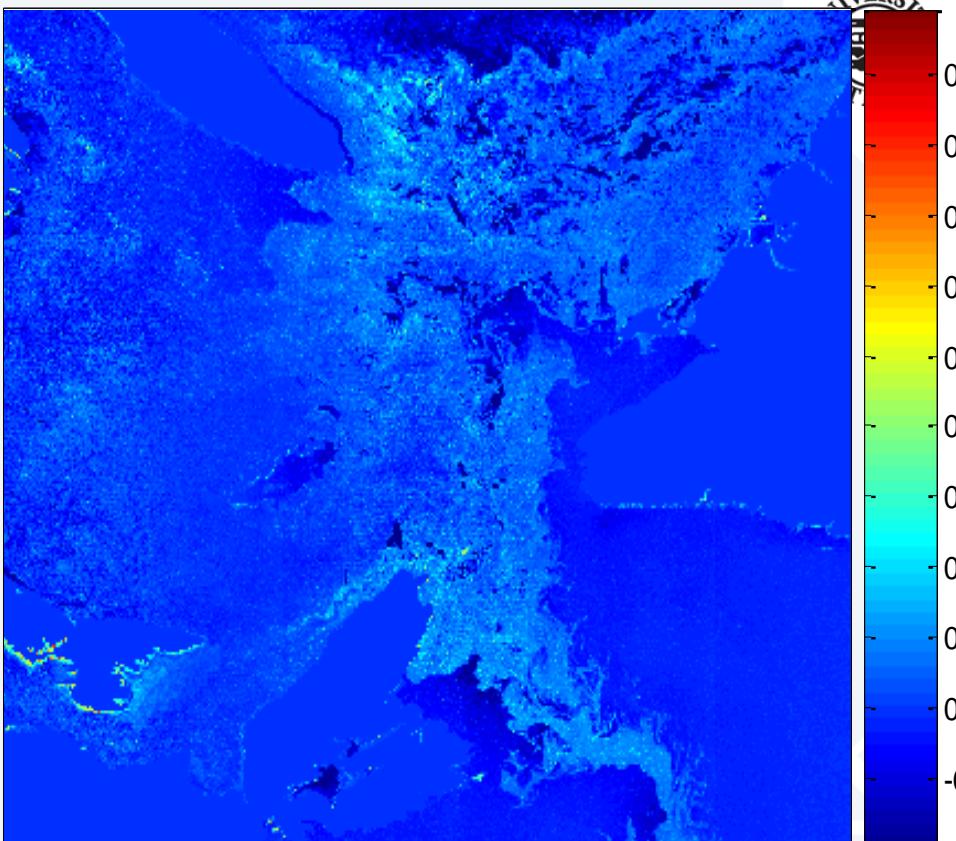
# FLL, c=2



# OD-Var Analysis Results



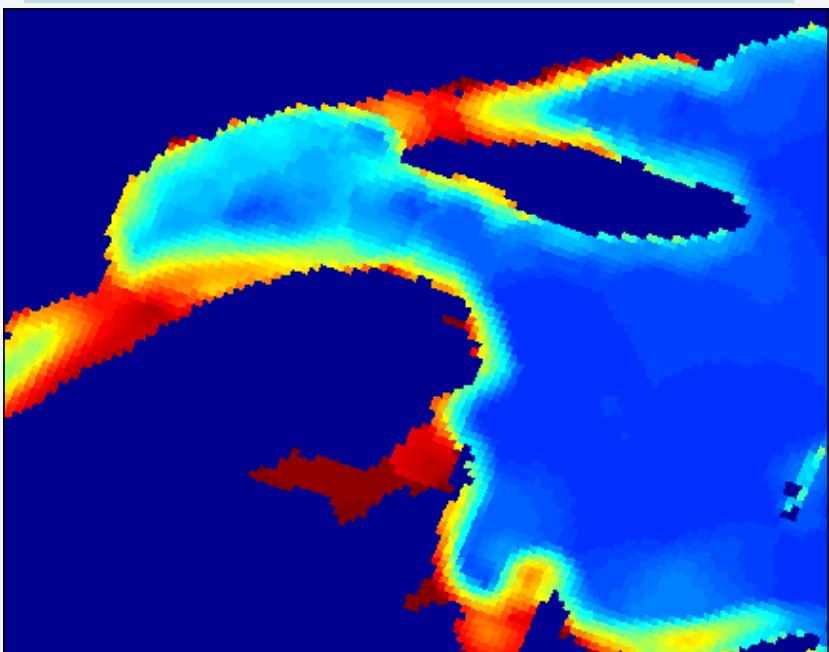
Analysis Increment:  $\Delta x$



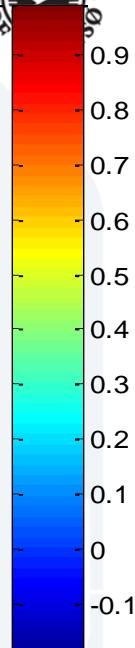
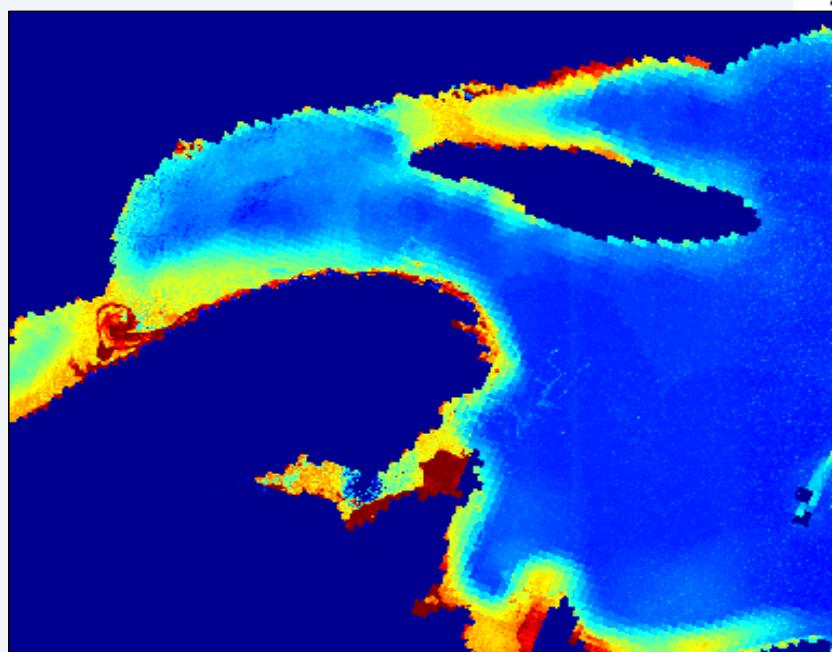
# 0D-Var Analysis Results

R2\_20100221\_103028

$X_b$ : Background State; PM data only



$X_a = X_b + \Delta x$

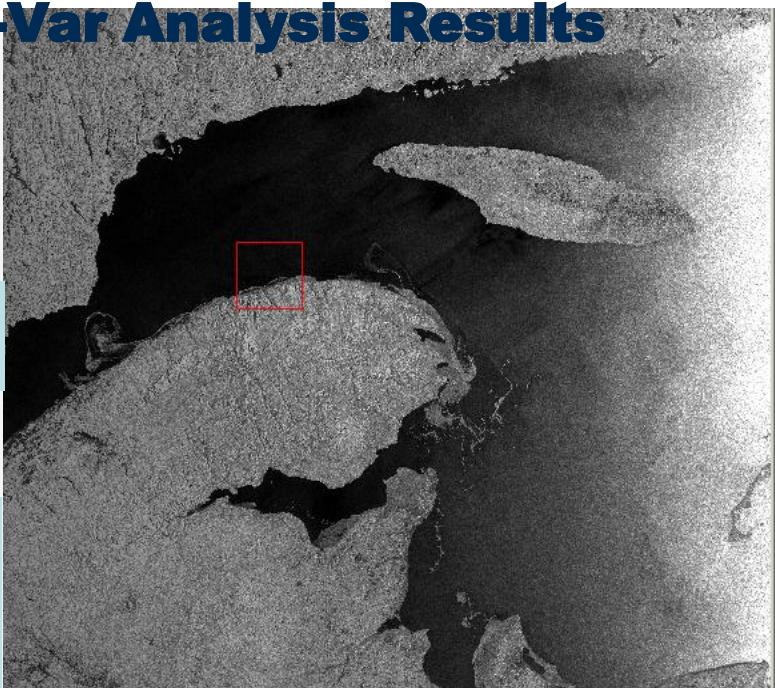


Background_Bias	Background_Std
0.1471	0.3057

Analysis_Bias	Analysis_std
0.0889	0.2645

# OD-Var Analysis Results

HH

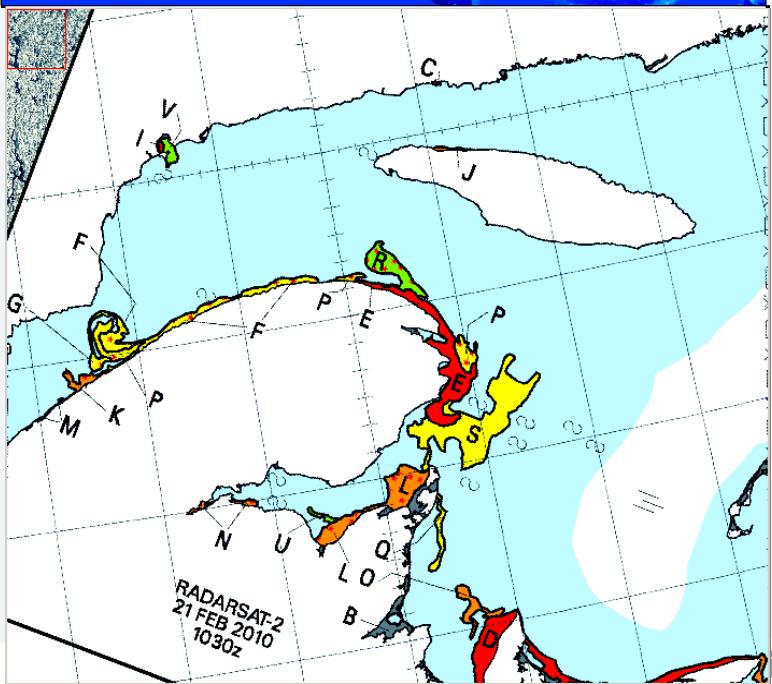
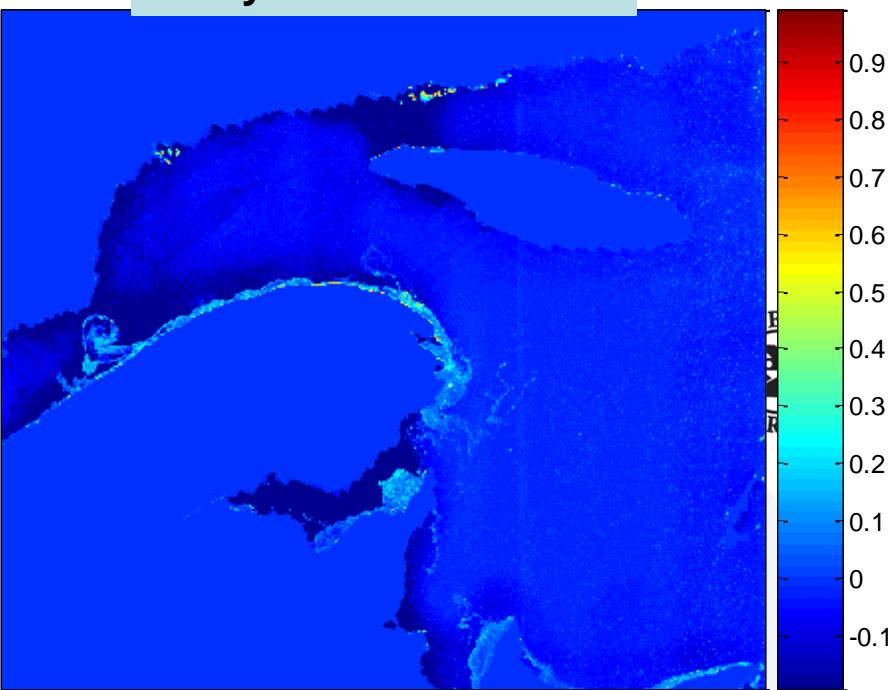


R2\_20100221\_103028



HV

Analysis Increment:  $\Delta x$



# 0D-Var Analysis Results



SAR and Passive Microwave Data Analysis Fusion			
Data	Criterion	Bias	Standard Deviation
R2_20090226_215200	Background State	-0.0744	0.1986
	Analysis	-0.0609	0.1934
R2_20090301_220402	Background State	-0.0308	0.1534
	Analysis	-0.0033	0.1552
R2_20090301_220517	Background State	-0.1185	0.2352
	Analysis	-0.0857	0.2046
R2_20100221_103028	Background State	-0.1471	0.3057
	Analysis	-0.0889	0.2645

# Separability Measures and Discrimination Analysis

$$S_w(k) = \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{x \in C_i} (x - \mu_i)(x - \mu_i)^T$$

$$S_B(k) = \sum_{i=1}^k n_i (\mu_i - \mu)(\mu_i - \mu)^T$$



$$\Rightarrow d_1 = \text{tr}(S_w S_b)^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow d_2 = \frac{\text{tr}(S_b)}{\text{tr}(S_w)}$$

$$\Rightarrow d_3 = d_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \left\{ \left( \Sigma_i - \Sigma_j \right) \left( \Sigma_j^{-1} - \Sigma_i^{-1} \right) \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \left\{ \left( \Sigma_i^{-1} + \Sigma_j^{-1} \right) \left( m_i - m_j \right) \left( m_i - m_j \right)^T \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow d_4 = d_{ij}^T = 2(1 - e^{-d_{ij}/8})$$

$$\Rightarrow BD = \frac{1}{8} (m_i - m_j)^T \left[ \frac{\Sigma_i + \Sigma_j}{2} \right]^{-1} (m_i - m_j) + \frac{1}{2} \ln \left[ \frac{\left| \frac{\Sigma_i + \Sigma_j}{2} \right|}{\sqrt{\|\Sigma_i\| \|\Sigma_j\|}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow JM = J_{ij} = 2(1 - e^{-BD})$$

# SAR Feature Selection

F. ID	Pol.	Feature Description	Seperability Measure $d_1$	Analysis Bias
0	HH	Sigma nought	0.03985	-0.02602
1		Lee Filtered Image	0.04259	-0.02595
2		Mean	0.04298	-0.02588
3		Variance	0.00903	-0.02634
4		Homogeneity	0.00151	-0.02663
5		Contrast	0.03068	-0.02573
6		Dissimilarity	0.01053	-0.02608
7		Entropy	0.02460	-0.02690
8		Second Moment	0.03213	-0.02710
9		Correlation	0.00062	-0.02685
10		Data Range	0.00017	-0.02640
11		Mean Euclidean Dist.	0.07743	-0.02797
12	HV	Sigma nought	0.18698	-0.02693
13		Lee Filtered Image	0.28383	-0.02720
14		Mean	0.15418	-0.02738
15		Variance	0.06867	-0.02651
16		Homogeneity	0.27563	-0.02782
17		Contrast	0.15037	-0.02682
18		Dissimilarity	0.26211	-0.02740
19		Entropy	0.39735	-0.02755
20		Second Moment	0.26033	-0.02734
21		Correlation	0.03721	-0.02683
22		Data Range	0.32366	-0.02661
23		Mean Euclidean Dis.	0.17128	-0.02662
24	-	HH/HV	0.02290	-0.02632
25	-	HH-HV	0.05640	-0.02584
26	HH	Sigma nought Pow.	0.04772	-0.02572
27	HV	Sigma nought Pow.	0.13750	-0.02665
28	HH	Sigma nought Pow. dB	0.02122	-0.02629
29	HV	Sigma nought Pow. dB	0.00616	0.34266

► Analysis Bias as a selection criteria



Best SAR feature combination selection

► Top-Down & Bottom-Up Strategies

► Feature Selection for Incidence Angle Intervals

# Feature Selection for Incidence Angle Intervals

Incidence Angle Intervals	F ID	Selected SAR Feature
$19^\circ \leq \alpha < 28^\circ$	2	HH Mean
$28^\circ \leq \alpha < 35^\circ$	22	HV Data range
$35^\circ \leq \alpha < 42^\circ$	7	HH Entropy
$42^\circ \leq \alpha$	8	HH Second Moment

Dataset	Background Bias	Analysis Bias
r2_20090226_215200	-0.07439	-0.0738
r2_20090301_220402	-0.03076	-0.0179
r2_20090301_220517	-0.1185	-0.1154
r2_20090305_102559	-0.0764	-0.0663
r2_20090305_102713	-0.1274	-0.1072
r2_20100201_101317	-0.1029	-0.0990
r2_20100201_101431	-0.0306	-0.0303
r2_20100204_102550	-0.2261	-0.2230
r2_20100208_100900	0.05917	0.05681
r2_20100208_101015	-0.0127	-0.0109
r2_20100214_103447	0.1549	0.1367
r2_20100221_103028	0.1471	0.1247
r2_20100221_103142	0.0439	0.04387



# Acknowledgements

- Canadian Ice Service (CIS)



# **Sea Ice Concentration Retrievals by Using Composite ScanSAR Features in a SAR Data Assimilation Process**



**Thank you for your attention!**

**Gokhan.Kasapoglu@uit.no**